

Summary Plan Description
UnitedHealthcare
High Deductible Plan
for
the State Health Benefit Plan

Group Number: 702030
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Table of Contents

Introduction.....	6
How to Use this Document.....	6
Information about Defined Terms	6
Fraud and Abuse.....	7
Your Contribution to the Benefit Costs.....	7
Customer Service and Claims Submittal	7
 Section 1: What's Covered—Benefits	 9
Accessing Benefits	9
Coinsurance	10
Eligible Expenses.....	10
Notification Requirements	10
Payment Information	13
Annual Deductible.....	13
Out-of-Pocket Maximum	14
Lifetime Maximum Benefit	15
Benefit Information.....	16
1. Ambulance Services - Emergency only	16
2. Bariatric Surgery.....	17
3. Dental Services and Oral Care Surgery	18
4. Durable Medical Equipment.....	22
5. Emergency Health Services.....	24
6. Eye Examinations.....	24
7. Hearing Services	25

8. Home Health Care.....	26
9. Hospice Care	28
10. Hospital - Inpatient Stay	29
11. Infertility Services	30
12. Injections.....	30
13. Maternity (Physician Services for prenatal, delivery and postpartum).....	31
14. Mental Health Services	33
15. Nutritional Counseling.....	35
16. Ostomy and Urinary Catheter Supplies.....	36
17. Outpatient Surgery, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Services	36
18. Physician's Office Services	38
19. Professional Fees for Surgical and Medical Services	39
20. Prosthetic Devices	40
21. Reconstructive Procedures.....	42
22. Rehabilitation Services - Outpatient Therapy	44
23. Skilled Nursing Facility	45
24. Spinal Treatment, Chiropractic and Osteopathic Manipulative Therapy.....	45
25. Substance Use Disorder Services	46
26. Transplantation Services.....	49
27. Urgent Care Center Services	52
28. Wigs	52

Section 2: What's Not Covered--Exclusions ...	53
How We Use Headings in this Section.....	53
We Do Not Pay Benefits for Exclusions	53
A. Alternative Treatments	53

B. Comfort or Convenience.....	53
C. Dental.....	54
D. Drugs	54
E. Experimental, Investigational or Unproven Services.....	55
F. Foot Care.....	55
G. Medical Supplies and Appliances.....	55
H. Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder.....	56
I. Nutrition.....	58
J. Physical Appearance	58
K. Providers.....	58
L. Reproduction.....	59
M. Services Provided under Another Plan.....	59
N. Transplants.....	59
O. Travel.....	59
P. Vision and Hearing.....	60
Q. All Other Exclusions	60

Section 3: Description of Network and Non-Network Benefits 62

Network Benefits.....	62
Non-Network Benefits	64
Emergency Health Services.....	65

Section 4: When Coverage Begins..... 67

How to Enroll.....	67
If You Are Hospitalized When Your Coverage Begins	67
Who is Eligible for Coverage.....	68

Eligible Person.....	68
Dependent.....	69
When to Enroll and When Coverage Begins.....	74
DCH Surcharge Policy	74
Enrollment Periods.....	75
Plan Options	76
Enrolling A Newly Eligible Dependent.....	77
When Coverage Begins	78
Adding Dependents.....	79
Qualifying Events that Allow Coverage Changes for Active Members.....	81
General Information about When Coverage Ends.....	88
Qualified Medical Child Support Orders (QMCSO).....	88
Events Ending Your Coverage	89
Coverage for a Disabled Child.....	93
How to Request a Change	93

Section 5: Provisions for Eligible Retirees & Considerations for Members Near Retirement 94

Plan Membership	94
Near Retirement.....	94
Eligibility.....	94
Applying for Coverage Continuation.....	95
When Coverage Begins	95
When Coverage Ends:.....	95
Continuing Dependent Coverage at Your Death	96
Making Changes to Your Retiree Coverage.....	96

Dropping Your Retiree Coverage	96
Qualifying Events	97
Changes Permitted Without A Qualifying Event	100
Retiree Option Change Period	100
If You Return to Active Service	100
Medicare Coordination of Benefits for Open Access Plan (OAP), Health Reimbursement Account (HRA), High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) and Health Maintenance Organization (HMO)	101
Frequently asked Medicare Questions	101

Section 6: How to File a Claim.....104

If You Receive Covered Health Services from a Contracted provider	104
Filing a Claim for Benefits*	104
Urgent Claims that Require Immediate Action	106

Section 7: Questions, Complaints and Appeals108

What to Do First.....	108
How to Appeal a Claim Decision.....	108
Appeal Process – How to Appeal an Eligibility Decision	109
Appeals Determinations	109
Urgent Claim Appeals that Require Immediate Action	110
Voluntary External Review Program	110

Section 8: Coordination of Benefits..... 111

Filing a Claim When Coordination of Benefits (COB) applies	111
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How COB Works	111
How to Tell Which Plan is Primary	112
If You Have Dual Plan Coverage.....	113
Other Forms of Duplicated Benefits	113

Section 9: Continuation of Coverage under COBRA114

When Coverage may be Continued.....	114
Unpaid Leaves of Absence	114
Continuing Coverage During Approved Disability Leave.....	115
Continuing Coverage Under Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA).....	115
Continuing Coverage During Military Leave	116
If You Leave Your Job.....	116
In the Event of an Active Employee's Death.....	117
Continuation of Coverage	117
Continuation Coverage under Federal Law (COBRA)	117
Qualifying Events for Continuation Coverage under Federal Law (COBRA)	118
Notification Requirements and Election Period for Continuation Coverage under Federal Law (COBRA)	118
Terminating Events for Continuation Coverage under Federal Law (COBRA)	119

Section 10: General Legal Provisions121

Plan Document	121
Relationship with Providers	121
Your Relationship with Providers	121

Incentives to You.....	122
Interpretation of Benefits	122
Administrative Services.....	122
Clerical Error.....	122
Information and Records	122
Examination of Covered Persons	123
Workers' Compensation not Affected.....	123
Subrogation and Reimbursement.....	123
Refund of Overpayments	124
Limitation of Action.....	124

Section 11: Your Rights and Responsibilities 125

Employee Rights and Responsibilities.....	125
Retiree Rights and Responsibilities	127

Section 12: Department of Community Health Privacy Notice129

Section 13: Glossary of Defined Terms131

Riders, Amendments, Notices140

Outpatient Prescription Drug Rider142

Introduction.....143

Benefits for Outpatient Prescription Drug Products	143
Coverage Policies and Guidelines	143

Identification Card (ID Card) - Network Pharmacy	144
Designated Pharmacies	144
Limitation on Selection of Pharmacies	144
Member Rights and Responsibilities	145
UnitedHealthcare Disclaimer	145

Section 1: What's Covered--Prescription Drug Benefits..... 146

Benefits for Outpatient Prescription Drug Products	146
When a Brand-name Drug Becomes Available as a Generic	146
Supply Limits	146
Notification (also known as Prior Authorization or Coverage Review) Requirements.....	147
Progression Rx Program Requirements.....	148
Clinical Appeal Process	148
Coordination of Benefits (COB)	150
What You Must Pay.....	150

Section 2: What's Not Covered--Exclusions . 154

Section 3: Glossary of Defined Terms 156

Section 4: Frequently Asked Questions 158

What is a Prescription Drug List (PDL)?	158
Understanding Tiers	158
What factors are looked at when making tier placement decisions and who decides which medications get placed in which tier?	159

How often will prescription medications change tiers?	159
Why is the medication that I am currently taking no longer covered?	160
When should I consider discussing over-the-counter or non-prescription medications with my doctor?	160
What is a maintenance medication program?	160
What maintenance medications are included in the maintenance medication program?	160
What are the Supply Limit (SL) programs?	161
How do the Supply Limit (SL) programs work?	161
What is the Notification program?	161
How does the Notification program work?	161
What should I do if I use a self-administered injectable medication?	162
How do I obtain a supply of my medications before I go on vacation?	162
How do I access updated information about my pharmacy benefit?	162
What if I still have questions?	162

Attachment I.....163

Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998	163
Statement of Rights under the Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act	163

Introduction

This booklet is your Summary Plan Description (SPD) and describes the provisions of your State Health Benefit Plan (SHBP), which is also referred to in this booklet as the “Plan.” Use this SPD as a reference tool to help you understand the Plan and maximize your coverage.

The SHBP is a self insured Plan, which is governed by the regulations of the Department of Community Health (DCH) Board, Chapter 111-4-1 Health Benefit Plan. If there are discrepancies between the information in this SPD and DCH Board regulations or the laws of the state of Georgia, those regulations and laws will govern at all times.

This booklet is notice to all members of the SHBP’s eligibility requirements and benefits payable for services provided on or after January 1, 2010, unless otherwise noted. Any and all statements to Members or to Providers about eligibility, payment or levels of payment that were made before January 1, 2010 are canceled if they conflict in any way with the provisions described in this booklet.

The SHBP reserves the right to act as sole interpreter of all the terms and conditions of the Plan, including this booklet and the separate medical policy guidelines that serve as supplement to this booklet to more fully define eligible charges.

The SHBP also reserves the right to modify its benefits, level of benefit coverage and eligibility/participation requirements at any time, subject only to reasonable notification to Members. When such a change is made, it will apply as of the modification’s effective

date to any and all charges incurred by Members on that day and after, unless otherwise specified by the DCH.

How to Use this Document

We encourage you to read your SPD and any attached Riders and/or Amendments carefully.

We especially encourage you to review the Benefit limitations of this SPD by reading Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits and Section 2: What's Not Covered--Exclusions. You should also carefully read Section 10: General Legal Provisions to better understand how this SPD and your Benefits work. You should call UnitedHealthcare if you have questions about the limits of the coverage available to you.

Many of the sections of the SPD are related to other sections of the document. You may not have all of the information you need by reading just one section. We also encourage you to keep your SPD and any attachments in a safe place for your future reference.

Please be aware that your Physician does not have a copy of your SPD and is not responsible for knowing or communicating your Benefits.

Information about Defined Terms

Because this SPD is a legal document, we want to give you information about the document that will help you understand it. Certain capitalized words have special meanings. We have defined these words in Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms. You can refer to Section 11 as you read this document to have a clearer understanding of your SPD.

When we use the words "we", "us", and "our" in this document, we are referring to SHBP. When we use the words "you" and "your" we are referring to people who are Covered Persons as the term is defined in Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms.

Fraud and Abuse

Please notify the Plan of any fraudulent activity regarding Plan members, providers, payment of benefits, etc. Call 1-866-242-7727.

Your Contribution to the Benefit Costs

The Plan may require the Member to contribute to the cost of coverage. Contact your benefits representative for information about any part of this cost you may be responsible for paying.

Customer Service and Claims Submittal

Please make note of the following information that contains UnitedHealthcare department names and telephone numbers.

Customer Service Representative (i.e. questions regarding Coverage or procedures): 1-877-246-4189, as shown on your ID card.

Prior Notification/Care Coordination: 1-800-955-7975

For detailed explanation on Prior Notification please see page 5.

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Services:
1-877-246-4189

Pharmacy Questions: 1-877-246-4189

Plan's Eligibility Unit: 1-404-656-6322, Atlanta

1-800-610-1863, toll-free outside Atlanta

Monday - Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Membership Correspondence for non-claim/eligibility issues:

State Health Benefit Plan

Membership Correspondence Unit

P.O. Box 38342, Atlanta, GA 30334

Note: For forms and procedures related to these appeals go to www.dch.georgia.gov/shbp.

Claims Submittal Address:

UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company
Attn: Claims
PO Box 740806
Atlanta, Georgia 30374-0806

Written appeals and inquiries related to the Prescription Drug Program should be directed to:

State of Georgia - State Health Benefit Plan Members
10200 Old Columbia Road, Suite M/N
Columbia, MD 21045
Attn: GDCH-SHBP

Requests for Review of Denied Claims/Appeals and Notice of Complaints:

UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company
PO Box 30994
Salt Lake City, Utah 84130-0432

Note: SHBP reserves the right to request medical records and any other supporting documentation for medical and pharmacy claims submitted.

Section 1: What's Covered—Benefits

The purpose of the State Health Benefit Plan is to pay most of the costs of the medically necessary care and treatment of illness and accidental injury for covered Plan Members.

This section provides you with information about:

- Accessing Benefits.
- Coinsurance and Eligible Expenses.
- Annual Deductible, Out-of-Pocket Maximum and Maximum Plan Benefit.
- Covered Health Services. We pay Benefits for the Covered Health Services described in this section unless they are listed as not covered in Section 2: What's Not Covered--Exclusions.
- Covered Health Services that require you notify UnitedHealthcare is your responsibility. You are required to obtain the necessary prior notification or prior approval for Non-Network inpatient admissions and certain covered services under the Plan. You should contact member Services regarding notification requirements and verification of covered services.

Accessing Benefits

You can choose to receive either Network Benefits or Non-Network Benefits. To obtain Network Benefits you must see a Network Physician or other Contracted provider. The Plan reimburses up to the Plan's allowed amounts. Note: Non-Covered Health Services are not eligible for reimbursement, regardless if the provider is Network or Non-Network.

You must show your identification card (ID card) every time you request health care services. If you do not show your ID card, providers have no way of knowing that you are enrolled under the Plan.

Benefits are available only if all of the following are true:

- Covered Health Services are received while the Plan is in effect.
- Covered Health Services are received prior to the date that any of the individual termination conditions listed in Section 9: Continuation of Coverage under COBRA occurs.
- The person who receives Covered Health Services is a Covered Person and meets all eligibility requirements specified in the Plan.

Depending on the geographic area and the service you receive, you may have access through UnitedHealthcare's Shared Savings Program to non-Contracted providers who have agreed to discount their charges for Covered Health Services. If you receive Covered Health Services from these providers, and if your Coinsurance is expressed as a percentage of Eligible Expenses for Non-Network Benefits, that percentage will remain the same as it is when you receive Covered Health Services from non-Contracted providers

who have not agreed to discount their charges; however, the total that you owe may be less when you receive Covered Health Services from Shared Savings Program providers than from other non-Contracted providers, because the Eligible Expenses may be a lesser amount.

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the amount you pay each time you receive certain Covered Health Services. For a complete definition of Coinsurance, see Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms. Coinsurance amounts are listed on the following pages next to the description for each Covered Health Service. Please note that when Coinsurance is calculated as a percentage (rather than as a set dollar amount) the percentage is based on Eligible Expenses.

Eligible Expenses

Eligible Expenses for Covered Health Services, incurred while the Plan is in effect, are determined by SHBP or by UnitedHealthcare. In almost all cases our designee is UnitedHealthcare. For a complete definition of Eligible Expenses that describes how payment is determined, see Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms.

We have delegated to UnitedHealthcare the discretion and authority to determine on our behalf whether a treatment or supply is a Covered Health Service and how the Eligible Expense will be determined and otherwise covered under the Plan.

When you receive Covered Health Services from Network providers, you are not responsible for any difference between the Eligible Expenses and the amount the provider bills. When you receive Covered Health Services from non-Network providers, you are responsible for paying, directly to the non-Network provider, any difference between the amount the provider bills you and the amount we will pay for Eligible Expenses.

The SHBP does not have the legal authority to intervene when non-Contracted providers balance bill you. As a result, the SHBP cannot reduce or eliminate amounts balance billed. The SHBP cannot make additional payments above the allowed amounts when you are balance billed by non-Contracted providers.

Notification Requirements

Prior notification is required before you receive certain Covered Health Services. In general, Network providers are responsible for notifying UnitedHealthcare before they provide these services to you. There are some Network Benefits, however, for which you are responsible for notifying UnitedHealthcare.

When you choose to receive certain Covered Health Services from non-Network providers, you are responsible for notifying UnitedHealthcare before you receive these Covered Health Services.

Services for which you must provide prior notification appear in this section under the *Must You Notify UnitedHealthcare?* column in the table labeled *Benefit Information*.

To notify Care Coordination call 1-800-955-7976 or the telephone number on your ID card.

When you choose to receive services from non-Network providers, we urge you to confirm with UnitedHealthcare that the services you plan to receive are Covered Health Services, even if not indicated in the *Must You Notify UnitedHealthcare?* column. That's because in some instances, certain procedures may not meet the definition of a Covered Health Service and therefore are excluded. In other instances, the same procedure may meet the definition of Covered Health Services. By calling before you receive treatment, you can

check to see if the service is subject to limitations or exclusions such as:

- The Cosmetic Procedures exclusion. Examples of procedures that may or may not be considered Cosmetic include: breast reduction and reconstruction (except for after cancer surgery when it is always considered a Covered Health Service); vein stripping, ligation and sclerotherapy, and upper lid blepharoplasty.
- The Experimental, Investigational or Unproven Services exclusion.
- Any other limitation or exclusion of the Plan.

Special Note Regarding Medicare

Prior Notification is required for transplant services, Skilled Nursing admissions and home intravenous medication therapy, even if Medicare is primary, and for expenses that Medicare does not cover. You should call Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Administrator whenever you need mental health and substance abuse care, even if you have primary coverage through Medicare or a health plan other than SHBP.

Call Care Coordination at 1-800-955-7976 for Prior Notification on the following services:

- Bariatric Services
- Dental Services/ Oral Care Surgery
- Durable Medical Equipment over \$1,000
- Home Health Care
- Hospice
- Hospital – Inpatient Stay
- Maternity Care more than time frame allowed
- Mental Health Substance Use Disorder treatment
- Non-Network Services **
- Prosthetic Devices
- Reconstructive Procedures
- Transplantation Services

****Any Covered Non-Network Services on the above list requires Prior Notification by the Member**

A Non-Notification penalty of 50% of Eligible Expenses will apply to Covered Non-Network Services listed above and is the Member's Responsibility. For example, if billed charges are \$150 and eligible expenses are \$130, the 50% penalty will apply to the \$130. The amount reimbursed at the 60% will be \$65. The balance billed amount of \$20, penalty of \$65, and 40% (\$26) which is member's co-insurance amount will be the Member's Responsibility. A Non-Notification penalty does not apply to the Out-of-Pocket maximum.

DISCLAIMER: The listing above requires that Care Coordination be notified. Members must notify Care Coordination for Non-Network services. This list may not be all inclusive. Read your SPD carefully regarding Covered Services. If you are in doubt about whether a service is covered and requires Notification, please call Customer Service at 1-877-246-4189. It is your responsibility to notify UHC of certain services. Non-Notification could result in reduction in payment or non-payment. Notification does not guarantee eligibility or payment.

Payment Information

Payment Term	Description	Amounts
Annual Deductible	<p>The amount you pay for Covered Health Services before you are eligible to receive Benefits. For a complete definition of Annual Deductible, see Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms. The actual amount that is applied to the Annual Deductible is calculated on the basis of Eligible Expenses. The Annual Deductible does not include any amount that exceeds Eligible Expenses. For a complete definition of Eligible Expenses, see Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms.</p> <p>Note: The Employee, Employee + Child(ren), Employee + Spouse, or Employee + Child(ren) + Spouse/Family deductible must be satisfied before eligible benefits are paid</p>	Active:
		<u>Network</u>
		Plan Level Employee Deductible-\$1,200
		Plan Level Employee & Child(ren) or Employee & Spouse-2,400*
		Plan Level Employee, Child(ren) & Spouse Deductible-\$2,400*
		<u>Non-Network</u>
		Plan Level Employee Deductible-\$2,400
		Plan Level Employee & Child(ren) or Employee & Spouse-\$4,800*
		Plan Level Employee, Child(ren) & Spouse Deductible-\$4,800*
		Retiree:
<u>Network</u>		
Plan Level Single Deductible-\$1,200		
Plan Level Family Deductible-\$2,400*		
<u>Non-Network</u>		
Plan Level Single Deductible-\$2,400		
Plan Level Family Deductible-\$4,800*		
<p>*The family deductible amount must be met before eligible benefits are paid for any one family member. If applicable, any one family member can have more than the employee/single deductible applied. The deductible may be satisfied cumulatively.</p> <p>The Annual Deductible applies to all Covered Health Services provided under the Plan, including Network Covered Health Services provided under the Prescription Drug Plan.</p> <p>Medical and RX deductibles and out-of-pockets are combined.</p>		

Payment Term	Description	Amounts
Out-of-Pocket Maximum	The maximum you pay for Covered Health Services, out of your pocket, in a Plan year for Coinsurance. For a complete definition of Out-of-Pocket Maximum, see Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms.	Active:
		<u>Network</u>
		Plan Level Employee Out-of-Pocket-\$1,800
		Plan Level Employee & Child(ren) or Employee & Spouse-\$3,100
		Plan Level Employee, Child(ren) & Spouse Out-of-Pocket-\$3,100
		<u>Non-Network</u>
		Plan Level Employee Out-of-Pocket-\$4,000
		Plan Level Employee & Child(ren) or Employee & Spouse-\$7,400
		Plan Level Employee, Child(ren) & Spouse Out-of-Pocket-\$7,400
	The Out-of-Pocket Maximum applies to all Covered Health Services provided under the Plan, including the Network Covered Health Services provided under the Prescription Drug Plan.	Retiree:
		<u>Network</u>
		Plan Level Single Out-of-Pocket-\$1,800
		Plan Level Family Out-of-Pocket-\$3,100
		<u>Non-Network</u>
		Plan Level Single Out-of-Pocket-\$4,000
		Plan Level Family Out-of-Pocket-\$7,400
	Note: The Employee, Employee + Child(ren), Employee + Spouse or Employee + Child(ren) + Spouse/Family out-of-pocket must be satisfied for claims to be reimbursed at 100% of eligible expenses.	
		The Family out-of-pocket limit must be satisfied before any one family member(s) claims are reimbursed at 100% of eligible expenses. If applicable, any one family member can have more than the employee/ single out-of-pocket applied.
		Medical and RX deductibles and out-of-pockets are combined.

Payment Term	Description	Amounts
Lifetime Maximum Benefit	The maximum amount we will pay for Covered Health Services during the entire period of time you are enrolled under The State Health Benefit Plan (SHBP). For a complete definition of Lifetime Maximum Benefit, see Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms.	<u>Network and Non-Network</u> \$2,000,000 per Covered Person (combined for all SHBP options)

Benefit Information

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
1. Ambulance Services - Emergency only				
Emergency ambulance transportation by a licensed ambulance service to the nearest Hospital where Emergency Health Services can be performed.	<u>Network</u> No	<i>Ground Transportation:</i> 10%	Yes	Yes
Non-emergency transportation ground or air transportation of covered member to or from a medical facility, Physician's office, or patient's home is excluded, unless approved by Care Coordination.		<i>Air Transportation:</i> 10%		
NOTE: Emergency, life threatening, medically necessary ambulance transportation is available to the CLOSEST facility able to treat the condition, even if you are out of the country. If you are traveling outside the U.S. and wish to be transported back into the U.S. for treatment, you may want to consider purchasing travel insurance. If the destination is not the closest facility able to treat the condition, the SHBP will not assume financial responsibility for the additional transportation charges.	<u>Non-Network</u> No	Same as Network	Same as Network	Same as Network

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount % Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
2. Bariatric Surgery				
Notification Required	<u>Network</u>			
Please notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination at 1-800-955-7976, to enroll for Bariatric surgery through the Bariatric Resource Services (BRS) Program and to obtain a list of participating Designated Bariatric Centers for Excellence prior to receiving any services. If you do not notify the BRS program and obtain prior approval, no Benefits will be paid. Services not approved through BRS program and not performed at a Designated Bariatric Centers of Excellence will not be covered.	Yes	10%	Yes	Yes
	Notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination			
	<u>Non-Network</u>			
Note: Coverage of Bariatric Surgery is available for eligible State Health Benefit Plan members with Primary SHBP coverage under the HRA and HDHP plan options only and is limited to ONE bariatric surgical procedure and course of treatment per lifetime. This lifetime limit also applies to any member who has undergone bariatric surgery in the past while covered under a previously offered SHBP option.	N/A	There Are No Benefits Available For Non-Network Designated Bariatric Centers of Excellence		

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
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3. Dental Services and Oral Care Surgery

Notify UnitedHealthcare

Please notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination for Dental and Oral Care Services. For Non-Network benefits you must notify Care Coordination for Dental and Oral Care as soon as possible, but at least five business days before follow-up (post-Emergency) treatment begins or benefits will be reduced by 50% and you will be responsible for the difference; however the reduction in Benefits will not exceed Eligible Expenses for the Covered Health . This 50% reduction will not apply to your Out-of-Pocket Maximum. (You do not have to provide notification before the initial Emergency treatment.)

A. Accident only

Dental services are covered for accidents only when all of the following are true:

- Treatment is necessary because of accidental damage.
 - Dental services are received from a Doctor of Dental Surgery, "D.D.S." or Doctor of Medical Dentistry, "D.M.D.".
 - The dental damage is severe enough that initial contact with a Physician or dentist occurred within 72 hours of the accident.
- (Benefit information continued on next page)

<u>Network</u>				
Yes	10%	Yes	Yes	
<u>Non-Network</u>				
Yes	40%	Yes	Yes	

**Description of
Covered Health Service**

**Notification
Required?**

**Your
Coinsurance
Amount**
% Coinsurance
amounts are based on a
percent of Eligible
Expenses

**Does
Coinsurance
Help Meet
Out-of-Pocket
Maximum?**

**Do You Need
to Meet Annual
Deductible?**

Benefits are available only for treatment of a sound, natural tooth. The Physician or dentist must certify that the injured tooth was:

- A sound and natural or unrestored tooth, or
- A tooth that has no decay, no filling on more than two surfaces, no gum disease associated with bone loss, no root canal therapy, is not a dental implant and functions normally in chewing and speech.

Dental services for final treatment to repair the damage must be both of the following:

- Started within three months of the accident.
- Completed within 36 months of the accident.

Please note that dental damage that occurs as a result of normal activities of daily living or extraordinary use of the teeth is not considered an "accident". Benefits are not available for repairs to teeth that are injured as a result of such activities.

(Benefit information continued on next page)

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<i>B. Oral Care</i>				
The Plan will consider coverage only for:	<u>Network</u>			
	Yes	10%	Yes	Yes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reconstructive surgical procedures (including dental implants) for the prompt repair of sound, natural teeth or tissue that were damaged as a result of chemotherapy or radiation treatment and prior approved by Care Coordination, Surgery to treat lesions of the mouth, lip or tongue, if the lesion requires a pathological examination, Surgery (frenulectomy) for treatment of a child's speech impairment, when medically indicated, Surgery of accessory sinuses, salivary glands or ducts, - surgery to repair cleft palates, Orthognathic surgery to correct obstructive sleep apnea and for dependents age 19 and under born with specific craniofacial syndromes, and as determined by Care Coordination policies, Institutional and anesthesia charges associated with a non-covered dental care normally performed in a dental office, but due to the patient's medical condition, care in a Hospital setting is warranted, as required under State Law. 	<u>Non-Network</u>			
	Yes	40%	Yes	Yes
Repairs that are not performed promptly (as defined) will be denied unless a compelling medical reason exists. X-Rays and other documentation may be required to determine benefit coverage.				
(Benefit information continued on next page)				

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<i>C. Temporomandibular Joint Dysfunction (TMJ)</i>				
Covered Health Services for diagnostic and surgical treatment of conditions affecting the temporomandibular joint when provided by or under the direction of a Physician. Benefits include necessary diagnostic or surgical treatment required as a result of accident, trauma, congenital defect, developmental defect, or pathology.	<u>Network</u> Yes	10%	Yes	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u> Yes	40%	Yes	Yes
Benefits are not available for charges or services that are dental in nature.				
Diagnostic testing or non-surgical therapy for TMJ dysfunction, subject to a lifetime benefit limit of \$1,100 (x-rays not subject to maximum limit). Occlusal orthotic (splints) appliances to treat TMJ dysfunction, subject to a lifetime benefit limit of \$500.				

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
4. Durable Medical Equipment				
Notification Required	<u>Network</u> No	10%	Yes	Yes
Please remember to notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination before obtaining any single item of Durable Medical Equipment that costs more than \$1,000 (either purchase price or cumulative rental of a single item).	<u>Non-Network</u> Yes, for items more than \$1,000.	40%	Yes	Yes
For Non-Network Benefits you must notify Care Coordination before obtaining any single item of DME that cost more than \$1,000 (either purchase price or cumulative rental of a single item) or benefits will be reduced by 50% and you will be responsible for the difference; however the reduction in Benefits will not exceed Eligible Expenses for the Covered Health Service. This 50% reduction will not apply to your Out-of-Pocket Maximum.	Notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination for items more than \$1,000			
Durable Medical Equipment that meets each of the following criteria:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ordered or provided by a Physician for outpatient use. • Manufactured and used for medical purposes. • Not consumable or disposable, except urinary catheters and ostomy supplies. • Disposable items that are considered an integral part of covered DME • Not of use to a person in the absence of a disease or disability. 				
(Benefit information continued on next page)				

**Description of
Covered Health Service**

**Notification
Required?**

**Your
Coinsurance
Amount**
% Coinsurance
amounts are based on a
percent of Eligible
Expenses

**Does
Coinsurance
Help Meet
Out-of-Pocket
Maximum?**

**Do You Need
to Meet Annual
Deductible?**

If more than one piece of Durable Medical Equipment can meet your functional needs, Benefits are available only for the most cost-effective piece of equipment.

Examples of Durable Medical Equipment include:

- Equipment to assist mobility, such as a wheelchair or scooter.
 - A standard Hospital-type bed.
 - Oxygen and the rental of equipment to administer oxygen (including tubing, connectors and masks).
 - Delivery pumps for tube feedings (including tubing and connectors).
 - Compression stockings (limit two per Plan year).
 - Braces, including necessary adjustments to shoes to accommodate braces. Braces that stabilize an injured body part and braces to treat curvature of the spine are considered Durable Medical Equipment and are a Covered Health Service. Braces that straighten or change the shape of a body part are orthotic devices, and are excluded from coverage. Dental braces are also excluded from coverage.
 - Mechanical equipment necessary for the treatment of chronic or acute respiratory failure (except that air-conditioners, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, air purifiers and filters, and personal comfort items are excluded from coverage).
- (Benefit information continued on next page)

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount % Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<p>UnitedHealthcare will decide if the equipment should be purchased or rented. For maximum benefit, you may purchase or rent Durable Medical Equipment from a UnitedHealthcare vendor.</p>				
5. Emergency Health Services Services that are required to stabilize or initiate treatment in an Emergency and are received on an outpatient basis at a Hospital or Alternate Facility. If admitted, refer to Hospital – Inpatient Stay. You will find more information about Benefits for Emergency Health Services in Section 3: Description of Network and Non-Network Benefits.	<u>Network</u>			
	No	10%	Yes	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u>			
	No	Same as Network	Same as Network	Same as Network
6. Eye Examinations A. Medical Eye examinations received from a health care provider, for diagnosis and treatment of eye condition.	<u>Network</u>			
	No	10%	Yes	Yes
Note: We will cover eyeglasses or contact lenses (first pair only) within 12 months of cataract surgery. Refer to DME benefits for eye hardware coverage	<u>Non-Network</u>			
	No	40%	Yes	Yes

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<i>B. Routine</i>				
Benefits include one routine vision exam, including refraction, to detect vision impairment by a Contracted provider, limited to one every 24 months. Routine eye exams are not subject to the deductible.	<u>Network</u> No	0%	No	No
Vision Discount program available through United Health Wellness 1-800-860-8773.	<u>Non-Network</u>			
Non-network routine eye exams are not covered.				
7. Hearing Services				
Hearing examinations, tests and fittings received from a health care provider.	<u>Network</u> No	Hearing Exams, tests & fittings: 10%	Yes	Yes
Hearing aids are limited to \$1,500 every 5 years. Amount exceeding \$1,500 is member responsibility and does not apply to the out-of-pocket maximum.		Hearing Aids: 0%	No	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u> No	Hearing Exams, tests & fittings: 10%	Yes	Yes
		Hearing Aids: 0%	No	Yes

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
8. Home Health Care				
<p>Notification Required</p> <p>Please remember to notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination for Home Health Care Services.</p>	<u>Network</u>			
	No	10%	Yes	Yes
<p>For Non-Network benefits you must notify Care Coordination at least five business days before receiving Home Health Care Services or benefits will be reduced by 50% and you will be responsible for the difference; however the reduction in Benefits will not exceed Eligible Expenses for the Covered Health . This 50% reduction will not apply to your Out-of-Pocket Maximum.</p>	<u>Non-Network</u>			
	Yes	40%	Yes	Yes
<p>Services received from a Home Health Agency that are both of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ordered by a Physician. • Provided by or supervised by a registered nurse in your home. <p>Benefits are available only when the Home Health Agency services are provided on a part-time, intermittent schedule and when skilled care is required.</p> <p>(Benefit information continued on next page)</p>	<p>Notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination</p>			

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<p>Skilled care is skilled nursing, skilled teaching, and skilled rehabilitation services when all of the following are true:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It must be delivered or supervised by licensed technical or professional medical personnel in order to obtain the specified medical outcome, and provide for the safety of the patient. • It is ordered by a Physician. • It is not delivered for the purpose of assisting with activities of daily living, including but not limited to dressing, feeding, bathing or transferring from a bed to a chair. • It requires clinical training in order to be delivered safely and effectively. • It is not Custodial Care. <p>UnitedHealthcare will decide if skilled care is required by reviewing both the skilled nature of the service and the need for Physician-directed medical management. A service will not be determined to be "skilled" simply because there is not an available caregiver. One visit equals up to four hours of skilled care services.</p>				

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
9. Hospice Care				
<p>Notification Required</p> <p>Please notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination for Hospice Care.</p> <p>For Non-Network Benefits you must notify Care Coordination within one business day or on the same day of admission if reasonably possible. If you don't notify UnitedHealthcare, Benefits will be reduced by 50% and you will be responsible for the difference; however the reduction in Benefits will not exceed Eligible Expenses for the Covered Health Service. This 50% reduction will not apply to your Out-of-Pocket Maximum.</p> <p>Hospice care that is recommended by a Physician. Hospice care is an integrated program that provides comfort and support services for the terminally ill. Hospice care includes physical, psychological, social and spiritual care for the terminally ill person, and short-term grief counseling for immediate family members. Benefits are available when hospice care is received from a licensed hospice agency.</p> <p>Please contact UnitedHealthcare for more information regarding guidelines for hospice care. You can contact UnitedHealthcare at the telephone number on your ID card.</p>	<p><u>Network</u></p> <p>No</p>	10%	Yes	Yes
	<p><u>Non-Network</u></p> <p>Yes</p> <p>Notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination</p>	40%	Yes	Yes

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
10. Hospital - Inpatient Stay Notification Required Please notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination for Inpatient Hospital Stay. For Non-Network Benefits you must notify Care Coordination as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For elective admissions: five business days before admission. For non-elective admissions: within one business day or the same day of admission. For Emergency admissions: within one business day or the same day of admission, or as soon as is reasonably possible. If you don't notify Care Coordination for Non-Network notification requirements above, Benefits will be reduced by 50% and you will be responsible for the difference; however the reduction in Benefits will not exceed Eligible Expenses for the Covered Health Service. This 50% reduction will not apply to your Out-of-Pocket Maximum.	<u>Network</u> No	10% Wellness Newborn Care: 10%	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u> Yes	40% Wellness Newborn Care: 40%	Yes Yes	Yes Yes

(Benefit information continued on next page)

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<p>Inpatient Stay in a Hospital. Benefits are available for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supplies and non-Physician services received during the Inpatient Stay. Room and board in a Semi-private Room (a room with two or more beds). Acute Inpatient Rehabilitation. <p>Benefits for Physician services are described under <i>Professional Fees for Surgical and Medical Services</i>.</p>				
11. Infertility Services We will cover diagnostic testing to rule out a diagnosis, but once diagnosed treatment of infertility is not covered. Please also refer to Section 2: What's Not Covered—Exclusions under item L. Reproduction.	<u>Network</u> No	10%	Yes	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u> No	40%	Yes	Yes
12. Injections Benefits are available for injections received in a Physician's office when no other health service is received, for example allergy immunotherapy.	<u>Network</u> No	10%	Yes	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u> No	40%	Yes	Yes

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
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Benefits for an Inpatient Stay :

- ***According to Federally Mandated Guidelines we will pay 48** hours for the mother and newborn child following a normal vaginal delivery.
- ***According to Federally Mandated Guidelines we will pay 96** hours for the mother and newborn child following a cesarean section delivery.

If the mother agrees, the attending provider may discharge the mother and/or the newborn child earlier than these minimum time frames.

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
14. Mental Health Services				
<p>Authorization Required / Notification Required</p> <p>Please remember that you must call the Mental Health / Substance Use Disorder Designee at UnitedHealthcare and get authorization to receive these Benefits in advance of any treatment. The Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee phone number that appears on your ID card is 1-877-246-4189. Without authorization, you will be responsible for paying all charges and no Benefits will be paid.</p> <p>Mental Health Services include those received on an inpatient or Intermediate Care basis in a Hospital or Alternate Facility, and those received on an outpatient basis in a provider's office or at an Alternate Facility.</p> <p>Benefits for Mental Health Services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mental health evaluations and assessment. • Diagnosis. • Treatment planning. • Referral services. • Medication management. 	<u>Network</u> No	<u>Hospital-Inpatient Stay</u> <u>10% per Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Physician's Office Services</u> <u>10%</u>	Yes	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u> Yes You must call the Mental Health / Substance Use Disorder Designee at UnitedHealthcare to receive the Benefits.	<u>Hospital-Inpatient Stay</u> <u>40% per Inpatient Stay</u> <u>Physician's Office Services</u> <u>40%</u>	Yes	Yes
			Yes	Yes

(Benefit information continued on next page)

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inpatient services. • Partial hospitalization/day treatment. • Intensive outpatient treatment. • Individual, family and group therapeutic services. • Crisis intervention. <p>The Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee, who will authorize the services, will determine the appropriate setting for the treatment. If an Inpatient Stay is required, it is covered on a Semi-private Room basis.</p> <p>Referrals to a Mental Health provider are at the sole discretion of the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee, who is responsible for coordinating all of your care. Mental Health Services must be authorized and overseen by the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee. Contact the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee regarding Benefits for Mental Health Services.</p>				

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
15. Nutritional Counseling				
Covered Health Services provided by a registered dietician in an individual session for Covered Persons with medical conditions that require a special diet. Examples of such medical conditions include, but are not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diabetes mellitus. • Coronary artery disease. • Congestive heart failure. • Severe obstructive airway disease. • Gout. • Renal failure. • Phenylketonuria. • Hyperlipidemias. • Eating Disorders. Benefits are limited to three individual sessions during a Covered Person's lifetime for each medical condition. <p>Note: Does not require enrollment in Disease Management Program through Care Coordination.</p>	<u>Network</u>			
	No	0%	No	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u>			
	No	0%	No	Yes

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
16. Ostomy and Urinary Catheter Supplies				
Benefits for ostomy supplies include only the following:	<u>Network</u>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pouches, face plates and belts. Irrigation sleeves, bags and catheters. Skin barriers. Urinary Catheters. 	No	10%	Yes	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u>			
	No	40%	Yes	Yes
Benefits are not available for gauze, adhesive, adhesive remover, deodorant, pouch covers, or other items not listed above.				
17. Outpatient Surgery, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Services				
A. Outpatient Surgery	<u>Network</u>			
Covered Health Services for surgery and related services received on an outpatient basis at a Hospital or Alternate Facility. Benefits under this section must meet medical policy guidelines, if you are unsure please contact Care Coordination.	No	10%	Yes	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u>			
	No	40%	Yes	Yes
(Benefit information continued on next page)				

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount % Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<p>Benefits under this section include only the facility charge and the charge for supplies and equipment. Benefits for the surgeon fees related to outpatient surgery are described under <i>Professional Fees for Surgical and Medical Services</i>.</p> <p>When these services are performed in a Physician's office, Benefits are described under <i>Physician's Office Services</i>.</p>				
<i>B. Outpatient Diagnostic/Therapeutic Services</i>	<u>Network</u>			
Covered Health Services received on an outpatient basis at a Hospital or Alternate Facility including:	No	10%	Yes	Yes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lab and radiology/X-ray. • Mammography testing. • CT scans • PET scans • MRI • Nuclear Medicine 	<u>Non-Network</u>			
	No	40%	Yes	Yes
<p>When these services are performed in a Physician's office, Benefits are described under <i>Physician's Office Services</i>.</p>				

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
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18. Physician's Office Services

A. Medical Physician's Office Services

Covered Health Services for the diagnosis and treatment of a Sickness or Injury received in a Physician's office.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Office visit. X-ray/lab services, associated test and procedures. 	<u>Network</u> No	10%	Yes	Yes
	<u>Non- Network</u> No	40%	Yes	Yes

B. Wellness Care/Preventative Healthcare and Annual Gynecological Exams

Covered Health Services for preventive medical care.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Preventive medical care. Well-baby and well-child care. Routine physical examinations. Vision and hearing screenings. (See Eye Examinations earlier in this section.) Adult Immunizations. Associated tests. Well child immunizations, newborn to 18 years old. Routine Mammograms. <p>(Benefit information continued on next page)</p>	<u>Network</u> No	0%	No	No
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There Are No Benefits For Non-Network Preventive Care

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Routine colonoscopy screenings for colorectal cancer for persons 50 or older. 	<u>Network</u> No	0%	No	No
There Are No Benefits For Non-Network Preventive Care				
19. Professional Fees for Surgical and Medical Services Professional fees for surgical procedures and other medical care received in a Hospital, Skilled Nursing Facility, Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility or Alternate Facility, or for Physician house calls. When these services are performed in a Physician's office, Benefits are described under <i>Physician's Office Services</i> .	<u>Network</u> No	10%	Yes	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u> No	40%	Yes	Yes

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
20. Prosthetic Devices				
Notification Required Please remember to Notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination for Prosthetic Devices.	<u>Network</u> No	10%	Yes	Yes
For Non-Network Benefits you must notify Care Coordination five business days before receiving a Prosthetic Device or benefits will be reduced by 50% and you will be responsible for the difference; however the reduction in Benefits will not exceed Eligible Expenses for the Covered Health Service. This 50% reduction will not apply to your Out-of-Pocket Maximum.	<u>Non-Network</u> Yes	40%	Yes	Yes
External prosthetic devices that replace a limb or an external body part, limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Artificial arms, legs, feet and hands. Artificial eyes, ears and noses. Breast prosthesis as required by the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998. Benefits include mastectomy bras and lymphedema stockings for the arm, quantity limits apply. Cochlear implants are covered but are subject to prior Notification. 	Notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination			
(Benefit information continued on next page)				

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<p>If more than one prosthetic device can meet your functional needs, Benefits are available only for the most cost-effective prosthetic device that brings the member to closest baseline functionality.</p> <p>Except for wigs and items required by the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, any combination of Network and Non-Network Benefits for prosthetic devices is limited to \$50,000 per Plan year. This limit applies to the total amount that we will pay for prosthetic devices, and does not include any Coinsurance or Annual Deductible responsibility you may have. Note: Subject to a 2 - 3 year limitation and also subject to medical necessity.</p> <p>While the plan provides coverage for upper extremity prosthesis, benefits are limited to the most cost-effective device that restores baseline functionality.</p> <p>Note: This is a Plan benefit interpretation only, based on available clinical information and current Plan language, and is not intended to influence decisions regarding ongoing medical care.</p>				

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
21. Reconstructive Procedures				
<p>Notification Required</p> <p>Please remember to Notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination for Reconstructive Procedures.</p> <p>For Non-Network Benefits you must notify Care Coordination five business days before receiving Reconstructive Procedures or benefits will be reduced by 50% and you will be responsible for the difference; however the reduction in Benefits will not exceed Eligible Expenses for the Covered Health Service. When you provide notification, Care Coordination can verify that the service is a reconstructive procedure rather than a Cosmetic Procedure. Cosmetic Procedures are always excluded from coverage. This 50% reduction will not apply to your Out-of-Pocket</p> <p>Services for reconstructive procedures, when a physical impairment exists and the primary purpose of the procedure is to improve or restore physiologic function.</p> <p>Reconstructive procedures include surgery or other procedures which are associated with an Injury, Sickness or Congenital Anomaly. The fact that physical appearance may change or improve as a result of a reconstructive procedure does not classify such surgery as a Cosmetic Procedure when a physical impairment exists, and the surgery restores or improves function.</p> <p>(Benefit information continued on next page)</p>	<p><u>Network</u></p> <p>No</p>	Same as Physician's Office Services, Professional Fees, Hospital-Inpatient Stay, Outpatient Diagnostic and Therapeutic Services, and Prosthetic Devices.		
	<p><u>Non-Network</u></p> <p>Yes</p>	Same as Physician's Office Services, Professional Fees, Hospital-Inpatient Stay, Outpatient Diagnostic and Therapeutic Services, and Prosthetic Devices.		

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
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Cosmetic Services are excluded from coverage. Procedures that correct an anatomical Congenital Anomaly without improving or restoring physiologic function are considered Cosmetic Procedures.

Note: Breast reduction may or may not be considered cosmetic; therefore, are subject to prior Notification.

The fact that a Covered Person may suffer psychological consequences or socially avoidant behavior as a result of an injury, Sickness or Congenital Anomaly does not classify surgery or other procedures done to relieve such consequences or behavior as a reconstructive procedure.

Note: Benefits for reconstructive procedures include breast reconstruction following a mastectomy, and reconstruction of the non-affected breast to achieve symmetry. Other services required by the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, including breast prostheses and treatment of complications, are provided in the same manner and at the same level as those for any other Covered Health Service. You can contact UnitedHealthcare at the telephone number on your ID card for more information about Benefits for mastectomy-related services.

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
22. Rehabilitation Services - Outpatient Therapy Short-term outpatient rehabilitation services for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical therapy. (40 visits per Plan year) Occupational therapy. (40 visits per Plan year) Speech therapy. (40 visits per Plan year) Pulmonary rehabilitation therapy. (40 visits per Plan year) Cardiac rehabilitation therapy. (40 visits per Plan year) Any combination of Network and Non-Network Benefits for Rehabilitation Services is limited up to 40 visits per Plan year. Rehabilitation services must be performed by a licensed therapy provider, under the direction of a Physician. Rehabilitation services must be performed by a licensed therapy provider, under the direction of a Physician. Benefits are available only for rehabilitation services that are expected to result in significant physical improvement in your condition within two months of the start of treatment. Note: We will pay Benefits for speech therapy only when the speech impediment or speech dysfunction results from Injury, stroke, Congenital Anomaly or documented hearing loss.	<u>Network</u> No	10%	Yes	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u> No	40%	Yes	Yes

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
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23. Skilled Nursing Facility

Services for an Inpatient Stay in a Skilled Nursing Facility. Benefits are available for:

- Services and supplies received during the Inpatient Stay.
- Room and board in a Semi-private Room (a room with two or more beds).

Any combination of Network and Non-Network Benefits is limited to 120 days per Plan year.

Note: Benefits are available only for the care and treatment of an Injury or Sickness that would have otherwise required an Inpatient Stay in a Hospital.

<u>Network</u>	No	10%	Yes	Yes
<u>Non-Network</u>	Not covered			

24. Spinal Treatment, Chiropractic and Osteopathic Manipulative Therapy

Benefits for Spinal Treatment when provided by a Spinal Treatment provider in the provider's office.

Benefits include diagnosis and related services and are limited to one visit and treatment per day.

Any combination of Network and Non-Network Benefits for Spinal Treatment is limited to 20 visits per Plan year.

<u>Network</u>	No	10%	Yes	Yes
<u>Non-Network</u>	No	40%	Yes	Yes

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount % Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
25. Substance Use Disorder Services				
Authorization Required / Notification Required	<u>Network</u> No	<u>Hospital-Inpatient Stay</u> 10% per Inpatient Stay	Yes	Yes
Referrals to a Substance Use Disorder provider are at the sole discretion of the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee at UnitedHealthcare, who is responsible for coordinating all of your care. Substance Use Disorder Services must be authorized and overseen by the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee. Contact the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee regarding Benefits for Substance Use Disorder Services. The Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee phone number that appears on your ID card is 1-877-246-4189.		<u>Physician's Office Services</u> 10%	Yes	Yes
Substance Use Disorder Services include those received on an inpatient or Intermediate Care basis in a Hospital or an Alternate Facility and those received on an outpatient basis in a provider's office or at an Alternate Facility.	<u>Non-Network</u> Yes	<u>Hospital-Inpatient Stay</u> 40% per Inpatient Stay	Yes	Yes
Benefits for Substance Use Disorder Services include:	You must call the Mental Health / Substance Use Disorder Designee at UnitedHealthcare to receive the Benefits.	<u>Physician's Office Services</u> 40%	Yes	Yes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Substance Use Disorder or chemical dependency evaluations and assessment; Diagnosis; Treatment planning; 				
(Benefit information continued on next page)				

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detoxification (sub-acute/non-medical); • Inpatient services; • Partial Hospitalization/Day Treatment; • Intensive Outpatient Treatment; • Referral services; • Medication management; • Individual, family and group therapeutic services; and • Crisis intervention. <p>The Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee, who will authorize the services, will determine the appropriate setting for the treatment. If an Inpatient Stay is required, it is covered on a Semi-private Room basis.</p>				

(Benefit information continued on next page)

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
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Special Substance Use Disorder Programs and Services

Special programs and services that are contracted under the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee may become available to you as part of your Substance Use Disorder Services benefit. The Mental Health Services Benefits and financial requirements assigned to these programs or services are based on the designation of the program or service to inpatient, Partial Hospitalization/Day Treatment, Intensive Outpatient Treatment, outpatient or a Transitional Care category of benefit use. Special programs or services provide access to services that are beneficial for the treatment of your Substance Use Disorder which may not otherwise be covered under this Plan. You must be referred to such programs through the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee, who is responsible for coordinating your care or through other pathways as described in the program introductions. Any decision to participate in such program or service is at the discretion of the Covered Person and is not mandatory.

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount % Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
26. Transplantation Services				
<p>Notification Required</p> <p>Please notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination at 1-800-955-7976, as soon as the possibility of a transplant arises (and before the time a pre-transplantation evaluation is performed at a transplant center).</p> <p>If the transplantation services are not performed at a Designated Facility, you will be responsible for paying all charges and Benefits will not be paid.</p> <p>Covered Health Services for the following organ and tissue transplants when ordered by a Physician. Transplantation services must be received at a Designated Facility. Benefits are available for the transplants listed below when the transplant meets the definition of a Covered Health Service, and is not an Experimental, Investigational or Unproven Service:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bone marrow transplants (either from you or from a compatible donor) and peripheral stem cell transplants, with or without high dose chemotherapy. Not all bone marrow transplants meet the definition of a Covered Health Service. <p>(Benefit information continued on next page)</p>	<p><u>Network</u></p> <p>Yes</p> <p>Notify UnitedHealthcare by contacting Care Coordination</p> <p><u>Non-Network</u></p>	<p>10%</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Yes</p> <p>There Are No Benefits Available For Non-Network Designated Transplant Facilities</p>

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount % Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cornea transplants (Benefits are also available for cornea transplants that are provided by a Network Physician at a Network Hospital. We do not require that cornea transplants be performed at a Designated Facility. For cornea transplants, Benefits will be paid at the same level as <i>Professional Fees for Surgical and Medical Services, Outpatient Surgery, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Services</i>, and <i>Hospital - Inpatient Stay</i> rather than as described in this section <i>Transplantation Services</i>). Heart transplants, lung transplants or heart/lung transplants. Kidney transplants, pancreas transplants or kidney/pancreas transplants. Liver transplants, small bowel transplants or liver/small bowel transplants. Other transplants deemed appropriate by Care Coordination. <p>Organ or tissue transplants or multiple organ transplants other than those listed above are excluded from coverage.</p> <p>Under the Plan there are specific guidelines regarding Benefits for transplant services. Contact UnitedHealthcare at the telephone number on your ID card for information about these guidelines.</p> <p>(Benefit information continued on next page)</p>				

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
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Transportation and Lodging

UnitedHealthcare will assist the patient and family with travel and lodging arrangements when services are received from a Designated Facility. Expenses for travel and lodging for the transplant recipient and a family member(s) are available under this Plan as follows:

- Transportation of the patient and one family member who is traveling on the same day(s) to and/or from the site of the transplant for the purposes of an evaluation, the transplant procedure or necessary post-discharge follow-up.
- Eligible Expenses for lodging for the patient (while not confined) and one family member. Benefits are paid at a per diem rate of up to \$50 for one person or up to \$100 for two people.
- Travel and lodging expenses are only available if the transplant recipient resides more than 50 miles from the Designated Facility.

If the patient is an Enrolled Dependent minor child, the transportation expenses of two family members will be covered and lodging expenses will be reimbursed up to the \$100 per diem rate.

There is a combined overall lifetime maximum Benefit of \$10,000 per Covered Person for all transportation and lodging expenses incurred by the transplant recipient and family member(s) and reimbursed under this Plan in connection with all transplant procedure.

Description of Covered Health Service	Notification Required?	Your Coinsurance Amount <small>% Coinsurance amounts are based on a percent of Eligible Expenses</small>	Does Coinsurance Help Meet Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Do You Need to Meet Annual Deductible?
27. Urgent Care Center Services				
Covered Health Services received at an Urgent Care Center. When services to treat urgent health care needs are provided in a Physician's office. Benefits are available as described under Physician's Office Services earlier in the SPD.	<u>Network</u> No	10%	Yes	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u> No	40%	Yes	Yes
28. Wigs				
Wigs are excluded regardless of the reason for the hair loss, with the exception of hair loss relating to cancer/chemotherapy treatment. There is a lifetime maximum of \$750 for wigs.	<u>Network</u> No	0%	No	Yes
	<u>Non-Network</u> No	0%	No	Yes

Section 2: What's Not Covered-- Exclusions

This section contains information about:

- How headings are used in this section.
- Medical services that are not covered. We call these Exclusions regardless of medical necessity. This section lists some (but not all) of the things the Plan does not cover at all, under any circumstances.

How We Use Headings in this Section

To help you find specific exclusions more easily, we use headings. The headings group services, treatments, items, or supplies that fall into a similar category. Actual exclusions appear underneath headings. A heading does not create, define, modify, limit or expand an exclusion.

We Do Not Pay Benefits for Exclusions

We will not pay Benefits for any of the services, treatments, items or supplies described in this section, even if either of the following are true:

- It is recommended or prescribed by a Physician.
- It is the only available treatment for your condition.

The services, treatments, items or supplies listed in this section are not Covered Health Services, except as may be specifically provided for in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits, and do not apply to your Out-of-Pocket Maximum.

A. Alternative Treatments

1. Acupressure and acupuncture.
2. Aroma therapy.
3. Hypnotism.
4. Massage Therapy.
5. Rolfing.
6. Environmental Medicine services or homeopathic/holistic/alternative medicine services, including visits, diagnostic testing, labs, medications, or procedures from Providers of these practices.
7. Other forms of alternative treatment as defined by the Office of Alternative Medicine of the National Institutes of Health.

B. Comfort or Convenience

1. Television.
2. Telephone.
3. Beauty/Barber service.
4. Guest service.
5. Supplies, equipment and similar incidental services and supplies for personal comfort. Examples include:
 - Air conditioners.
 - Air purifiers and filters.
 - Batteries and battery chargers.
 - Dehumidifiers.

- Humidifiers.
- Air cleaners and dust collection devices.

C. Dental

1. Dental care except as described in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits under the heading *Dental Services - Accident Only*.
2. Preventive care, diagnosis, treatment of or related to the teeth, jawbones or gums. Examples include all of the following:
 - Extraction, restoration and replacement of teeth, including impacted wisdom teeth.
 - Medical or surgical treatments of dental conditions.
 - Services to improve dental clinical outcomes.
3. Dental implants or associated services such as bone grafts for the placement of dental implants.
4. Dental braces and Orthodontics.
5. Dental X-rays, supplies and appliances and all associated expenses, including hospitalizations and anesthesia. The only exceptions to this are for any of the following:
 - Transplant preparation.
 - Initiation of immunosuppressives.
 - The direct treatment of acute traumatic Injury, cancer or cleft palate, except as described in Section 1: What's Covered—Benefits under the heading *Dental Services - Oral Care*.
6. Treatment of congenitally missing, malpositioned, or super numerary teeth, even if part of a Congenital Anomaly, including but not limited Cleft Palate.
7. Alveoplasty; vestibuloplasty; apicoectomy; excision of mandibular tori or exostosis; occlusal devices or their adjustment; splints for bruxism (clenching or grinding of teeth),

except as described in Section 1: What's Covered—Benefits under the heading Temporomandibular Joint Dysfunction (TMJ) and Oral Care.

8. Surgery, appliances or prostheses such as crowns, bridges or dentures; fillings; endodontic care; treatment of dental caries; excision of radicular cysts or granuloma; treatment of periodontal disease; except as noted; and associated charges with any non-covered dental or oral service or supply.

D. Drugs

1. Prescription drug products for outpatient use that are filled by a prescription.
2. Self-injectable medications. A limited number of drugs identified by the Plan as appropriate for self-injection are covered under your Prescription Drug benefit. However, most injectable medications are covered as medical benefits, subject to Coinsurance and the applicable Deductible. While for some Members self-injection may be medically appropriate, most Members will need to visit their Physicians' offices for injections and will receive coverage for their medications as medical benefits and not as Prescription Drug benefits. You can call your Pharmacy vendor to see if your medication is covered as a Prescription Drug benefit and to ask any related questions.
3. Non-injectable medications given in a Physician's office except as required in an Emergency.
4. Over the counter drugs and treatments.
5. Unit dose medications.
6. Infertility drugs/Reproduction medicines, with the exception of diagnostic testing to rule out a diagnosis.
7. Growth hormone therapy.
8. Human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG) injections for infertility/reproductive medicine.

9. Mail order drugs.
10. Smoking cessation medications or services.
11. Any drug administered for any purpose other than therapeutic treatment of an illness or injury.

****Please refer to your Outpatient Prescription Drug Rider**

E. Experimental, Investigational or Unproven Services

Experimental, Investigational and Unproven Services are excluded. The fact that an Experimental, Investigational or Unproven Service, treatment, device or pharmacological regimen is the only available treatment for a particular condition will not result in Benefits if the procedure is considered to be Experimental, Investigational or Unproven in the treatment of that particular condition. The Plan will cover procedures and supplies associated with cancer clinical trials that meet guidelines defined by the agreement between the Georgia Cancer Coalition and the Department of Community Health.

F. Foot Care

1. Routine foot care (including the cutting or removal of corns and calluses), with the exception of enrollees with diabetes or enrollees who are at risk of neurological or vascular diseases such as diabetes.
2. Nail trimming, cutting, or debriding, with the exception for diabetic foot care.

3. Hygienic and preventive maintenance foot care. Examples include the following:
 - Cleaning and soaking the feet.
 - Applying skin creams in order to maintain skin tone.
 - Other services that are performed when there is not a localized illness, Injury or symptom involving the foot.
4. Treatment of flat feet, fallen arches and chronic foot strain.
5. Treatment of subluxation of the foot.
6. Foot care devices such as arch supports and orthotics (except for the diagnosis of diabetes).
7. Shoes and footwear of any kind (except for therapeutic diabetic shoes) unless permanently attached to a covered brace.

G. Medical Supplies and Appliances

1. Devices used specifically as safety items or to affect performance in sports-related activities.
2. Prescribed or non-prescribed medical supplies and disposable supplies (except when considered an integral part of covered Durable Medical Equipment). Examples include:
 - Ace bandages.
 - Gauze, dressings and tape.
 - Lubricants and saline solution.
 - Surgical masks and gloves.
 - Batteries and battery chargers.
 - Syringes.
 - Diabetic supplies, including but not limited to glucose monitors, test strips and lancets.

****Please refer to your Outpatient Prescription Drug Rider.**

3. Orthotic appliances that straighten or re-shape a body part (including cranial banding and some types of braces).
4. Tubings and masks are not covered except when used with Durable Medical Equipment as described in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits.
5. Hot and cold packs.
6. Breast pumps.
7. Blood pressure cuffs (unless related to dialysis).
8. Lift for scooters and wheelchairs, stair glides and elevators, and any other home modifications.
9. Devices and computers to assist in communication.
10. Vacuum erection devices (VED, erect aid) to stimulate the penis.
11. Duplication, upgrade or replacement of currently functioning equipment.
12. Repair or replacement of Durable Medical Equipment due to damages caused by misuse, malicious breakage or gross neglect.
13. Replacement of lost or stolen Durable Medical Equipment.

H. Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder

1. Services performed in connection with conditions not classified in the current edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association*.
2. Services that extend beyond the period necessary for evaluation, diagnosis, the application of evidence-based treatments or crisis intervention to be effective.
3. Mental Health Services as treatment for a primary diagnosis of insomnia other sleep disorders, sexual dysfunction disorders,

feeding disorders, neurological disorders and other disorders with a known physical basis.

4. Treatment for conduct and impulse control disorders, personality disorders, paraphilias and other Mental Illnesses that will not substantially improve beyond the current level of functioning, or that are not subject to favorable modification or management according to prevailing national standards of clinical practice, as reasonably determined by Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee.
5. Methadone treatment as maintenance, L.A.A.M. (1-Alpha-Acetyl-Methadol), Cyclazocine, or their equivalents for drug addiction.
6. Treatment provided in connection with or to comply with involuntary commitments, police detentions and other similar arrangements unless pre-authorized by the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee.
7. Services or supplies for the diagnosis or treatment of Mental Illness, alcoholism or substance use disorders that , in the reasonable judgment of the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee, are any of the following: (1) not consistent with generally accepted standards of medical practice for the treatment of such conditions; (2) not consistent with services backed by credible research soundly demonstrating that the services or supplies will have a measurable and beneficial health outcome, and therefore considered experimental; (3) typically do not result in outcomes demonstrably better than other available treatment alternatives that are less intensive or more cost effective; (4) not consistent with the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee's level of care guidelines or best practices as modified from time to time; or (5) not clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration of treatment, and considered ineffective for the patient's Mental Illness, substance use disorder or condition based on generally accepted

standards of medical practice and benchmarks.

The Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee may consult with professional clinical consultants, peer review committees or other appropriate sources for recommendations and information regarding whether a service or supply meets any of these criteria.

8. Recreational, educational or bio-feedback therapy, unless specifically approved by Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee, or any form of self-care or self help training or related diagnostic testing.
9. Marriage counseling, unless approved in advance by Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee and conducted by a Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee authorized provider.
10. Pastoral counseling.
11. Inpatient, intermediate or outpatient care services that were not pre-authorized by the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder (MH/SUD) Administrator.
12. Substance Use Disorder Services for the treatment of nicotine or caffeine use.
13. Weight management programs not related to psychiatric condition.
14. Psychoanalysis, to complete degree or residency requirements.
15. Vocational or educational training/services and related psychological testing.
16. Hypnosis.
17. Routine use of psychological testing without specific authorization.
18. Experimental treatment performed for research.
19. Treatments for the primary diagnoses of learning disabilities, conduct and impulse control disorders, personality disorders, paraphilias (sexual behavior that is considered deviant or abnormal) and other Mental Illnesses that will not substantially improve beyond the current level of functioning, or that are not subject to favorable modification or management according to prevailing national standards of clinical practice, as determined by the MH/SUD Administrator.
20. Educational/behavioral services that are focused on primarily building skills and capabilities in communication, social interaction and learning.
21. Tuition for or services that are school-based for children and adolescents under the *Individuals with Disabilities Education Act*.
22. Learning motor skills and primary communication disorders as defined in the current edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association*.
23. Mental retardation as a primary diagnosis defined in the current edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association*.
24. Intensive behavioral therapies such as applied behavioral analysis for Autism Spectrum Disorders.
25. Mental Health Services as treatments for V-code conditions as listed within the current edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association*.
26. Family therapy when patient is not present.
27. Residential treatment, sub-Acute care; services of halfway house, supervised group home or boarding school.

I. Nutrition

1. Megavitamin and nutrition based therapy.
2. Nutritional counseling for either individuals or groups except as specifically described in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits.
3. Nutritional and electrolyte supplements, including infant formula and donor breast milk. Enteral feedings are not covered except if it is the sole source of nutrition or for inborn errors of metabolism when approved by Care Coordination.
4. Minerals or metabolic deficiency formulas (except when approved by Care Coordination).

J. Physical Appearance

1. Cosmetic Procedures. See the definition in Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms. Examples include:
 - Pharmacological regimens, nutritional procedures or treatments.
 - Scar or tattoo removal or revision procedures (such as salabrasion, chemosurgery and other such skin abrasion procedures).
 - Skin abrasion procedures performed as a treatment for acne.
2. Replacement of an existing breast implant if the earlier breast implant was performed as a Cosmetic Procedure.

Note: Replacement of an existing breast implant is considered reconstructive if the initial breast implant followed mastectomy. See *Reconstructive Procedures* in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits.
3. Physical conditioning programs such as athletic training, body-building, exercise and exercise equipment, fitness, flexibility, and diversion or general motivation.

4. Weight loss programs and dietary supplements whether or not they are under medical supervision. Weight loss programs for medical reasons are also excluded.
5. Treatment for hair loss, including wigs, medication or hair replacement, except diagnostic lab tests performed during initial diagnosis, See Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits.
6. Hair removal, including electrolysis.
7. Blepharoplasty (upper or lower eyelid), browplasty, brow lift (except when approved by Care Coordination).
8. Sclerotherapy and other related services (except when approved by Care Coordination).

K. Providers

1. Services performed by a provider who is a family member by birth or marriage, including spouse, brother, sister, parent or child. This includes any service the provider may perform on himself or herself.
2. Services performed by a provider with your same legal residence.
3. Services provided at a free-standing or Hospital-based diagnostic facility without an order written by a Physician or other provider. Services that are self-directed to a free-standing or Hospital-based diagnostic facility. Services ordered by a Physician or other provider who is an employee or representative of a free-standing or Hospital-based diagnostic facility, when that Physician or other provider:
 - Has not been actively involved in your medical care prior to ordering the service, or
 - Is not actively involved in your medical care after the service is received.This exclusion does not apply to mammography testing.

4. Charges for professional services not rendered by the billing Provider.

L. Reproduction

1. In vitro fertilization, gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT) procedures, and zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT) procedures and any other reproductive technology.
2. Surrogate parenting.
3. The reversal of voluntary sterilization.
4. Infertility monitoring, correction or treatment, including drugs, in-vitro fertilization and other reproductive technologies.
5. Storage of egg, sperm or blood product for future use.
6. Infertility drugs and reproductive medicines.

M. Services Provided under Another Plan

1. Health services for which other coverage is required by federal, state or local law to be purchased or provided through other arrangements. This includes, but is not limited to, coverage required by workers' compensation, no-fault auto insurance, or similar legislation.

If coverage under workers' compensation or similar legislation is optional for you because you could elect it, or could have it elected for you, Benefits will not be paid for any Injury, Sickness or Mental Illness that would have been covered under workers' compensation or similar legislation had that coverage been elected.

2. Health services for treatment of military service-related disabilities, when you are legally entitled to other coverage and facilities are reasonably available to you.
3. Health services while on active military duty.

N. Transplants

1. Health services for organ, multiple and tissue transplants, except those described in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits.
2. Health services connected with the removal of an organ or tissue from you for purposes of a transplant to another person. (Donor costs for removal are payable for a transplant through the organ recipient's Benefits under the Plan).
3. Health services and expenses for transplants involving artificial, mechanical or animal organs.
4. Transplant services that are not performed at a Designated Facility.
5. Any solid organ transplant that is performed as a treatment for cancer.
6. Any multiple organ transplant not listed as a Covered Health Service under the heading *Transplantation Health Services* in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits.
7. Lodging related, except as defined in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits *Transplantation Services*, to the donation or transplantation of an organ.
8. Expenses for an artificial, mechanical or animal organ transplant.
9. Transplant therapy used as a palliative procedure. Transplant therapy considered experimental, please refer to Section E.

O. Travel

1. Travel or transportation expenses, even though prescribed by a Physician. Some travel expenses related to covered transplantation services may be reimbursed as outlined in the Transplantation Service Section.

P. Vision and Hearing

1. Purchase cost of eye glasses or contact lenses, except as described in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits under the heading *Eye Examinations*..
2. Fitting charge for eye glasses or contact lenses, except as described in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits under the heading *Eye Examinations*..
3. Eye exercise therapy, orthoptic training.
4. Surgery that is intended to allow you to see better without glasses or other vision correction including radial keratotomy, laser, LASIK and other refractive eye surgery.
5. Diagnosis, treatment or surgical and non-surgical correction of far-sightedness, near-sightedness or astigmatism. Any vision care, including low-vision and other vision aids.
6. Tinnitus therapy, including sound generators.

Q. All Other Exclusions

1. Health services and supplies that do not meet the definition of a Covered Health Service - see the definition in Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms.
2. Physical, psychiatric or psychological exams, testing, therapy, vaccinations, immunizations or treatments that are otherwise covered under the Plan when:
 - Required solely for purposes of career, education, sports or camp, travel, employment, insurance, marriage or adoption.
 - Related to judicial or administrative proceedings or orders.
 - Conducted for purposes of medical research.
 - Required to obtain or maintain a license of any type.

3. Health services received as a result of war or any act of war, whether declared or undeclared or caused during service in the armed forces of any country.
4. Health services received after the date your coverage under the Plan ends, including health services for medical conditions arising before the date your coverage under the Plan ends.
5. Health services for which you have no legal responsibility to pay, or for which a charge would not ordinarily be made in the absence of coverage under the Plan.
6. In the event that a non-Contracted provider waives Coinsurances and/or the Annual Deductible for a particular health service, no Benefits are provided for the health service for which the Coinsurances and/or Annual Deductible are waived.
7. Charges in excess of Eligible Expenses or in excess of any specified limitation.
8. Services for the evaluation and treatment of temporomandibular joint syndrome (TMJ), unless otherwise specified in the TMJ section.
9. Upper and lower jawbone surgery except as required for direct treatment of acute traumatic injury or cancer. Orthognathic surgery, jaw alignment and treatment for the temporomandibular joint, except as a treatment of obstructive sleep apnea, ,except as defined (Section 1: What's Covered – TMJ)
10. Medical and surgical treatment of obesity/morbid obesity including, but not limited to, bariatric surgical procedures, gastric restrictive procedures, gastric bypass procedures, weight reduction surgery and revisions except as described in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits under the heading *Bariatric Surgery*. Non-surgical treatment of obesity/morbid obesity, for example Optifast, Weight Watchers, Jenny Craig, etc. Panniculectomy (except when approved by Care Coordination), abdominoplasty,

- repair of diastasis recti, tummy tuck, excision of excessive skin and/or subcutaneous tissue, and liposuction.
11. Sex transformation operations.
 12. Custodial Care.
 13. Domiciliary care.
 14. Private duty nursing.
 15. Respite care.
 16. Rest cures.
 17. Psychosurgery.
 18. Treatment of benign gynecomastia (abnormal breast enlargement in males).
 19. Medical and surgical treatment of excessive sweating (hyperhidrosis).
 20. Medical and surgical treatment for snoring, except when provided as a part of treatment for documented obstructive sleep apnea.
 21. Oral appliances for snoring.
 22. Speech therapy except as required for treatment of a speech impediment or speech dysfunction that results from Injury, stroke, a Congenital Anomaly, or as mandated by state law for treatment of autism.
 23. Any charges for missed appointments, room or facility reservations, completion of claim forms, record processing, cost of obtaining or copying of medical records.
 24. Any charge for services, supplies or equipment advertised by the provider as free.
 25. Any charges prohibited by federal anti-kickback or self-referral statutes.
 26. Therapy for non-covered diagnoses.
 27. Re-habitation therapy.
 28. Inpatient therapies such as rehabilitation, rehabilitative therapy or restorative therapy, unless significant improvement is expected within a reasonable and generally predictable period of time following an acute illness.
 29. Transitional living programs, day treatment programs related to senior/adult care treatment, assisted living, non-skilled assisted care, nursing homes, personal care homes, extended care facilities, cognitive remediation therapy.
 30. Specific needs-enhancement therapy for education, employment or motivation.
 31. Educational evaluations or neurolinguistical programming.
 32. Lab charges and other charges not related to spinal care, when provided by a Spinal Treatment provider.
 33. DME, except for certain neck and back braces when provided by a Spinal Treatment provider.
 34. Vax-D therapy.
 35. Not all preventative lab tests or diagnostic tests are covered under the Plan's Wellness benefit – even if that test or procedure was prescribed by a Participating Physician. For coverage information on a specific test and whether or not it is covered under the Plan's wellness benefit, contact your Physician before receiving the tests and ask for the current procedural terminology (CPT) code, then call Member Services.
 36. Any item not specified in this list of exclusions that the Plan decides to limit based on its policies.

Section 3: Description of Network and Non-Network Benefits

This section includes information about:

- Network Benefits.
- Non-Network Benefits.
- Emergency Health Services.

Network Benefits

Network Benefits are generally paid at a higher level than Non-Network Benefits. Network Benefits are payable for Covered Health Services which are either of the following:

- Provided by a Network Physician, Network facility or other Network provider.
- Emergency Health Services.

The deductible applies to everything except for preventative care expenses. If you have employee+spouse, employee+child(ren), or employee+spouse+children the completed coverage, you must meet the complete deductible under appropriate tier before benefits are payable for any family member.

With the High Deductible Health Plan, you pay coinsurance after the deductible for in-network office visits and prescription drugs.

Please note that Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder Services must be authorized by Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Administrator. Please see Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits under the heading for *Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder*.

Comparison of Network and Non-Network Benefits

	Network	Non-Network
Benefits	A higher level of Benefits means less cost to you. See Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits.	A lower level of Benefits means more cost to you. See Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits.
Who Should Notify UnitedHealthcare for Care Coordination	Network providers generally handle notification for you. However, there are exceptions. See Section 1: What's Covered—Benefits, under the <i>Must You Notify UnitedHealthcare?</i> Column.	You must notify UnitedHealthcare for certain Covered Health Services. Failure to notify results in reduced Benefits or no Benefits. See Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits, under the <i>Notify UnitedHealthcare?</i> column.
Who Should File Claims	Not required. We pay Contracted providers directly.	You must file claims. See Section 6: How to File a Claim.

	Network	Non-Network
Outpatient Emergency Health Services	Emergency Health Services are always paid as a Network Benefit (paid at the same level of benefit whether you are in or out of the Network). However, if care is rendered by a non-Network provider, you may be subject to balanced billing.	

Provider Network

UnitedHealthcare arranges for health care providers to participate in a Network. Network providers are independent practitioners. They are not our employees or employees of UnitedHealthcare. It is your responsibility to select your provider.

The credentialing process confirms public information about the providers' licenses and other credentials, but does not assure the quality of the services provided.

You will be given a directory of Network providers. However, before obtaining services you should always verify the Network status of a provider. A provider's status may change. You can verify the provider's status by calling UnitedHealthcare.

It is possible that you might not be able to obtain services from a particular Contracted provider. The network of providers is subject to change. Or you might find that a particular Network provider may not be accepting new patients. If a provider leaves the Network or is otherwise not available to you, you must choose another Network provider to get Network Benefits.

Do not assume that a Contracted provider's agreement includes all Covered Health Services. Some Contracted providers contract to provide only certain Covered Health Services, but not all Covered Health Services. Some Contracted providers choose to be a

Contracted provider for only some products. Refer to your provider directory or contact UnitedHealthcare for assistance.

Care CoordinationSM

Your Network Physician is required to notify UnitedHealthcare regarding certain proposed or scheduled health services. When your Network Physician notifies UnitedHealthcare, they will work together to implement the Care CoordinationSM process and to provide you with information about additional services that are available to you, such as disease management programs, health education, pre-admission counseling and patient advocacy.

If you receive certain Covered Health Services from a Network provider, you must notify UnitedHealthcare. The Covered Health Services for which notification is required is shown in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits. When you notify UnitedHealthcare, you will receive the Care Coordination services described above.

Designated Facilities and Other Providers

If you have a medical condition that UnitedHealthcare believes needs special services, they may direct you to a Designated Facility or other provider chosen by them. If you require certain complex Covered Health Services for which expertise is limited, UnitedHealthcare may direct you to a non-Network facility or provider.

In both cases, Network Benefits will only be paid if your Covered Health Services for that condition are provided by or arranged by the Designated Facility or other provider chosen by UnitedHealthcare.

You or your Network Physician must notify UnitedHealthcare of special service needs (including, but not limited to, transplants or cancer treatment) that might warrant referral to a Designated Facility or non-Network Facility or provider. If you do not notify

UnitedHealthcare in advance and if you receive services from a non-Network facility (regardless of whether it is a Designated Facility) or other non-Contracted provider, Network Benefits will not be paid. Non-Network Benefits may be available if the special needs services you receive are Covered Health Services for which Benefits are provided under the Plan.

Limitations on Selection of Providers

If UnitedHealthcare determines that you are using health care services in a harmful or abusive manner, or with harmful frequency, your selection of Network providers may be limited. If this happens, you may be required to select a single Network Physician to provide and coordinate all future Covered Health Services.

If you don't make a selection within 31 days of the date we notify you, UnitedHealthcare will select a single Network Physician for you.

If you fail to use the selected Network Physician, Covered Health Services will be paid as Non-Network Benefits.

Hospital Based Physicians

Non-participating Physicians sometimes practice in network Hospitals. As a result, you may receive care in a network Hospital from a non-participating Hospital-based Physician, including providers such as pathologists, radiologists, or anesthesiologists.

Covered Services from non-participating Hospital-based Physicians received in a network Hospital will be covered at the Network benefit level.

Non-Network Benefits

Non-Network Benefits are generally paid at a lower level than Network Benefits. Non-Network Benefits are payable for Covered Health Services that are provided by non-Network providers.

Depending on the geographic area and the service you receive, you may have access through the UnitedHealthcare's Shared Savings Program to providers who have agreed to discount their charges for Covered Health Services. If you receive Covered Health Services from these providers your Coinsurance will remain the same as it is when you receive Covered Health Services from non-Contracted providers who have not agreed to discount their charges; however, the total that you owe may be less when you receive Covered Health Services from Shared Savings Program providers than from other non-Contracted providers, because the Eligible Expense may be a lesser amount.

Notification Requirement

You must notify UnitedHealthcare before getting certain Covered Health Services from non-Network providers. The details are shown in the *Must You Notify UnitedHealthcare?* column in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits. If you fail to notify UnitedHealthcare, Benefits are reduced or denied.

Prior notification does not mean Benefits are payable in all cases. Coverage depends on the Covered Health Services that are actually given, your eligibility status, and any benefit limitations.

Care CoordinationSM

When you notify UnitedHealthcare as described above, they will work with you to implement the Care CoordinationSM process and to provide you with information about additional services that are available to you, such as disease management programs, health education, pre-admission counseling and patient advocacy.

Emergency Health Services

We provide Benefits for Emergency Health Services when required for stabilization and initiation of treatment as provided by or under the direction of a Physician.

Network Benefits are paid for Emergency Health Services, even if the services are provided by a non-Contracted provider.

If you are confined in a non-Network Hospital after you receive Emergency Health Services, UnitedHealthcare must be notified within one business day or on the same day of admission if reasonably possible. UnitedHealthcare may elect to transfer you to a Network Hospital as soon as it is medically appropriate to do so. If you choose to stay in the non-Network Hospital after the date UnitedHealthcare decides a transfer is medically appropriate, Non-Network Benefits may be available if the continued stay is determined to be a Covered Health Service.

True Emergency eligible medical services rendered outside the United States are subject to plan guidelines. All foreign claims and medical records should be submitted for medical review to: United Health Group, International Claims, P. O. Box 740817, Atlanta, GA 30374. Emergency health services determined to be a covered health service will be paid at the network benefit and non-emergency health services at the non-network benefit.

International Claim form can be obtained at www.welcometouhc.com/shbp.

Your Health Savings Account (HSA) Opportunity

An HSA is like a personal savings account for healthcare, except it's all tax-free. When you enroll in the High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP), you may be eligible to open a HSA with an independent HSA administrator/custodian. You will need to contact a local bank or other financial organization to set-up your HSA Account.

Your HSA is yours and is not provided by the SHBP. The SHBP does not sponsor your HSA and does not establish it for you. You may open a HSA if you enroll in the HDHP and do not have other coverage- through your spouse's employer's plan, Medicare, Medicaid, a full unrestricted Health Care Savings Account (HCSA) – or any other medical plan.

HSA Highlights	
What you can contribute each year	<p><u>Active</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Network</u></p> <p>Plan Level Employee Out-of-Pocket-\$1,800 Plan Level Employee, Child(ren) & Spouse Out-of-Pocket-\$3,100</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Non-Network</u></p> <p>Plan Level Employee Out-of-Pocket-\$4,000 Plan Level Employee, Child(ren) & Spouse Out-of-Pocket-\$7,400</p> <p><u>Retiree</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Network</u></p> <p>Plan Level Single Out-of-Pocket-\$1,800 Plan Level Family Out-of-Pocket-\$3,100</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Non-Network</u></p> <p>Plan Level Single Out-of-Pocket-\$4,000 Plan Level Family Out-of-Pocket-\$7,400</p>
as long as you continue to be enrolled in the HDHP	
If you are 55 or older, you may contribute additional dollars -- up to \$700/ year -- as "catch-up" contributions	
How you contribute	
What you can use your HSA to pay	Healthcare expenses (medical, dental, vision, over-the-counter medications) the IRS considers tax-deductible that aren't covered by any healthcare plan...see IRS Publication 502 at www.irs.gov .

HSA Highlights	
How claims are paid	Varies based on HSA administrator, but generally you can pay expenses directly from your account (using a debit card or convenience checks), so there's no claim paperwork to submit
What happens at the end of the year	Unused money in your account carries forward and continues to earn interest
What happens if you don't enroll in the HDHP next year or leave your employer	You can no longer contribute to your HSA, but you keep the account and can continue to use the balance for eligible healthcare expenses

Section 4: When Coverage Begins

This section includes information about:

- How to enroll.
- If you are hospitalized when this coverage begins.
- Who is eligible for coverage.
- When to enroll.
- When coverage begins.

How to Enroll

To enroll, the Eligible Person should contact his or her Payroll location for instructions on enrolling within 31 days of hire. SHBP will not provide Benefits for health services that you receive before your effective date of coverage.

If You Are Hospitalized When Your Coverage Begins

If you are inpatient in a Hospital, Skilled Nursing Facility or Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility on the day your coverage begins, SHBP will pay Benefits from the day coverage begins for Covered Health Services related to that Inpatient Stay as long as you receive Covered Health Services in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

You should notify Care Coordination within 48 hours of the day your coverage begins, or as soon as reasonably possible. In-Network Benefits are available only if you receive Covered Health Services from Contracted providers.

Who is Eligible for Coverage

Who	Description	Who Determines Eligibility
Eligible Person	<p>You are eligible to enroll yourself and your eligible dependents for coverage if you are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A Full-time employee of the State of Georgia, the General Assembly or an agency, board, commission, department, county administration or contracted employer that participates in SHBP, as long as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — You work at least 30 hours a week consistently, and — Your employment is expected to last at least nine months. <p>Not Eligible: Student employees or seasonal, part-time or short-term employees.</p> • A certified public school teacher or library employee who works half-time or more, but not less than 17.5 hours a week. <p>Not Eligible: Temporary or emergency employees.</p> • A non-certified service employee of a local school system who is eligible to participate in the Teachers Retirement System or its local equivalent. You must also work at least 60% of a standard schedule for your position, but not less than 20 hours a week. • An employee who is eligible to participate in the Public School Employees' Retirement System as defined by Paragraph 20 of Section 47-4-2 of the Official Code of Georgia, Annotated. You must also work at least 60% of a standard schedule for your position, but not less than 15 hours a week. <p>(Information continued on next page)</p>	SHBP determines who is eligible to enroll under the Plan.

Who	Description	Who Determines Eligibility
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A retired employee of one of these listed groups who was enrolled in the Plan at retirement and is eligible to receive an annuity benefit from a state sponsored or state related retirement system. See Provisions for Eligible Retirees for details of retiree medical coverage. • An employee in other groups as defined by law. 	

Dependent

Eligible

Dependents are:

- **Your legally married spouse; as defined by Georgia law.**
- **Your never married dependent children who are:**
 - (1) **Natural or legally adopted children under age 19**, unless they are eligible for coverage as employees. Children that are legally adopted through the judicial courts become eligible only after they are placed in your physical custody.
 - (2) **Stepchildren under age 19 who live with you** at least 180 days per year and for whom you can provide documentation satisfactory to the Plan that they are your dependents.
 - (3) **Other children under 19** if they live with you permanently and legally depend on you for financial support – as long as you have a court order, judgment or other satisfactory proof from a court of competent jurisdiction.
 - (4) **Your natural children, legally adopted children or stepchildren 19 or older from categories 1, 2 and 3** above who are physically or mentally disabled prior to age 26 and who depend on you for primary support.

SHBP determines who qualifies as a Dependent.

(Information continued on next page)

Who	Description	Who Determines Eligibility
	<p>(5) Your natural children, legally adopted children, stepchildren or other children age 19 to 26 from categories 1, 2 and 3 above who are registered Full-time Students at fully accredited schools, colleges, universities, or nurse training institutions and, if employed, who are not eligible for a medical benefit plan from their employer. The number of credit hours required for Full-time Student status is defined by the school in which the child is enrolled. You have 31 days from the date of your child's enrollment as a full-time student to add dependent coverage or to change your coverage tier because your child is no longer a full-time student.</p> <p>You must also provide a completed <i>Dependent Student Status Information form</i> and Full-time Student Verification from a fully accredited school, college, university, or nurse training institution.</p> <p>You will be required to provide copies of certified documents such as a marriage license, birth certificate, adoption contract or judge signed court order to verify your dependent relationship.</p> <p>Note: Coverage will not be updated until verification is approved. The Plan has the right to determine whether or not the documentation satisfies Plan requirements. Coverage will be updated from the qualifying event date or 1st day of current plan year, whichever is later.</p>	SHBP determines who qualifies as a Dependent.
	(Information continued on next page)	

Who	Description	Who Determines Eligibility
For a Covered Dependent age 19 & older and a Full-time Student under the age 26	<p>You must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • update SHBP annually on student status by requesting a <i>certification letter</i> from the school's registrar and sending it attached to a <i>Dependent Student Status Information Form</i> to SHBP • the certification letter must include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — enrollment date(s) for both current and previous quarters or semesters — number of credit hours taken each quarter or semester — enrollment status (full or part-time) for each quarter or semester — a letter of acceptance can be submitted to temporarily extend coverage for students who graduate from high school in May and plan to attend college for the fall semester or students transferring between colleges. A <i>Dependent Student Status Information</i> form and certification letter must be submitted to provide coverage beyond the summer. 	SHBP determines who qualifies as a Dependent.

(Information continued on next page)

Who	Description	Who Determines Eligibility
For a Covered Dependent age 19 & older and disabled before age 26	<p>You must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> file a written request for continuation of coverage within 31 days of the 19th birthday if disabled prior to age 19 and within 31 days of the disability if disabled after age 18 but prior to age 26. when requested by the Plan you must re-certify your dependent(s). If you fail to re-certify your dependent within 31 days of the request, your dependent will no longer be eligible to be covered under the Plan until verification is received. If documentation is received after 31 days, the plan will cover the dependent retroactively to the beginning of the current plan year or date of qualifying event, whichever is later, as long as the correct tier premium is paid. 	SHBP determines who qualifies as a Dependent.
To enroll a disabled child as a new dependent	<p>You must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> make request within 31 days of your hire date or qualifying event date OR add during Open Enrollment period provide medical documentation that must be approved by the Plan child must be disabled prior to age 26 <p>A general note regarding documentation sent to the Plan: While the Plan requires that coverage requests are made within a specific time period, the documentation required <i>to support your request</i> may be filed later, if necessary within the 31 days following the deadline to file the coverage request.</p>	

Who	Description	Who Determines Eligibility
Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO)	SHBP will honor a QMCSO for eligible dependents. A QMCSO creates, recognizes, or assigns the right for a dependent to receive benefits under a health plan. See Glossary of Key Terms and Coverage Changes At Qualifying Events for more information.	SHBP determines who qualifies as a Dependent.
Who's Not Eligible For Dependent Coverage	<p>The most common examples of persons not eligible for SHBP dependent coverage include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Your former spouse • Your fiancé • Your parents • Married or formerly married children • Children age 19 or older who do not qualify as Full-time Students or disabled dependents • Children in military service • Grandchildren who cannot be considered eligible dependents • Stepchildren who do not live in your home at least 180 days per year <p>Anyone living in your home that is not related by marriage or birth, unless otherwise noted.</p>	

When to Enroll and When Coverage Begins

You must enroll to have SHBP coverage

To enroll, go to your personnel/payroll office for instructions. You will be asked to:

- Choose a coverage option
- Choose a coverage tier
- Provide the name(s) of eligible dependents you want to enroll and cover

Enrollment authorizes periodic payroll deductions for premiums. If you list dependent(s) you must elect a coverage tier that covers the dependent relationship to you. If you cover dependents and do not provide documentation to verify eligibility you will be charged the tier you elected. Once dependents are verified the coverage will be effective from the date of the qualifying event or the 1st day of the current plan year, whichever is later. Please refer to “Who is eligible for coverage” for more information. Once you make your coverage election, changes are not allowed outside the Open Enrollment period, unless you have a qualified change in status under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code, which restricts mid-year changes to coverage in the SHBP. **Special Note: If you terminate employment and are re-hired by any employer eligible for the SHBP during the same Plan year, you must enroll in the same Plan option and tier, provided you are eligible for that option and have not had a qualifying event since coverage ended.**

Important Plan Membership Terms

The Plan uses these terms to describe Plan Membership:

- Enrolled Member – You, the contract/policy holder
- Dependent(s) – your eligible dependent(s) that you choose to enroll

Where appropriate, this SPD relies on these terms throughout the document:

- Employee, retiree or member to refer to Enrolled Member
- Dependent(s)... to refer to Dependent(s)

DCH Surcharge Policy

Spousal Surcharge:

A spousal surcharge of \$40 will be added to your monthly premium if you elect to cover your spouse and your spouse is eligible for coverage through his/her employment but chose not to take it. The spousal surcharge can be removed in certain circumstances by completing the spousal surcharge affidavit and attaching the required documents. Details can be found on the Department of Community Health Web site, www.dch.georgia.gov/shbp.

Tobacco Surcharge:

A tobacco surcharge of \$60 will be added to your monthly premium if you or any of your covered dependents have used tobacco products in the previous twelve months. The tobacco surcharge may be removed by completing the tobacco cessation requirements. Details can be found on the Department of Community Health Website, www.dch.georgia.gov/shbp.

Enrollment Periods

When to Enroll	Who Can Enroll	Enrollment Information
Initial Enrollment Period The Initial Enrollment Period is the first period of time when Eligible Persons can enroll.	Eligible Persons may enroll themselves and their Dependents.	Enrollment must be completed within 31 days of your date of hire.
Open Enrollment Period	<p>Open Enrollment occurs every fall for the following plan year. Eligible Persons may enroll themselves and their Dependents.</p> <p>Any dependent(s) removed during the Open Enrollment period are not eligible for COBRA.</p>	The SHBP determines the Open Enrollment Period. Coverage begins on January 1 st of the following Plan year
If You Are:	You Can Enroll:	Your Coverage Takes Effect:
A current employee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Or make coverage changes during Open Enrollment • Or make coverage changes within 31 days of a qualified event or upon loss of all eligible dependents (that impacts tier) if request is made within 31 days • Disabled Child who was disabled prior to age 26 <p>(Refer to the <i>Dependent</i> heading in this Section)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The upcoming January 1 • First of the month following request
A newly hired employee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Within 31 days of your hire date 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First of the month after a full calendar month of employment

Plan Options

If you are:

A current employee

If newly enrolling in the health plan because of open enrollment or a qualifying event, your plan options are restricted to the consumer driven health plan options: the Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) and High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) for the first plan year. Once enrolled, you may elect any available health plan option during the following Open Enrollment.

A newly hired employee

Plan options are restricted to the consumer driven health plan options: the Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) and High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) for the first plan year. Once enrolled, you may elect any available health plan option during the following Open Enrollment.

An eligible employee terminating employment

An eligible employee terminating employment with a participating employer and is hired by another participating employer or later rehired by same employer.

If this occurs within the same plan year, you must retain the same option you had under your prior employer, even if there is a gap in coverage.

If the termination is in one year and you are hired in the following year, with a gap in coverage, you are restricted to the consumer driven health plan options: the Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) and High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) with the new employer. Once enrolled, you may elect any available health plan option during the following Open Enrollment.

Enrolling A Newly Eligible Dependent

If you have a new dependent due to marriage, birth, adoption, or full-time student enrollment you may enroll your dependent(s) if you request coverage within 31 days of the qualifying event. Please contact your personnel/payroll office for instructions. **Do not wait for verification documentation to enroll dependent(s).**

The next section describes what you need to do if you wish to add a newly eligible dependent.

	To Enroll A Newly Eligible Dependent And...	You Will Need To:
Newly Eligible Dependent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If your dependent is currently eligible for the tier you are enrolled in • If your current tier does not cover dependents 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You must add within 31 days of the birth*, marriage, or adoption • You must change tier within 31 days of qualifying event, pay appropriate premium, and add dependent
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you have a court order, requiring you to enroll dependent child(ren) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enroll in coverage • Enroll the eligible child(ren); coverage starts on first day of month following the request. • You must change tier and pay appropriate premium if current tier does not include dependent(s)
<p>* <i>To make coverage retroactive to the child's birth or placement, you must make the appropriate coverage premium payment(s) for coverage for the month of the birth or adoption contract and placement.</i></p>		

Identification Cards

After you enroll, you will receive an identification (ID) card for yourself and eligible dependent(s), if applicable. The ID card must be presented when care is received.

If you do not receive your ID card within two weeks of new enrollment, or by January 1st from changes made during Open Enrollment, please contact UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company Customer Service at 877-246-4189 (Active) or 877-246-4190 (Retiree).

When Coverage Begins

When your coverage starts depends on when you enroll and when you make requests that affect your coverage.

	If You Enroll:	Your Coverage Begins:
For Transferring Employees	<p>If you are transferring between participating employers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contact your new employer to coordinate continuous coverage • You must continue the same coverage, unless you had a qualifying event that allows a change in coverage 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is no coverage lapse when your employment break is less than one calendar month and your new employer deducts the premium from your first paycheck.
For You	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • During an Open Enrollment period • As a new employee • When you are reinstated or return to work from an unpaid leave of absence • When you have a qualifying event 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On January 1st of the new Plan year • On the first day of the month following one full calendar month of employment • On the first day of the month following the return or, if a judicial reinstatement, on the day specified in the settlement agreement • On the first day of the month following the request
For Your Dependents See Chart on next page for required Documentation	<p>As a new employee, dependent coverage begins when your coverage begins. If you add dependents within 31 days of a qualifying event, coverage takes effect as described in this Section under the heading <i>Adding Dependents</i> and the chart below. The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) regulations now require the SHBP to collect the Social Security Number (SSN) for each covered dependent. The SHBP will not require the SSN until age two. You must submit the following documentation to: SHBP, P. O. Box 1990, Atlanta, Georgia 30301-1990 before claims will be paid.</p> <p>Note: Do not hold request waiting for documentation. If documentation is received after 31 days the plan will cover the dependent retroactively back to the beginning of the current plan year or date of qualifying event, whichever is later, as long as premiums are paid.</p>	

Adding Dependents

When you add a dependent the Plan will request dependent verification documentation. You must submit the documentation requested by the Plan in order to cover the dependent. **CMS regulations now require the SHBP to capture the Social Security Number (SSN) for each covered dependent. If documentation and the SSN is received after 31 days, the plan will cover the dependent retroactively back to the beginning of the current plan year or date of qualifying event, whichever is later, as long as the correct tier premium is paid.**

Note: The dependent's coverage will remain inactive until the appropriate documentation has been received and verified by SHBP.

If You Add This Dependent:	Provide This Documentation:	Coverage Takes Effect:
A baby Within 31 days prior to or after the qualifying event	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Copy of certified birth certificate or a certification letter of birth required <p>Note: A confirmation of birth document that does not include the parents' names is not acceptable.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• On the first day of the month following the request; or• On the day your child was born, if the proper premium is paid for the birth month;
An adopted child Within 31 days prior to or after the qualifying event	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Copy of certified adoption certificate required and Social Security Number	<p>When you already have coverage that includes children:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• On the date of legal placement and physical custody <p>When you do not have a tier that covers dependent children</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• On the date of legal placement and physical custody, if the correct tier premium is paid from the time of placement and custody

If You Add This Dependent:	Provide This Documentation:	Coverage Takes Effect:
A new spouse Within 31 days prior to or after the qualifying event	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Copy of certified marriage certificate and Social Security Number 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On the first day of the month following the request
Stepchild(ren) Within 31 days prior to or after the qualifying event	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Copy of certified birth certificate showing your spouse is the natural parent; and copy of certified marriage license showing the natural parent is your spouse; notarized statement that dependent lives in your home at least 180 days per year and Social Security Number. <p>Note: A confirmation of birth document that does not include the parent's name is not acceptable.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On the first day of the month following the qualifying event or your change to the appropriate coverage tier

Qualifying Events that Allow Coverage Changes for Active Members

If you are an actively employed Member and have one of the following qualifying events during the year, you may be able to make a coverage change that is consistent with the qualifying event. If you are a retiree, refer to the retiree section for permitted coverage changes. **CMS regulations now require the SHBP to capture the Social Security Number (SSN) for each covered dependent. The SHBP modified member rights to change options effective January 1, 2010. In summary, these changes allow a SHBP member to change coverage options in certain circumstances and when adding or removing coverage for a spouse or dependents. These changes are listed in the chart below.**

Please contact your personnel/payroll office for instructions. Changes must be reported within 31 days of the event to your personnel/payroll office or to the SHBP by calling 1-800-610-1863.

The following chart shows qualifying events and the corresponding changes that active Members can make:

If You Have One Of These Qualifying Events:	Provide This Documentation:	Within 31 Days Of Qualifying Event, You May/Must:
Marriage	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Certified copy of marriage certificate required• Spouse's Social Security Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Enroll in coverage• Change coverage tier to include spouse• Change coverage option to elect new coverage for employee + spouse or employee + spouse + child(ren)• Discontinue coverage; letter from other plan documenting you and your covered dependents are enrolled in spouse's plan

If You Have One Of These Qualifying Events:	Provide This Documentation:	Within 31 Days Of Qualifying Event, You May/Must:
Birth, adoption or legal guardianship	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Birth: Copy of certified birth certificate or letter of certification of birth • Adoption: Adoption certificate or court order placing child in home • Legal guardianship: Copy of court’s legal documentation showing your financial responsibility for the dependent; and copy of certified birth certificate; and for legal guardianship a notarized statement that dependent lives with you in your home on a permanent basis • Social Security Number (not required until age two) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enroll in coverage • Change coverage tier • Enroll eligible dependents • Change to any available option for employee + child(ren) or employee +spouse + child(ren)
Divorce	<p>Adding coverage for yourself</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Copy of divorce decree and loss of coverage documentation required <p>Removing a former spouse from coverage</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Copy of divorce decree • Furnish Social Security Number for each dependent you wish to cover 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enroll in coverage, if losing coverage through spouse’s plan • Must remove spouse from coverage • Must remove step children from coverage • Change coverage tier • Enroll eligible dependents • Change coverage option to elect new coverage for employee or employee + child(ren)

If You Have One Of These Qualifying Events:	Provide This Documentation:	Within 31 Days Of Qualifying Event, You May/Must:
You or your spouse lose coverage through other employment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Letter from other employer documenting loss of coverage and reason for loss is required • Furnish Social Security Number for each dependent you wish to cover 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enroll eligible dependent(s) • Enroll In Coverage • Change coverage tier • Change coverage option to elect new coverage for employee + spouse, or employee + child(ren), or employee + spouse + child(ren)
You, your spouse, or enrolled dependent are covered under a qualified health plan and you lose eligibility, such as through other employment, Medicaid*, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) or Medicare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Furnish Social Security Number for each dependent you wish to cover • Letter from other employer, Medicaid, or Medicare documenting date and reason for loss or discontinuation required 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change coverage tier • Enroll eligible dependent(s) • Enroll In Coverage • Change coverage option to elect new coverage for employee + spouse, or employee + child(ren), or employee + spouse + child(ren) <p>* Note: For loss of Medicaid or SCHIP coverage, you have 60 days for actions above</p>
Loss of dependent(s) that impacts your Tier	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide documentation stating the reason and date eligibility was lost unless the reason for loss of coverage is because of reaching age 19 or 26: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Loss of all eligible dependents (i.e Child is 19 and is not enrolled as a full-time student was enrolled as full-time but hours have dropped or reaches age 26) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change coverage tier • Change coverage option to elect new coverage for employee + spouse, or employee + child(ren), or employee + spouse + child(ren)

If You Have One Of These Qualifying Events:	Provide This Documentation:	Within 31 Days Of Qualifying Event, You May/Must:
Your former spouse loses other qualified coverage, resulting in loss of your dependent child(ren)'s coverage under former spouse's plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Furnish Social Security Number for each dependent you wish to cover Letter from other plan documenting name(s), of everyone who lost coverage, date, reason, and when coverage was lost. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enroll eligible dependent(s) Enroll In Coverage Change coverage option to elect new coverage for employee + child(ren) or employee + spouse (current) + child(ren) Increase coverage tier
Covered Dependent loses Eligibility <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide documentation stating the reason and date eligibility was lost unless the reason for loss of coverage is because of reaching age 19 or 26 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No documentation required to drop Dependent coverage for a Child who is no longer a full-time student: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Because of age Graduation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change coverage tier to remove spouse and/or dependent(s)
Gain of coverage due to other employer's open enrollment <p>Note: Plan year can be the same, but Open Enrollment dates must be different.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Furnish Social Security Number for each dependent you wish to cover Letter from other employer documenting name(s) of everyone who gained coverage, date, reason, and when coverage was gained 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change coverage tier to remove spouse and/or dependent(s) Change coverage option to elect new coverage for employee + spouse, or employee + child(ren), or employee + spouse + child(ren) Discontinue coverage
Loss of coverage due to other employer's open enrollment <p>Note: Plan year can be the same, but Open Enrollment dates must be different.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Furnish Social Security Number for each dependent you wish to cover Letter from other employer documenting name(s) of everyone who lost coverage, date, reason, and when coverage was lost 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enroll eligible dependent(s) Enroll In Coverage Change coverage option to elect new coverage for employee + spouse, or employee + child(ren), or employee + spouse + child(ren)

If You Have One Of These Qualifying Events:	Provide This Documentation:	Within 31 Days Of Qualifying Event, You May/Must:
You or your spouse acquire new coverage under spouse's employer's plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Letter from other plan documenting your effective date of coverage and names of covered dependents 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change coverage tier • Change tier to employee only coverage • Discontinue coverage – you must document that all members removed from the SHBP coverage are covered under the other employer's plan • Change coverage option to elect new coverage for employee + spouse, or employee + child(ren), or employee + spouse + child(ren)
Your spouse or your only enrolled dependent's employment status changes, resulting in a gain of coverage under a qualified plan other than from SHBP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Letter from other employer documenting coverage enrollment required, and • Everyone removed from coverage under the SHBP must be enrolled in the plan. This includes coverage acquired due to the other employer's open enrollment. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change coverage tier to remove spouse and/or dependent(s) • Change coverage option • Discontinue coverage
You or your spouse is activated into military services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Furnish Social Security Number for each dependent you wish to cover • Copy of orders required 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enroll in coverage • Change coverage tier • Discontinue coverage

If You Have One Of These Qualifying Events:	Provide This Documentation:	Within 31 Days Of Qualifying Event, You May/Must:
<p>You retire and immediately qualify for a retirement annuity with any Georgia retirement system except, ERS, TRS, or PSERS</p> <p>Note: If your retirement system is ERS, TRS or PSERS you will automatically be enrolled in same option and tier as a retiree. You will receive a letter from SHBP advising you that the change was made and allowing you to make changes to coverage. However, if you and/or a covered dependent are enrolled in Medicare, coverage will roll over to the UHC Medicare Advantage Standard Option. The SHBP must have received and processed your Medicare information in order for the rollover to occur. Please refer to the Medicare Section for more information.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You must complete and submit Plan enrollment form no later than 60 days after leaving active employment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change coverage tier to single Change Option Discontinue Coverage <p>Note: If you have employee + spouse, or employee + child(ren), or employee + child(ren) + spouse, you will be changed to family tier.</p>
<p>Spouse's Loss of Eligibility for Health Insurance due to Retirement</p> <p>Note: Retirement without loss of eligibility for health insurance, discontinuation of coverage, reduction of benefits, or change in premiums ARE NOT qualifying events.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Letter from other employer documenting loss of coverage, date coverage ended and reason for loss is required 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change coverage tier Enroll eligible dependents Change coverage option to elect new coverage for employee + spouse, or employee + child(ren), or employee + spouse + child(ren)
<p>If you are working in a benefits eligible position and are continuing to receive your retirement annuity</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You must advise the SHBP when you terminate your benefits eligible position or you will not have health coverage as a retiree 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change coverage tier to single Change Option <p>Note: If you have employee + spouse, employee + child(ren), employee + child(ren) + spouse, you will be changed to family tier.</p>

If You Have One Of These Qualifying Events:	Provide This Documentation:	Within 31 Days Of Qualifying Event, You May/Must:
<p>You, your spouse, or all enrolled dependents become eligible for Medicare or Medicaid</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Required to submit proof of enrollment in Medicare Parts A, B & D to reduce premiums • Additional rules apply when Medicare eligible. Please refer to the Retiree Section for more information. 	<p>As a Active Employee</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If no eligible dependents(s) can discontinue coverage <p>As a Retiree</p>
<p>Note: Loss of all covered dependents may be through divorce, death, legal separation, an only covered dependent exceeding the maximum age of eligibility, an only covered dependent no longer meeting full-time student requirements, marriage of an only covered dependent child, or a Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO) requiring a former spouse to provide health coverage for all covered natural children. You must notify SHBP within 31 days of qualifying event to change your coverage tier. Your next opportunity to change coverage tier would be during the next Open Enrollment.</p>		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discontinue your dependent(s) coverage if you are retired and you discontinue your SHBP coverage when you enroll for Medicare, you won't be able to enroll again for SHBP coverage unless you return to work in a position that offers SHBP coverage. • Retirees may change to any available option upon becoming eligible for Medicare coverage. • See the Retiree Section (#5) for more information

General Information about When Coverage Ends

We may discontinue this benefit Plan and/or all similar benefit plans at any time.

Your entitlement to Benefits automatically ends on the date that coverage ends, even if you are hospitalized or are otherwise receiving medical treatment on that date.

When your coverage ends, we will still pay claims for Covered Health Services that you received before your coverage ended. However, once your coverage ends, we do not provide Benefits for health services that you receive for medical conditions that occurred after your coverage ended, even if the underlying medical condition occurred before your coverage ended.

An Enrolled Dependent's coverage ends on the date the Member's coverage ends.

Qualified Medical Child Support Orders (QMCSO)

Generally, a change in coverage takes effect the first of the month following receipt of the change request.

Important Note on Coverage Changes:

If your current Plan option is not offered in the upcoming Plan year and you do not elect a different option available to you during Open Enrollment or the Retiree Option Change Period, your coverage will be transferred automatically to an option selected by SHBP with any applicable surcharges, effective January 1 of the subsequent Plan year.

Note: Surcharges do not apply to Retirees.

If a QMCSO requires:	You can:
You to provide coverage for your natural child(ren)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Enroll or change coverage tier – there is no time limit for this change; documentation of the court order and the other coverage is required
Your former spouse to provide coverage for each of your enrolled natural child(ren)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Change coverage tier; documentation of the court order and the coverage is required
Spouse to provide coverage for their natural children <ul style="list-style-type: none">Furnish Social Security Number for each dependent you wish to cover	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Enroll or change coverage tier – no time limit for this change; documentation of the court order requiring coverage is requiredChild must meet all step-child requirements including annual 180 day residency with member to qualify for coverage.

Events Ending Your Coverage

Coverage ends on the earliest of the dates specified in the following table:

Who:	Your Coverage Will End If:	When:
For You	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You no longer qualify under any category listed under the eligibility rules and your payroll deductions for coverage have ceased. You do not make direct pay premium payments on time You resign or otherwise end your employment You are laid off because of a formal plan to reduce staff Your hours are reduced so that you are no longer benefits eligible You do not return to active work after an approved unpaid leave of absence You are terminated by your employer Member contributions not remitted to the Plan by the due date may result in suspension and/or termination of coverage. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coverage for Member ends at the end of the month following the month in which the last premium is deducted from your earned paycheck or at the end of paid coverage. Premiums will not be deducted from final leave pay. <p>Note: If an Employing Entity fails to remit Premiums or documentation or fails to reconcile bills in the manner required by the Plan, the Plan may suspend benefit payments for Enrolled Members of the Employing Entity. Suspended coverage is not a COBRA event; however, the member may continue coverage if the member is eligible for continuation of coverage rights as defined in Section 9: Continuation of Coverage under COBRA and pays both the employer and employee share of the cost.</p>

(Information continued on next page)

Who:

Your Coverage Will End If:

When:

When Coverage May Be Continued:

SHBP allows individuals to continue their SHBP coverage in certain situations when it would have otherwise ended.

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Leave your job with less than 8 years of services | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Continue coverage for up to 18 months under COBRA provisions |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Leave your job and:<ul style="list-style-type: none">— Have at least eight years of service but less than 10 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Continue coverage by:<ul style="list-style-type: none">— Submitting form(s) within 60 days of when coverage would end— Pay full cost of coverage— Provide statement from your employer verifying your service |
-
- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Leave your job and:<ul style="list-style-type: none">— Have at least 10 years of service but before minimum age to qualify for an immediate retirement annuity— You leave money in retirement system | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Continue coverage by:<ul style="list-style-type: none">— Submitting appropriate form(s) within 60 days of when coverage would end— Pay the full cost of coverage until your annuity begins— Pay lower member premium once annuity begins |
|---|--|
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Note: The chart above applies for most SHBP members; certain parts of the Georgia code may stipulate other conditions for SHBP continuation.

Who:	Your Coverage Will End If:	When:
For Your Dependents		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coverage for your dependents will end at the same time you lose coverage because you are no longer eligible.
<i>Here are other situations that can affect coverage for you and your dependents.</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If enrolled dependent is a stepchild under age 19 and does not meet the 180-day residency requirement 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coverage ends at the end of the month when the dependent no longer meets the 180-day residency requirement
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If enrolled dependent is a Full-time Student at an accredited college, university or other institution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For Retirees members: Failure to submit full-time student verification before coverage ends at age 19 and each subsequent year will result in loss of eligibility for dependent, unless he/she re-enrolls within 31 days of a qualifying event. For Active member: Verification documentation must be submitted timely for a student to be covered under the Plan. Once verification documentation is received, coverage will be retroactive to the qualifying event date 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coverage ends on the last day of the month in which the earliest of these qualifying events occurs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Graduation or completion of requirements if graduation is delayed Full-time attendance ends – unless child has attended previous two consecutive semesters and plans to return after a one semester break Dependent reaches age 26 Dependent marries Dependent becomes employed in a benefits eligible position

Who:	Your Coverage Will End If:	When:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you divorce, your spouse loses coverage as your dependent* • If you or your spouse or eligible dependent(s) lose other group health insurance coverage because of change in employment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coverage ends at the end of the month in which the divorce becomes final** • Before you lose coverage or within 31 days after losing coverage, file request for SHBP coverage, which will start on the first day of the month following the request
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you declined coverage for yourself or your dependents because of other group health insurance coverage, and you later lose that coverage 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You may enroll yourself and dependents if you request this coverage within 31 days of the qualifying event. Coverage will be effective on the first day of the month following the request.

* A divorced spouse may continue Plan coverage by electing COBRA continuation coverage, which is limited to 36 months of coverage. The spouse must request a COBRA information packet from the SHBP within 60 days of the qualifying event.

** The Plan must be notified at the time the divorce is final and not as a discontinuation of coverage for the spouse or other dependent during Open Enrollment.

** **Discontinuation of coverage for a spouse or other covered dependent(s) during Open Enrollment does not qualify as a COBRA event. In order for a spouse or other dependent(s) to be eligible for continuation of coverage under COBRA, the SHBP must be notified at the time the divorce is final.**

When first enrolling in SHBP, your options are limited to the Health Reimbursement Account (HRA) and the High Deductible Health Plans (HDHP).

Additional options may be available to you during the next Open Enrollment

Coverage for a Disabled Child

You may apply during the Open Enrollment period, to enroll your over age disabled child not covered under SHBP prior to age 19, but who was disabled prior to age 26. The dependent must:

- Be un-able to be self supporting because of mental or physical disability.
- Depend mainly on the Member for support.

Coverage will continue as long as the Enrolled Dependent meets the disabled dependents requirements and SHBP receives the dependent's Social Security Number or unless coverage is otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

We will ask you to furnish SHBP with proof of the child's disability and dependency within 31 days of:

- enrollment in the plan or
- date coverage would otherwise have ended because the child reached age 19

SHBP may continue to ask you for proof that the child continues to meet these conditions of disability and dependency.

The dependent's coverage will remain inactive until the appropriate documentation has been received and verified by SHBP.

How to Request a Change

During Open Enrollment and the Retiree Option Change Period, Members can go online to make coverage changes for the upcoming Plan year. See the current *Health Plan Decision Guides* for Web addresses and instructions. If you do not have Internet access or if your request is in the middle of a Plan year, then:

- **Notify your personnel/payroll office.** If you are retired, contact the SHBP eligibility unit.
- **Return completed forms or make election on-line.** You must make your change by the appropriate deadline.

If you miss the deadline, you won't be able to make your change until the next Open Enrollment or Retire Option Change Period, or if you experience a qualifying event. Changes permitted for retirees are limited, please refer to the retiree section for more details.

Section 5: Provisions for Eligible Retirees & Considerations for Members Near Retirement

Plan Membership

This section includes Plan Membership and co-ordination of benefits information for eligible retirees as well as important points to consider if you are near retirement. Currently, SHBP will pay primary benefits for non-enrolled Medicare eligible retirees.

Retirees who are eligible for Medicare because of disability or age 65 or older who are not enrolled in Medicare Part B will pay a higher premium for coverage. NOTE: Individuals who have lived at least 5 years in the United States may purchase Medicare Part B coverage, even if they did not contribute to Social Security or work the number of required quarters.

SHBP will continue to pay primary benefits for Medicare non-enrolled retirees but the premiums will be much higher. See the Medicare COB section as there is important information you need to know.

Near Retirement

SHBP regulations allow a retiree to take into retirement the coverage that was in effect at the time of retirement. An active employee can pick up SHBP coverage and add dependents to the coverage during the Open Enrollment Period prior to retirement. The coverage will go into effect on January 1 of the following year and retirement will have to occur after January 1 for the election made during Open Enrollment to take effect.

Eligibility

You may be able to continue Plan coverage if you are enrolled in the Plan when you retire and are immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from any of these systems:

- Employees' Retirement System (ERS)
- Teachers Retirement System (TRS)
- Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)
- Local School System Teachers Retirement Systems
- Fulton County Retirement System (eligible Members)
- Legislative Retirement System
- Superior Court Judges or District Attorney's Retirement System

Important Note: Individuals who have withdrawn all money from their respective retirement system will not be able to continue health coverage as a retiree. Eligibility for temporary extended coverage under COBRA provisions would apply.

Applying for Coverage Continuation

If you are an eligible retiree, you must apply for continued coverage for yourself and Covered Dependents within 60 days of the date your active coverage ends. Application can be made on a *Retirement Surviving Spouse Form*, available through your personnel/payroll office or by contacting the Plan's Eligibility Section. **Failure to apply timely or make the appropriate premium payments terminates your eligibility for retiree coverage.** Members of ERS, TRS, and PSERS will be automatically enrolled in the same option they had as an active employee, unless covered by Medicare. Retirees with Medicare coverage will automatically be enrolled in the Medicare Advantage Standard Option under the healthcare vendor they have. SHBP contributes to the cost of healthcare premiums for retirees who enroll in one of the Medicare Advantage options only.

Retirees may request to change options if the request is made within 31 days of retirement. You may request the change by downloading, printing and completing the Retiree/ Surviving Spouse Form available at www.dch.georgia.gov/shbp or you may call the SHBP Call Center at (800) 610-1863 or (404) 656-6322 to request a form. Plan options include the Open Access Plan (OAP), High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO), and Health Reimbursement Account (HRA). If you elect to enroll in one of these options, you will not receive the State contribution toward the cost of your premiums.

When Coverage Begins

If you are eligible for a monthly annuity at the time you retire, your coverage starts immediately at retirement, provided that you make proper premium payments or have them deducted from your retirement check. Coverage for your dependents (if you elect to continue dependent coverage) starts on the same day that your retiree

coverage begins. A change from single to family coverage as a retiree is allowed only when you have a qualifying event.

Note: If you discontinue coverage at the time you retire, you will not be able to get this coverage back unless you return to work in a benefits eligible position.

When Coverage Ends:

For You

Coverage will end when you discontinue coverage or fail to pay premiums on time.

For Your Dependents

Coverage for your dependents will end when:

- They are no longer eligible
- If Social Security Number is not provided
- You change from family to single coverage
- You do not pay premiums on time
- Your coverage as a Member ends.

Keep in mind that if dependents are dropped from your coverage, you will not be able to enroll them again – unless you have a qualifying event.

Continuing Dependent Coverage at Your Death

In the event of your death, your covered surviving spouse or eligible dependents should contact the applicable retirement system (ERS, TRS, PSERS, etc.) and the Plan as soon as possible. To continue coverage, surviving spouses or eligible children must complete a Retirement/Surviving Spouse Form and send it to the Plan within 31 days of your death.

Plan provisions vary for survivors:

Surviving spouse receives annuity

- Plan coverage may continue after your death
- Premiums will be deducted from annuity
- Spouse sends payments directly to Plan if annuity is not large enough to cover premium
- New dependents or spouse *cannot* be added to survivor's coverage
- Surviving spouse who become eligible for SHBP coverage as an active employee must discontinue the surviving spouse coverage and enroll as an active employee.
- When you return to a surviving spouse status, surviving spouse coverage may be reinstated after notifying the Plan within 31 days. You will be eligible for continuous coverage, based on the conditions that first made you eligible as a surviving spouse.

Surviving spouse does not receive annuity

- Plan coverage may continue after your death if spouse was married to you at least one year before death
- Spouse sends payments directly to the Plan
- Coverage ends if surviving spouse remarries

Surviving child does not receive annuity and there is no surviving spouse

- Plan coverage may continue under COBRA provisions

Making Changes to Your Retiree Coverage

You can make changes to your coverage tier only at these times:

- Within 31 days of a qualifying event
- During the annual Retiree Option Change Period
 - You may change your Plan option only
 - Adding dependents is not permitted unless you have a qualifying event as described in the section below.

Note: Upon retirement, your coverage will be changed to single or family, based on your covered dependents.

If you and your dependents enroll in the UHC Medicare Advantage Private Fee for Services with Prescription Drugs (MAPD PFFS) option, any dependents not eligible for MAPD PFFS option will be covered under the option they had at the time the member became covered by the MA Option.

Dropping Your Retiree Coverage

You can drop coverage at any time. However, you will not be able to get the coverage back unless you return to work in a benefits eligible position.

Qualifying Events

You must request a coverage change within 31 days of the qualifying event by:

- Contacting the Plan directly
- Returning the necessary form(s) with any requested documentation and the dependent's Social Security Number to the Plan by the deadline. * Fill out the form(s) completely. If adding a spouse due to marriage, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) regulations require SHBP capture the spouse's Social Security Number.

If you miss the deadline, you will not have another chance to make the desired change. If the deadline is met, your change will take effect on the first day of the month following the receipt of your request, unless indicated in the chart below.

*** Do not hold form requesting change even if you are waiting on documentation. Request must be made within 31 days of qualifying event.**

If you have this qualifying event...	You may...
<p>You retire and immediately qualify for a retirement annuity with any Georgia retirement system except, ERS, TRS or PSERS</p> <p>Coverage must be continuous from active to retiree status.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You must complete and submit Plan enrollment form no later than 60 days after leaving active employment • Your coverage will automatically roll from active to retiree status if in ERS, TRS, or PSERS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change coverage tier to single • Change to any available Option • Discontinue Coverage <p>Note: If you have employee + spouse, or employee + child(ren), or employee + spouse + child(ren), you will be changed to family tier</p>
<p>If your retirement check through the State of Georgia no longer covers the premium for your health coverage</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change to any available Option • Drop coverage • Change coverage tier to single • Pay SHBP directly for your premiums
<p>You become eligible for Medicare</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You must send a copy of your Medicare card(s) to the SHBP

If you have this qualifying event...	You may...
If you are working in a benefits eligible position and are continuing to receive your retirement annuity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You must advise SHBP when you terminate your benefits eligible position or you will not have health coverage as a retiree. Change coverage tier to single Change to any available Option <p>Note: If you have employee + spouse, or employee + child(ren), or employee + spouse + child(ren), you will be changed to family tier.</p>
Acquire dependent because of marriage, birth, adoption or Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Within 31 days of qualifying event Change coverage tier Change coverage option Add your eligible dependent(s) Proper documentation and Social Security Number for each dependent is required
Spouse's loss of eligibility for health insurance due to retirement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Within 31 days of qualifying event Loss of eligibility for health insurance at retirement is a qualifying event <p>Note: Retirement without loss of eligibility for health insurance, discontinuation of coverage, reduction of benefits, or change in premiums ARE NOT qualifying events</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change coverage tier Change coverage option Add your eligible dependent(s) A letter from the other plan documenting loss of coverage and reason for loss is required. You will need to furnish the Social Security Number for each dependent you wish to cover.
Spouse or enrolled dependent's employment status changes, affecting coverage eligibility under a qualified health plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change coverage tier within 31 days of the qualifying event; proper documentation is required

If you have this qualifying event...	You may...
Divorce	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You must provide copy of divorce decree and loss of other insurance coverage documentation Must remove spouse from coverage Must remove stepchildren from coverage Change coverage tier Change coverage Option to any available Option
You and spouse are both retirees and each have sufficient retirement benefits from a State of Georgia covered retirement system to have Plan premiums deducted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change at any time from family coverage to each having single coverage; the request to change from family to single for you and the request for single coverage for your spouse must be filed at the same time.
Loss of dependent(s) that impacts your Tier (i.e. loss of all eligible dependents – you may change tiers to single coverage)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide documentation stating the reason and date of eligibility was lost unless the reason for loss of coverage is because of reaching age 19 or 26: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loss of all eligible dependents (i.e. Child is 19 and is not enrolled as a full-time student, is between the ages of 19 and 26 and is not enrolled as a full-time student, was enrolled as full-time but hours have dropped or reaches age 26) Change coverage tier to single

Changes Permitted Without A Qualifying Event

Retirees may change from family to single coverage, or discontinue coverage at anytime by submitting the appropriate Plan form. However, if you change from family to single coverage, you cannot increase your coverage later without a qualifying event. **If you discontinue coverage, you may not enroll later unless you return to work in a State of Georgia benefit eligible position.**

Important Note On Coverage Changes: If your current Plan option is not offered in the upcoming Plan year and you do not elect a different option available to you during the Retiree Option Change Period, your coverage will be transferred automatically to an option selected by SHBP effective January 1 of the subsequent Plan year.

Retiree Option Change Period

During the 30-day Retiree Option Change Period, generally from mid-October to mid-November each Plan year, you can make these changes to your coverage:

- Select a new coverage option
- Change from family to single coverage
- Discontinue coverage (**Note:** Re-enrollments are not allowed.)

Changes will take effect the following January 1.

Before the Retiree Option Change Period begins, the Plan will send you a retiree information packet. The packet will include:

- Information on the Plan options
- Steps for notifying the Plan about coverage selections for the new Plan year

- Forms you may need to complete
- Informational resources.

To ensure that you receive the information packet, make sure the Plan always has your most up to date mailing address. Mail letter notifying SHBP of new address to: SHBP, P. O. Box 1990, Atlanta, GA 30301. Be sure to include our retiree's Social Security Number.

If You Return to Active Service

If you choose to return to active service with an employing entity under the Plan, whether immediately after you retire or at a later date, your retirement annuity may be suspended or continued. Health Plan coverage, however, must be purchased as an active employee and through payroll deduction by your employer. You will need to complete enrollment paperwork with your employer and the appropriate form to have the deduction stopped with the retirement system.

When you return to retired status, retiree coverage may be reinstated after notifying the Plan within 31 days. You will be eligible for continuous coverage, based on the conditions that first made you eligible as a retiree.

If you retired before the initial legislative funding for a particular employee group, you will not be entitled to retiree Plan coverage unless the final service period qualifies you for a retirement benefit from a state supported retirement system.

Special Note: Re-enrollment into retiree coverage is not automatic. You must request coverage within 31 days of loss of active coverage or you will lose eligibility for retiree coverage.

Medicare Coordination of Benefits for Open Access Plan (OAP), Health Reimbursement Account (HRA), High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) and Health Maintenance Organization (HMO)

Coordination of Benefits With Medicare

To prevent duplicate benefit payment, the Plan coordinates benefits with Medicare and any other plan that may cover you and your dependents. The first step in coordination is the determination of which plan is primary or which plan pays benefits first and which plan is secondary. Under Georgia law, the SHBP is required to subordinate health benefits to Medicare benefits.

The chart below provides important details related to primary and secondary coverage based on your Medicare status (for you and/or your dependents are not enrolled in a Medicare Advantage plan):

If you are retired and...	The Plan will pay...
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ...age 65, Medicare eligible and enrolled in Part A, Part B, and Part D; consider enrolling two months prior to the month in which you turn 65 to maximize coverage and pay the lowest premium 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Secondary benefits starting on the first day of the month in which you turn 65

If you are retired and...	The Plan will pay...
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ...age 65, Medicare eligible and do not enroll in Part A, Part B and Part D 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary benefits; however, Plan premium will increase significantly
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ...age 65 or older and not entitled to Medicare (because have not lived in the U.S. for 5 years or longer) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary benefits; however, Plan premium will increase
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ...age 65 or older and have dependents not entitled to Medicare because of age 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary benefits for dependents

The SHBP is not a supplemental plan to Medicare. The Plan will pay secondary benefits/coordinate benefits if retired and enrolled in Medicare. The Plan does not pay secondary benefits with the Medicare Advantage Options.

Frequently asked Medicare Questions

- Are you not yet eligible for Medicare?
 - You may elect to have coverage under any of the non-Medicare plan options offered by SHBP.
 - Your health premiums will be very similar to those of active employees
- Are you eligible or about to be eligible for Medicare?
 - Medicare is the country's health insurance program for people age 65 or older who qualify based on Medicare eligibility rules. Medicare also covers certain people with disabilities who are under age 65 and people of any age who have permanent kidney failure. Medicare becomes

your primary insurance carrier once covered by Medicare. You are eligible for Medicare even if you never paid into Social Security. You and/or your spouse can purchase Medicare Part B if you are a U.S. Citizen, reside in the U.S., age 65 or older (or a legal non-citizen, age 65 or older, who resides and has lived in the U.S. for at least 5 years or longer) Refer to question number 3.

- You will need to send a copy of your Medicare coverage (A, B or D) to SHBP at P.O. Box 1990, Atlanta, GA 30301-1990 in order to receive the discount in premiums. Medicare information should be sent to SHBP the first of the month prior to the month in which the retiree turns 65 or becomes eligible for Medicare because of disability. Premiums cannot be reduced until copies of your Medicare cards are received and the change in premium is processed by the retirement system. Delay in submission of Medicare information does not qualify for a refund of the difference in premiums.

Due to age

- You should enroll for Medicare Parts A and B
- SHBP will default your coverage to the Medicare Advantage Standard Option under the healthcare vendor you currently have provided SHBP has received and processed your Medicare information. You may elect another SHBP Option within 31 days.

Due to Disability

- If you are disabled under Social Security, you may qualify for Medicare after a waiting period

3. What if I have End Stage Renal Disease?

- If you or your dependents are enrolled in Medicare due to End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), you may not enroll in a Medicare Advantage option during your first 30 months of Medicare coverage because SHBP is your primary coverage. After 30 months, when Medicare becomes primary, you may enroll in one of the Medicare Advantage plans. You will need to send the SHBP a copy of the letter advising of Medicare eligibility

4. What if I Enroll in one of the Medicare Advantage Options?

- You must have a minimum of Medicare Part B to enroll in one of these options
- You will receive the state contribution toward the cost of your health insurance
- Options include Medicare Parts A, B and D and do not coordinate benefits with Medicare
- You may lose your SHBP coverage if you enroll in a Medicare supplemental Plan or Part D plan once enrolled in a SHBP Medicare Advantage Option
- See the Medicare Advantage Evidence of Coverage (EOC) for more information
- Any covered individuals who are not eligible for one of the Medicare Advantage Options may elect to have coverage under the OAP, HMO, HRA, or HDHP for the person without Medicare.

5. What if I Enroll in one of the non-Medicare Options offered by SHBP?

- You will not receive the state contribution toward the cost of the health insurance

- SHBP will be primary if you do not have Medicare coverage
- Premiums will be based on the Parts of Medicare (A, B and D) that you have. There will be no adjustments in premiums because you have other coverage such as TRICARE, VA or other group coverage since SHBP may have potential primary liability.
- SHBP will coordinate benefits with Medicare

Medicare information is available at:

- www.cms.hhs.gov/medicarereform
- www.medicare.gov
- www.ssa.gov
- 1-800-669-8387 (Georgia Cares)
- 1-800-633-4227 (Medicare)

Section 6: How to File a Claim

This section provides you with information about:

- How and when to file a claim.
- If you receive Covered Health Services from a Contracted provider, you do not have to file a claim. We pay these providers directly.
- If you receive Covered Health Services from a non-Contracted provider, you are responsible for filing a claim and payment.

If You Receive Covered Health Services from a Contracted provider

We pay Contracted providers directly for your Covered Health Services. If a Contracted provider bills you for any Covered Health Service, contact UnitedHealthcare. However, you are responsible for meeting the Annual Deductible and for paying Copayments/Coinsurance to a Contracted provider at the time of service, or when you receive a bill from the provider.

Filing a Claim for Benefits*

When you receive Covered Health Services from a non-Contracted or contracted provider:

You must submit a request for payment of Benefits within 24 months following the month of service (this may also be referred to as the timely filing deadline). If you do not submit this information within the specified time limit the claim will not be paid. This time limit does not apply if you are legally incapacitated. If your claim relates to an Inpatient Stay, the month of service is the date your Inpatient Stay ends. Claim forms may be obtained from myuhc.com or by contacting customer service.

*Applies to all claims, medical, pharmacy, etc.

Medicare Part D Information

If you are not enrolled in Medicare Part D, you may enroll during the Medicare annual open enrollment, November 15 - December 31. This open enrollment is held by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) and not by SHBP. In many cases, you do not need the enhanced prescription drug plan. Your individual pharmacy needs will indicate the level of coverage that is best for you.

Part D enrollment is only for those Medicare eligible enrollees who wish to be enrolled in one of the SHBP options that do not receive the state contribution toward the cost of health insurance: Open Access Plan (OAP), High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO), and Health Reimbursement Account (HRA).

Coordination of Pharmacy Benefits between your Prescription Drug Plan (PDP) and SHBP

- If you have a Medicare Part D plan as primary, each time you go to the pharmacy, present both your Medicare Part D and SHBP identification cards.
- When Medicare coordination of benefits occurs, you should not be responsible for more than your SHBP copayment for eligible charges.
- When you reach the PDP coverage gap, you should still present both identification cards and you will pay your SHBP copayment.
- Please note in order to be eligible for reimbursement when coordinating pharmacy benefits with your primary insurance carrier and it is your responsibility to make sure any prescriptions subject to specific benefits rules such as notification and progression Rx receive approval before your claims may be considered for reimbursement.

Required Information

When you request payment of Benefits from us, you must provide all of the following information:

- A. Member's name and address.
- B. The patient's name, age and relationship to the Member.
- C. The member number stated on your ID card.
- D. An itemized bill from your provider that includes the following:
 - Patient diagnosis
 - Date of service
 - Procedure code(s) and description of service(s) rendered
 - Provider of service (Name, Address and Tax Identification Number)

- E. The date the Injury or Sickness began.
- F. A statement indicating either that you are, or you are not, enrolled for coverage under any other health insurance plan or program. If you are enrolled for other coverage you must include the name of the other carrier(s).

Payment of Benefits

Through UnitedHealthcare, we will make a benefit determination as set forth below.

You may assign your Benefits under the Plan to a non-Contracted provider.

UnitedHealthcare will notify you if additional information is needed to process the claim. UnitedHealthcare may request a one time extension not longer than 15 days and will pend your claim until all information is received. Once you are notified of the extension or missing information, you then have at least 45 days to provide this information.

Benefit Determinations

Post-Service Claims

Post-Service Claims are those claims that are filed for payment of benefits after medical care has been received. If your post-service claim is denied, you will receive a written notice from UnitedHealthcare within 30 days of receipt of the claim, as long as all needed information was provided with the claim.

UnitedHealthcare will notify you within this 30-day period if additional information is needed to process the claim, and may request a one time extension not longer than 15 days and pend your claim until all information is received.

Once notified of the extension you then have 45 days to provide this information. If all of the needed information is received within the

45-day time frame and the claim is denied, UnitedHealthcare will notify you of the denial within 15 days after the information is received. If you don't provide the needed information within the 45-day period, your claim will be denied.

A denial notice will explain the reason for denial, refer to the part of the Plan on which the denial is based, and provide the claim appeal procedures.

Pre-Service Claims

Pre-service claims are those claims that require notification or approval prior to receiving the requested medical care. If your claim is a pre-service claim, and is submitted properly with all needed information, you will receive written notice of the pre-service claim decision from UnitedHealthcare within 15 days of receipt of the claim. If you filed a pre-service claim improperly, UnitedHealthcare will notify you of the improper filing and how to correct it within 5 days after the pre-service claim was received. If additional information is needed to process the pre-service claim, UnitedHealthcare will notify you of the information needed within 15 days after the claim was received, and may request a one time extension not longer than 15 days and pend your claim until all information is received. Once notified of the extension, you then have 45 days to provide this information. If all of the needed information is received within the 45-day time frame, UnitedHealthcare will notify you of the pre-determination within 15 days after the information is received. If you don't provide the needed information within the 45-day period, your claim will be denied. A denial notice will explain the reason for denial, refer to the part of the Plan on which the denial is based, and provide the claim appeal procedures.

Urgent Claims that Require Immediate Action

Urgent claims are those claims that require notification or approval prior to receiving medical care, where a delay in treatment could seriously jeopardize your life or health or the ability to regain maximum function or, in the opinion of a physician with knowledge of your medical condition could cause severe pain. In these situations:

- You will receive notice of the benefit determination in writing or electronically within 72 hours after UnitedHealthcare receives all necessary information, taking into account the seriousness of your condition.
- Notice of denial may be oral with a written or electronic confirmation to follow within 3 days.

If you filed an urgent claim improperly, UnitedHealthcare will notify you of the improper filing and how to correct it within 24 hours after the urgent claim was received. If additional information is needed to process the claim, UnitedHealthcare will notify you of the information needed within 24 hours after the claim was received. You then have 48 hours to provide the requested information.

You will be notified of a determination no later than 48 hours after:

- UnitedHealthcare's receipt of the requested information; or
- The end of the 48-hour period within which you were to provide the additional information, if the information is not received within that time.

A denial notice will explain the reason for denial, refer to the part of the Plan on which the denial is based, and provide the claim appeal procedures.

Concurrent Care Claims

If an on going course of treatment was previously approved for a specific period of time or number of treatments, and your request to extend the treatment is an urgent claim as defined above, your request will be decided within 24 hours, provided your request is made at least 24 hours prior to the end of the approved treatment. UnitedHealthcare will make a determination on your request for the extended treatment within 24 hours from receipt of your request.

If your request for extended treatment is not made at least 24 hours prior to the end of the approved treatment, the request will be treated as an urgent claim and decided according to the timeframes described above. If an on going course of treatment was previously approved for a specific period of time or number of treatments, and you request to extend treatment in a non-urgent circumstance, your request will be considered a new claim and decided according to post-service or pre-service timeframes, whichever applies.

Section 7: Questions, Complaints and Appeals

This section provides you with information to help you with the following:

- You have a question or concern about Covered Health Services or your Benefits.
- You have a complaint.
- How to handle an appeal that requires immediate action.
- You are notified that a claim has been denied because it has been determined that a service or supply is excluded under the Plan and you wish to appeal such determination. Appeals should be sent to the following address:

UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company
P.O. Box 30994
Salt Lake City, Utah 84130-0994

If a request for Plan benefits is denied, either totally or partially, you or your dependents will receive a notice of denial either electronically or in writing or, in case of Urgent Care, notice is verbal and then followed by an electronic or written notification.

To resolve a question or appeal, just follow these steps:

What to Do First

If your question or concern is about a benefit determination, you may informally contact Customer Service before requesting a formal appeal. The Customer Service telephone number is shown on your ID card and on page 2 of this SPD. If the Customer Service representative cannot resolve the issue to your satisfaction over the phone, you may submit your question in writing. However, if you are not satisfied with a benefit determination as described in Section 6: How to File a Claim you may appeal it as described below, without first informally contacting Customer Service. If you first informally contact Customer Service and later wish to request a formal appeal in writing, you should contact Customer Service and request an appeal. If you request a formal appeal, a Customer Service representative will provide you with the appropriate address of UnitedHealthcare to submit the written appeal.

If you are appealing an urgent care claim denial, please refer to the "Urgent Claim Appeals that Require Immediate Action" section below and contact Customer Service immediately.

How to Appeal a Claim Decision

If you disagree with a pre-service or post-service claim determination after following the above steps, you can contact UnitedHealthcare in writing to formally request an appeal.

Your request should include:

- The patient's name and the identification number from the ID card.
- The date(s) of medical service(s).

- The provider's name.
- The reason you believe the claim should be paid.
- Any documentation or other written information to support your request for claim payment.

Your first appeal request must be submitted to UnitedHealthcare within 180 days after you receive the claim denial.

Appeal Process – How to Appeal an Eligibility Decision

SHBP will handle all eligibility appeals. Please forward all requests for eligibility appeals along with a completed appeal form to: State Health Benefit Plan, Membership Correspondence Unit, P. O. Box 1990, Atlanta, GA 30301. The appeal forms are available through your Personnel/ Payroll office, website address www.dch.georgia.gov/shbp or directly from the SHBP. All member correspondence sent to the Plan should include the enrolled member's Social Security Number (SSN) to prevent a delay in processing your request.

Appeals Determinations

Pre-Service and Post-Service Claim Appeals

You will be provided written or electronic notification of decision on your appeal as follows:

For appeals of pre-service claims, as defined in Section 6: How to File a Claim, the first level appeal will be conducted and you will be notified by UnitedHealthcare of the decision within 15 days from receipt of a request for appeal of a denied claim. The second level appeal will be conducted and you will be notified by UnitedHealthcare of the decision within 15 days from receipt of a request for review of the first level appeal decision.

For appeals of post-service claims as defined in Section 6: How to File a Claim, the first level appeal will be conducted and you will be notified by UnitedHealthcare of the decision within 30 days from receipt of a request for appeal of a denied claim. The second level appeal will be conducted and you will be notified by UnitedHealthcare of the decision within 30 days from receipt of a request for review of the first level appeal decision.

For procedures associated with urgent claims, see "Urgent Claim Appeals that Require Immediate Action" below.

If you are not satisfied with the first level appeal decision of UnitedHealthcare, you have the right to request a second level appeal from UnitedHealthcare. Your second level appeal request must be submitted to UnitedHealthcare in writing within 60 days from receipt of the first level appeal decision.

For pre-service and post-service claim appeals, SHBP has delegated to UnitedHealthcare the exclusive right to interpret and administer the provisions of the Plan. UnitedHealthcare's decisions are conclusive and binding.

Note: UnitedHealthcare's decision is based only on whether or not Benefits are available under the Plan for the proposed treatment or procedure. The determination as to whether the pending health service is necessary or appropriate is between you and your Physician.

Urgent Claim Appeals that Require Immediate Action

Your appeal may require immediate action if a delay in treatment could significantly increase the risk to your health or the ability to regain maximum function or cause severe pain. In these urgent situations:

The appeal does not need to be submitted in writing. You or your Physician should call UnitedHealthcare as soon as possible. UnitedHealthcare will provide you with a written or electronic determination within 72 hours following receipt by UnitedHealthcare of your request for review of the determination taking into account the seriousness of your condition.

For urgent claim appeals, we have delegated to UnitedHealthcare the exclusive right to interpret and administer the provisions of the Plan. UnitedHealthcare's decisions are conclusive and binding.

Voluntary External Review Program

If a final determination to deny Benefits is made, you may choose to participate in our voluntary external review program, at your cost. The cost can range from \$500-\$2,000. This program only applies if the decision is based on either of the following:

- Clinical reasons.
- The exclusion for Experimental, Investigational or Unproven Services.

NOTE: The external review program is not available if the coverage determinations are based on explicit Benefit exclusions or defined Benefit limits. Therefore, the second level appeal decision is final. Contact UnitedHealthcare at the telephone number shown on your ID card and page 2 of this SPD for more information on the voluntary external review program.

Section 8: Coordination of Benefits

This section provides you with information about:

- What you need to know when you have coverage under more than one plan.
- Definitions specific to Coordination of Benefit rules.
- Order of payment rules.

Filing a Claim When Coordination of Benefits (COB) applies

You and your Covered dependents may have medical coverage under more than one plan. In this case, the Plans coordination of benefits (COB) provisions apply.

When the SHBP is secondary, benefits are coordinated utilizing the non-duplication rule. Non-duplication maintains the member's same benefit level, regardless of the existence of two carriers. The Plan pays only the difference between the plan's normal benefit and any amount payable by the primary plan. The member is responsible for any remaining balance.

Non-Covered Services or items, penalties, and amounts balance billed are not part of the Allowed Amount and are the Member's responsibility.

- COB applies to group health coverage, including:
 - Government programs such as Medicare or state contracts (dual SHBP coverage)
 - Your spouse's insurance at his or her work
 - COBRA coverage
- COB does not apply to an individual policy – one for which you pay the total premium directly to the insurer.

If the 24-month timely filing limit is approaching and you have not received an explanation of benefits (EOB) from the primary plan, submit your claim(s) to the Plan without the EOB prior to the deadline. When you receive the EOB, send it to the Plan for processing, even if the deadline has passed.

For COB information that applies when you or a Covered Dependent is injured in an accident caused by another party, see *Subrogation*.

How COB Works

- When you or your dependents are covered by two group health plans, **determine which plan is the primary and which is secondary**. The primary plan is obligated to pay a claim first, which generally means that it will pay most of the expenses.
- **Submit claims to the primary plan first**. You will receive a benefit payment from that plan along with an explanation of benefits (EOB).

- **Make a copy of the EOB you received from the primary plan, attach it to a claim form and mail both to the secondary plan.** The SHBP won't pay a secondary benefit until you submit the primary plan's EOB. Indicate the name and policy number of the person who has the other coverage and that plan's group number.

If your other group coverage ends, you must report the cancellation date to Member Services in writing and include supporting documentation from the primary plan. You can get the information from your employer or from the other insurance company.

How to Tell Which Plan is Primary

Generally, a plan is primary when:

- The patient is the Member or employee
- The plan does not have coordination of benefits
- The plan is a Workman's Compensation Plan or an automobile insurance medical benefit
- The other plan is Medicare and the patient is covered under the group plan of an active employee. **Note:** Members under the age 65 may qualify for Medicare because of a covered disability or end-stage renal disease. SHBP coverage will be primary until the Medicare waiting period has been exhausted. Medicare determines the length of time the SHBP coverage is primary. Retirees should refer to the Retiree Section 5 for additional information.

*** Note** for Retirees with primary coverage through Medicare: Network providers may collect the office visits coinsurance at the time of service.

In other situations, determining which plan is primary is more complicated:

- **If the patient is a dependent child with married parents,** the plan that covers the parent whose birthday comes first in the Calendar year is primary, unless the parents are divorced. If both parents were born on the same date, the plan that has covered the parent for the longest time pays first.
- **When a plan uses the gender rule to determine the primary plan, the father's plan is primary.** If the other plan follows the gender rule, the SHBP will allow the father's plan to be primary.
- **When the patient is a dependent child whose parents are divorced,** the plan of the parent with custody pays first, except where a court decrees otherwise.
- **If the parent with legal custody has remarried:**
 - The plan of the parent with legal custody pays first.
 - The plan of the spouse of the parent with custody pays second.
 - The plan of the parent who does not have custody pays last.

If custody is joint, the plan that covers the parent whose birthday comes first in the Calendar Year is primary.

- **When two plans cover the Member as an active employee,** the plan that has covered the employee the longest pays first.
- **For active employees versus inactive employees,** a plan that covers a person:
 - As an active employee is primary over a plan that covers a person who is retired, laid off or covered under COBRA.
 - As an inactive employee is primary over a plan that covers the inactive employee as the spouse of an active employee.
 - As a dependent of an active employee is primary over Medicare coverage for a retiree.

If none of the rules described in this section apply, the plan that has covered the person the longest is primary.

If You Have Dual Plan Coverage

Coordination of benefits when both you and your spouse have Plan coverage as Member (i.e., when you have dual coverage) works like this:

- If one of you has family coverage and the other has single coverage, only the spouse with the single coverage has dual coverage.
- When both spouses have dual coverage, the coverage of the spouse who is the patient is primary.
- If the patient is a dependent, then the plan that covers the parent whose birthday comes first in the Calendar year is primary.

When you have dual coverage, you cannot transfer Deductibles between Plan contracts.

Other Forms of Duplicated Benefits

- The Plan does not duplicate payments that you may receive under third-party medical payment contracts or because of any lawsuit, including malpractice litigation.
- If you receive medical payments from underwriters of a homeowner's policy, an automobile insurance policy or any other payment plan, the Plan will consider only those charges over the amounts paid by the third party(ies).
- The Plan has the right to delay your payments until it determines whether or not other parties are liable for paying your medical expenses. However, when the employee or Covered Dependent must sue to determine the parties' obligations, the Plan will not delay payment provided that you or the payee agrees to reimburse the Plan for duplicated medical payments.

Section 9: Continuation of Coverage under COBRA

This section provides you with information about all of the following:

- Continuation of coverage under federal law (COBRA).

- Military duty (emergency and voluntary) – more details below
- Suspension of employment

You will have to meet certain requirements for each leave type and your personnel/payroll office can provide you with the necessary information, including premium rates and a *Request to Continue Health Benefits During Leave of Absence Without Pay* form. Also, most leave types require supporting documentation which you will supply to your employer.

You can apply for continued coverage within 31 days after starting an unpaid leave.

When Coverage may be Continued

Certain situations allow you to continue your SHBP coverage.

Unpaid Leaves of Absence

If you are an active employee on an approved unpaid leave, you may be able to continue your current coverage for up to 12 calendar months – or longer for military leave.

Unpaid leave is available for:

- Disability/illness – more details below
- Educational instruction
- Employee's convenience
- Employer's convenience
- Family medical reasons as provided under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) – more details below

Continuing Coverage During Approved Disability Leave

In case you become disabled while an active employee, the Plan has provisions that may allow you to continue coverage, which are described in the table below:

Because of a disability, you have this situation:	You will be affected in this way:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You are Totally Disabled and are on an approved disability leave <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You return to work on a part-time basis before the end of your approved disability leave and before returning to full-time work 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You will be eligible to continue health benefits for up to 12 months You must pay premiums directly to your employer Coverage is limited to whichever is less: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The disability period that your Physician certifies. You must provide additional documentation of your disability period to your employer 12 consecutive months if the disability continues

If you are a disabled retired Member, see Provisions for the Eligible Retirees for more information on how your coverage may be affected.

Continuing Coverage Under Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)

You may continue medical coverage for yourself and your dependents for up to 12 weeks for specific medical and/or family medical reasons. Forms for continuing your coverage are available from your personnel/payroll office.

During FMLA leave without pay, premium payment is made directly to your employer. How FMLA affects your coverage depends on the circumstances involving your leave.

If you have this situation:	You will be affected this way:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Choose not to continue coverage while on leave 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Claims will not be paid by SHBP for the period after coverage terminates and while you remain on leave. You are responsible for paying Providers. You must resume coverage when you return to work.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Open Enrollment period occurs while on leave 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If you continue coverage while on leave, you may change coverage as permitted during Open Enrollment If you do not continue coverage while on leave, contact your employer for Open Enrollment information

If you have this situation:	You will be affected this way:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not return to work after your leave ends and you have paid your premiums directly to your employer during your leave 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You may be eligible to continue your medical coverage through COBRA

Continuing Coverage During Military Leave

You and your dependents have the right to continue your coverage with premium payments sent directly to your employer.

- If you are an activated military reservist called on an emergency basis, you will pay your employee share of the premium.
- For other military leaves, you will be required to pay the full premium.

You may elect to discontinue coverage while on leave. The SHBP will reinstate your coverage when you return from military service. However, for the time period allowed by the Veteran's Administration, the Plan does not cover care for a Member's illness or injury that the Secretary of Veterans' Affairs determined was acquired or aggravated during the military leave.

If You Leave Your Job

This chart shows how your coverage would be affected if you were to leave your job:

If you have this situation:	You will be affected in this way:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Leave your job with less than eight years of service Take another job that does not qualify you for coverage Move to part-time status Are laid off 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You can continue coverage for up to 18 months under COBRA provisions
<p>Leave your job and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Have at least eight years of service, but less than 10 years 	<p>You can continue coverage by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Submitting the appropriate forms(s) within 60 days of when your coverage would end Paying the full cost of coverage, except Subscribers under the Legislative Retirement System Providing a statement from your employer verifying your service

If you have this situation:	You will be affected in this way:
Leave your job and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have at least 10 years of service, but before minimum age to qualify for an immediate retirement annuity • You leave money in retirement system 	You can continue coverage by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Submitting the appropriate forms(s) within 60 days of when your coverage would end • Paying the full cost of coverage until your retirement check begins • Paying a lower Member premium once your retirement check begins

See provisions for Eligible Retirees for more information about how coverage is affected when you leave your job and are immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity.

In the Event of an Active Employee's Death

The benefits available to your survivors will depend on your length of service.

- When your surviving spouse receives a monthly check from a qualifying retirement system, your covered survivor(s) can continue Plan coverage if your surviving spouse:
 - Elects to receive his or her benefits as a monthly check (versus a lump-sum benefit)
 - Sends the Plan a Retirement/Surviving Spouse Form within 90 days after your death

Surviving children can continue coverage until they are ineligible under Plan rules. Dependents may not be added after your death.

- When your surviving spouse does not receive your monthly retirement check or when a lump-sum benefit is elected, your survivor(s) can continue coverage through COBRA

See provisions for Eligible Retirees for information on survivor coverage in the event of a retiree's death.

Continuation of Coverage

If your coverage ends under the Plan, you may be entitled to elect continuation coverage (coverage that continues on in some form) in accordance with federal law.

Continuation coverage under COBRA (the federal Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act) is available only to Plans that are subject to the terms of COBRA. You can contact your Plan Administrator to determine if we are subject to the provisions of COBRA.

If you selected continuation coverage under a prior plan which was then replaced by coverage under this Plan, continuation coverage will end as scheduled under the prior plan or in accordance with the terminating events listed below, whichever is earlier.

Continuation Coverage under Federal Law (COBRA)

Much of the language in this section comes from the federal law that governs continuation coverage.

In order to be eligible for continuation coverage under federal law, you must meet the definition of a "Qualified Beneficiary". A Qualified Beneficiary is any of the following persons who was covered under the Plan on the day before a qualifying event:

- A Member.

- A Member's Enrolled Dependent, including with respect to the Member's children, a child born to or placed for adoption with the Member during a period of continuation coverage under federal law.
- A Member's former spouse.

Qualifying Events for Continuation Coverage under Federal Law (COBRA)

If the coverage of a Qualified Beneficiary would ordinarily terminate due to one of the following qualifying events, then the Qualified Beneficiary is entitled to continue coverage. The Qualified Beneficiary is entitled to elect the same coverage that she or he had on the day before the qualifying event.

The qualifying events with respect to an employee who is a Qualified Beneficiary are:

- Termination of the Member from employment with us, for any reason other than gross misconduct, or reduction of hours; or
- Death of the Member; or
- Divorce or legal separation of the Member; or
- Loss of eligibility by an Enrolled Dependent who is a child; or
- Entitlement of the Member to Medicare benefits; or
- The Plan Sponsor filing for bankruptcy, under Title XI, United States Code, on or after July 1, 1986, but only for a retired Member and his or her Enrolled Dependents. This is also a qualifying event for any retired Member and his or her Enrolled Dependents if there is a substantial elimination of coverage within one year before or after the date the bankruptcy was filed.

Notification Requirements and Election Period for Continuation Coverage under Federal Law (COBRA)

The Member or other Qualified Beneficiary must notify SHBP within 60 days of the Member's divorce, legal separation or an Enrolled Dependent's loss of eligibility as an Enrolled Dependent. If the Member or other Qualified Beneficiary fails to notify SHBP of these events within the 60 day period, SHBP is not obligated to provide continued coverage to the affected Qualified Beneficiary. If a Member is continuing coverage under Federal Law, the Member must notify SHBP within 60 days of the birth or adoption of a child.

Continuation must be elected by the later of 60 days after the qualifying event occurs; or 60 days after the Qualified Beneficiary receives notice of the continuation right from SHBP.

If the Qualified Beneficiary's coverage was terminated due to a qualifying event, then the initial premium due to SHBP must be paid on or before the 45th day after electing continuation.

Notification Requirements for Disability Determination or Change in Disability Status

The Member or other Qualified Beneficiary must notify SHBP as described under "Terminating Events for Continuation Coverage under federal law (COBRA)", subsection A. below.

The notice requirements will be satisfied by providing written notice to SHBP at the address stated in Attachment II to this Summary Plan Description. The contents of the notice must be such that SHBP is able to determine the covered employee and Qualified Beneficiary or Qualified Beneficiaries, the qualifying event or disability, and the date on which the qualifying event occurred.

None of the above notice requirements will be enforced if the Member or other Qualified Beneficiary is not informed of his or her obligations to provide such notice.

After providing notice to SHBP, the Qualified Beneficiary shall receive the continuation coverage and election notice. Continuation coverage must be elected by the later of 60 days after the qualifying event occurs; or 60 days after the Qualified Beneficiary receives notice of the continuation right from SHBP.

The Qualified Beneficiary's initial premium due to SHBP must be paid on or before the 45th day after electing continuation.

The Trade Act of 2002 amended COBRA to provide for a special second 60-day COBRA election period for certain Members who have experienced a termination or reduction of hours and who lose group health plan coverage as a result. The special second COBRA election period is available only to a very limited group of individuals: generally, those who are receiving trade adjustment assistance (TAA) or 'alternative trade adjustment assistance' under a federal law called the Trade Act of 1974. These Members are entitled to a second opportunity to elect COBRA coverage for themselves and certain family members (if they did not already elect COBRA coverage), but only within a limited period of 60 days from the first day of the month when an individual begins receiving TAA (or would be eligible to receive TAA but for the requirement that unemployment benefits be exhausted) and only during the six months immediately after their group health plan coverage ended.

If a Member qualifies or may qualify for assistance under the Trade Act of 1974, he or she should contact SHBP for additional information. The Member must contact SHBP promptly after qualifying for assistance under the Trade Act of 1974 or the

Member will lose his or her special COBRA rights. COBRA

coverage elected during the special second election period is not retroactive to the date that Plan coverage was lost, but begins on the first day of the special second election period.

Terminating Events for Continuation Coverage under Federal Law (COBRA)

Continuation under the Plan will end on the earliest of the following dates:

- A. Eighteen months from the date of the qualifying event, if the Qualified Beneficiary's coverage would have ended because the Member's employment was terminated or hours were reduced (i.e., qualifying event A.).

If a Qualified Beneficiary is determined to have been disabled under the Social Security Act at anytime within the first 60 days of continuation coverage for qualifying event A. then the Qualified Beneficiary may elect an additional 11 months of continuation coverage (for a total of 29 months of continued coverage) subject to the following condition: (i) notice of such disability must be provided within 60 days after the determination of the disability, and in no event later than the end of the first 18 months; (ii) the Qualified Beneficiary must agree to pay any increase in the required premium for the additional 11 months; and (iii) if the Qualified Beneficiary entitled to the 11 months of coverage has non-disabled family members who are also Qualified Beneficiaries, then those non-disabled Qualified Beneficiaries are also entitled to the additional 11 months of continuation coverage. Notice of any final determination that the Qualified Beneficiary is no longer disabled must be provided within 30 days of such determination. Thereafter, continuation coverage may be terminated on the first day of the month that begins more than 30 days after the date of that determination.

- B. Thirty-six months from the date of the qualifying event for an Enrolled Dependent whose coverage ended because of the death of the Member, divorce or legal separation of the Member, loss of eligibility by an Enrolled Dependent who is a child (i.e. qualifying events B., C., or D.).
- C. For the Enrolled Dependents of a Member who was entitled to Medicare prior to a qualifying event that was due to either the termination of employment or work hours being reduced, eighteen months from the date of the qualifying event, or, if later, 36 months from the date of the Member's Medicare entitlement.
- D. The date coverage terminates under the Plan for failure to make timely payment of the premium.
- E. The date, after electing continuation coverage, that coverage is first obtained under any other group health plan. If such coverage contains a limitation or exclusion with respect to any pre-existing condition, continuation shall end on the date such limitation or exclusion ends. The other group health coverage shall be primary for all health services except those health services that are subject to the pre-existing condition limitation or exclusion.
- F. The date, after electing continuation coverage, that the Qualified Beneficiary first becomes entitled to Medicare, except that this shall not apply in the event that coverage was terminated because the Plan Sponsor filed for bankruptcy, (i.e. qualifying event F.).
- G. The date the entire Plan ends.
- H. The date coverage would otherwise terminate under the Plan as described in this section under the heading *Events Ending Your Coverage*.

If a Qualified Beneficiary is entitled to 18 months of continuation and a second qualifying event occurs during that time, the Qualified Beneficiary's coverage may be extended up to a maximum of 36 months from the date coverage ended because employment was terminated or hours were reduced. If the Qualified Beneficiary was entitled to continuation because the Plan Sponsor filed for bankruptcy, (i.e. qualifying event F.) and the retired Member dies during the continuation period, then the other Qualified Beneficiaries shall be entitled to continue coverage for 36 months from the date of the Member's death. Terminating events B. through G. described in this section will apply during the extended continuation period.

Continuation coverage for Qualified Beneficiaries whose continuation coverage terminates because the Member becomes entitled to Medicare may be extended for an additional period of time. Such Qualified Beneficiaries should contact SHBP for information regarding the continuation period.

Section 10:

General Legal Provisions

This section provides you with information about:

- General legal provisions concerning the Plan.

Plan Document

This Summary Plan Description presents an overview of your benefits. If there are discrepancies between the information in this SPD and DCH Board regulations or the laws of the state of Georgia, those regulations and laws will govern at all time.

Relationship with Providers

The relationships between SHBP, UnitedHealthcare, and Network providers are solely contractual relationships between independent contractors. Network providers are not our agents or employees; nor are they agents or employees of UnitedHealthcare. Neither we nor any of our employees are agents or employees of Network providers.

We do not provide health care services or supplies, nor do we practice medicine. Instead, we pay Benefits for Covered Services. Network providers are independent practitioners who run their own offices and facilities. The credentialing process confirms public information about the providers' licenses and other credentials, but does not assure the quality of the services provided. Network providers are not our employees or employees of UnitedHealthcare; nor do we have any other relationship with Network providers such

as principal agent or joint venture. Neither we nor UnitedHealthcare are liable for any act or omission of any provider.

UnitedHealthcare is not considered to be an employer of the SHBP for any purpose with respect to the administration or provision of benefits under this Plan.

We and the UnitedHealthcare are solely responsible for all of the following:

- Enrollment and classification changes (including classification changes resulting in your enrollment or the termination of your coverage).
- The timely payment of Benefits.
- Notifying you of the termination or modifications to the Plan.

Your Relationship with Providers

The relationship between you and any provider is that of provider and patient.

- You are responsible for choosing your own provider.
- You must decide if any provider treating you is right for you. This includes Network providers you choose and providers to whom you have been referred.
- You must decide with your provider what care you should receive.
- Your provider is solely responsible for the quality of the services provided to you.

The relationship between you and us is that of Plan Sponsor and employee, Dependent or other classification as defined in the Plan.

Incentives to You

Sometimes UnitedHealthcare may offer incentives to encourage you to participate in various wellness programs or certain disease management programs. The decision about whether or not to participate is yours alone but we recommend that you discuss participating in such programs with your Physician. These incentives are not Benefits and do not alter or affect your Benefits. Contact UnitedHealthcare if you have any questions.

Interpretation of Benefits

SHBP and UnitedHealthcare have sole and exclusive discretion to do all of the following:

- Interpret Benefits under the Plan.
- Interpret the other terms, conditions, limitations and exclusions of the Plan, including this SPD and any Riders and Amendments.
- Make factual determinations related to the Plan and its Benefits.

SHBP and UnitedHealthcare may delegate this discretionary authority to other persons or entities that provide services in regard to the administration of the Plan.

Administrative Services

We may, in our sole discretion, arrange for various persons or entities to provide administrative services in regard to the Plan, such as claims processing. The identity of the service providers and the nature of the services they provide may be changed from time to time in our sole discretion. We are not required to give you prior notice of any such change, nor are we required to obtain your approval. You must cooperate with those persons or entities in the performance of their responsibilities.

Clerical Error

If a clerical error or other mistake occurs, that error does not create a right to Benefits. These errors include, but are not limited to, providing misinformation on eligibility or Benefit coverage's or entitlements. It is your responsibility to confirm the accuracy of statements made by us or our designees, including UnitedHealthcare, in accordance with the terms of this SPD and other Plan documents.

Information and Records

At times we or UnitedHealthcare may need additional information from you. You agree to furnish us and/or UnitedHealthcare with all information and proofs that we may reasonably require regarding any matters pertaining to the Plan. If you do not provide this information when we request it, we may delay or deny payment of your Benefits.

By accepting Benefits under the Plan, you authorize and direct any person or institution that has provided services to you to furnish us or UnitedHealthcare with all information or copies of records relating to the services provided to you. We or UnitedHealthcare have the right to request this information at any reasonable time. This applies to all Covered Persons, including Enrolled Dependents whether or not they have signed the Member's enrollment form. We and UnitedHealthcare agree that such information and records will be considered confidential.

We and UnitedHealthcare have the right to release any and all records concerning health care services which are necessary to implement and administer the terms of the Plan, for appropriate medical review or quality assessment, or as we are required to do by law or regulation. During and after the term of the Plan, we, UnitedHealthcare, and our related entities may use and transfer the information gathered under the Plan for research and analytic purposes.

For complete listings of your medical records or billing statements we recommend that you contact your health care provider. Providers may charge you reasonable fees to cover their costs for providing records or completing requested forms.

If you request medical forms or records from us, we also may charge you reasonable fees to cover costs for completing the forms or providing the records.

In some cases, we or UnitedHealthcare will designate other persons or entities to request records or information from or related to you, and to release those records as necessary. Such designees have the same rights to this information as SHBP.

Examination of Covered Persons

In the event of a question or dispute regarding your right to Benefits, we may require that a Network Physician of our choice examine you at our expense.

Workers' Compensation not Affected

Benefits provided under the Plan do not substitute for and do not affect any requirements for coverage by workers' compensation insurance.

Subrogation and Reimbursement

Subrogation is the substitution of one person or entity in the place of another with reference to a lawful claim, demand or right. If you receive a Benefit payment from the Plan for an Injury caused by a third party, and you later receive any payment for that same condition or Injury from another person, organization or insurance company, we have the right to recover any payments made by the Plan to you. This process of recovering earlier payments is called subrogation. In case of subrogation, you may be asked to sign and deliver information or documents necessary for us to protect our right to recover Benefit payments made. You agree to provide us all assistance necessary as a condition of participation in the Plan, including cooperation and information submitted to as supplied by a workers' compensation, liability insurance carrier, and any medical benefits, no-fault insurance, or school insurance coverage that are paid or payable.

We shall be subrogated to and shall succeed to all rights of recovery, under any legal theory of any type, for the reasonable value of services and Benefits we provided to you from any or all of the following:

- Third parties, including any person alleged to have caused you to suffer injuries or damages.
- Your employer.
- Any person or entity obligated to provide benefits or payments to you.

You agree as follows:

- To cooperate with us in protecting our legal rights to subrogation and reimbursement.
- That our rights will be considered as the first priority claim against Third Parties, to be paid before any other of your claims are paid.
- That we may, at our option, take necessary and appropriate action to preserve our rights under these subrogation provisions.
- To execute and deliver such documents including consent to release medical records, and provide such help (including responding to requests for information about any accident or injuries and making court appearances) as we may reasonably request from you.
- You will do nothing to prejudice our rights under this provision, either before or after the need for services or benefits under the Plan.

Refund of Overpayments

If we pay Benefits for expenses incurred on account of a Covered Person, that Covered Person, or any other person or organization that was paid, must make a refund to us if either of the following apply:

- All or some of the expenses were not paid by the Covered Person or did not legally have to be paid by the Covered Person.
- All or some of the payment we made exceeded the Benefits under the Plan.

The refund equals the amount we paid in excess of the amount we should have paid under the Plan. If the refund is due from another

person or organization, the Covered Person agrees to help us get the refund when requested.

If the Covered Person, or any other person or organization that was paid, does not promptly refund the full amount, we may reduce the amount of any future Benefits that are payable under the Plan. The reductions will equal the amount of the required refund. We may have other rights in addition to the right to reduce future benefits.

Limitation of Action

If you want to bring a legal action against us or UnitedHealthcare you must do so within three years from the expiration of the time period in which a request for reimbursement must be submitted or you lose any rights to bring such an action against us or UnitedHealthcare.

You cannot bring any legal action against us or UnitedHealthcare for any other reason unless you first complete all the steps in the appeal process described in this document. After completing that process, if you want to bring a legal action against us or UnitedHealthcare you must do so within three years of the date you are notified of our final decision on your appeal, or you lose any rights to bring such an action against us or UnitedHealthcare.

Section 11:

Your Rights and Responsibilities

Employee Rights and Responsibilities

Your Rights as an Employee Enrolled in Plan Coverage

As an employee enrolled in Plan coverage, you have the right to:

- Have your eligible claims paid and notifications provided in a timely manner
- Receive information about the Plan and the options available to you
- Be informed of the process for filing appeals of denied claims
- Have access to Provider information
- Review your appeal file
- Examine, without charge, all documents governing the Plan at the Plan Administrator's office
- Request copies of the above documents, in writing, from the Plan Administrator (a reasonable copy fee may apply)
- Be informed by the Plan of how to continue your coverage if it would otherwise end in certain situations

Your Rights for Continuing Group Health Plan Coverage

You have the right to continue group health plan coverage if you lose Plan coverage due to a qualifying event. In this case, you may continue health care coverage for yourself, spouse or dependents; however, you or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. Review this Summary Plan Description (SPD) and other Plan documents governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights.

Your Responsibilities as an Employee Enrolled in Plan Coverage

As an employee enrolled in Plan coverage, you can receive the most value from your coverage if you fulfill the following responsibilities:

- **Make proper and timely premium payments.** Premium payments usually are made through convenient payroll deduction. It's your responsibility to make sure that your employer (the State, school district, agency, etc.) is deducting the right amount from your paycheck for your option and coverage tier. When you are first hired, and later during each Open Enrollment (or Retiree Option Change Period), you will receive premium information.
- **Make accurate choices when you make your enrollment selection.** After the Open Enrollment period ends, the SHBP will make changes only when there is a documented administrative error. Any premium refund will be limited to 12 months of premiums and is payable only after the Plan receives documented evidence from the Member that the Plan had no liability for additional covered persons.
- **Take the time to understand how the Plan option works.** You are the manager of your health care needs and, therefore, you must take the time to understand your Plan option. You

also are responsible for understanding the consequences of your decisions. Carefully review this booklet and the *Health Plan Decision Guide*. Having read the documents, you can take steps to maximize your coverage.

- **Know when and how your participation can end.** Generally, coverage ends when you no longer meet job classification or working hours requirements for eligibility or when you fail to make the proper premium payments. For eligibility requirements and other circumstances that may result in loss of coverage, see sections 4 & 5.
- **Notify the SHBP office of any address changes. Notify the Plan if you have a qualifying event that can affect coverage or eligibility for coverage for you or a Covered Dependent.** If you get married, divorced or have a baby, you may want to add or delete a dependent. You must notify your payroll location within 31 days of the event – or you won't be able to make the change until the next Open Enrollment period. Retirees do not have an Open Enrollment period; failure to notify the Plan within 31 days of a qualified change in status could permanently prohibit a retiree from making the desired change.
- **Furnish the Plan with information required to implement Plan provisions.** You are required to provide any information and documentation that the Plan needs to carry out its provisions. If you do not make the request within 31 days of the qualifying event, your request for benefits or Plan membership will be denied.
- **SHBP will allow members to submit verification of their dependent's eligibility any time during the Plan Year.** However, no claims will be paid until the documentation is received and approved by SHBP. Coverage will be effective the date of the qualifying event or the first day of the Plan Year, whichever is later.

- **Update the Plan on the status of eligible dependents.** If your dependent child is nearing age 19, you are responsible for informing the Plan of his or her status within 31 days. Coverage won't continue automatically after an eligible dependent turns 19 – you must request it. You also must notify the Plan when a dependent gets married, enters the military or, when the dependent is 19 or older, graduates or stops attending school full time.
- **Notify the Plan of any other group coverage you have,** including Medicare coverage. You may be required to provide notification in advance or on request.

Your Employer's Responsibilities

Your employer – your department, agency or other entity – has specific responsibilities under the Plan, which includes the following:

- Submit any necessary documentation in a timely and efficient manner.
- Withhold proper monthly premiums and submit them, along with the bill to the Plan when due. If your employer does not send in premiums and documentation in a proper and timely manner, the Plan may suspend coverage benefit payments for the Employee.
- Assist in enrolling all eligible full-time employees in the Plan within 31 days of hire unless the employee declines coverage. Then the declination form must be completed within 31 days of hire.
- Provide enrollment information to the Plan Administrator.
- Distribute Plan materials.
- Administer the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) in compliance with federal law.
- Administer Leave without Pay for employees.

- Provide you with information on how you can continue coverage under the FMLA and under state leave without pay provisions.
- Provide necessary termination of coverage information to the Plan Administrator within 30 days after your employment ends or your eligibility for Plan Membership ends.
- Notify enrolled employees of Plan amendments or termination.

Assistance With Your Questions

If you have any questions about your rights and responsibilities under this Plan, you should contact the Plan's Eligibility Unit at 404-656-6322 in Atlanta, or at 800-610-1863 outside of Atlanta.

Retiree Rights and Responsibilities

Your Rights as a Retiree Enrolled in Plan Coverage

As a retiree enrolled in Plan coverage, you have the right to:

- Have your eligible claims paid and notifications provided in a timely manner
- Receive information about the Plan and the options available to you
- Be informed of the process for filing appeals of denied claims
- Have access to Provider information
- Review your appeal file
- Examine, without charge, all documents governing the Plan at the Plan Administrator's office
- Request copies of the above documents, in writing, from the Plan Administrator (a reasonable copy fee may apply)
- Be informed by the Plan of how to continue your coverage if it would otherwise end in certain situations

Your Rights for Continuing Group Health Plan Coverage

You have the right to continue group health plan coverage if you lose Plan coverage due to a qualifying event. In this case, you may continue health care coverage for yourself, spouse or dependents; however, you or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. Review this Summary Plan Description (SPD) and other Plan documents governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights.

Your Responsibilities as a Retiree Enrolled in Plan Coverage

As a retiree enrolled in Plan coverage, you can receive the most value from your coverage if you fulfill the following responsibilities:

- **Make proper and timely premium payments.** Premium payments usually are made through 1) the state retirement system for retirees who receive an annuity or 2) by paying directly to SHBP.
- **Take the time to understand how the Plan option works.** You are the manager of your health care needs and, therefore, you must take the time to understand your Plan option. You also are responsible for understanding the consequences of your decisions. Carefully review this booklet and the *Retiree Health Plan Decision Guide*. Having read the documents, you can take steps to maximize your coverage.
- **Notify SHBP of any address change.**
- **Notify the Plan if you have a qualifying event that can affect coverage or eligibility for coverage for you or a Covered Dependent.** If you get married, divorced or have a baby, you may want to add or delete a dependent. Retirees do not have an Open Enrollment period; failure to notify the Plan

within 31 days of a qualified change in status could permanently prohibit a retiree from making the desired change.

- **Furnish the Plan with information required to implement Plan provisions.** You are required to provide any information and documentation that the Plan needs to carry out its provisions. If you do not make the request within 31 days of the qualifying event, your request for benefits or Plan membership will be denied.
- **SHBP will allow members to submit verification of their dependent's eligibility any time during the Plan Year.** However, no claims will be paid until the documentation is received and approved by SHBP. Coverage will be effective the date of the qualifying event or the first day of the Plan Year, whichever is later.
- **Update the Plan on the status of eligible dependents.** If your dependent child is nearing age 19, you are responsible for informing the Plan of his or her status within 31 days. Coverage won't continue automatically after an eligible dependent turns 19 – you must request it. You also must notify the Plan when a dependent gets married, enters the military or, when the dependent is 19 or older, graduates or stops attending school full time.
- **Notify the Plan of any other group coverage you have,** including Medicare coverage. You may be required to provide notification in advance or on request.

Assistance With Your Questions

If you have any questions about your rights and responsibilities under this Plan, you should contact the Plan's Eligibility Unit at 404-656-6322 in Atlanta, or at 800-610-1863 outside of Atlanta.



Section 12: Department of Community Health Privacy Notice

State Health Benefit Plan Information Privacy Notice

Revised March 23, 2010.

This notice describes how medical information about you may be used and disclosed and how you can get access to this information. Please review it carefully. Questions? Call 404-656-6322 (Atlanta) or 800-610-1863 (outside of Atlanta).

The DCH and the State Health Benefit Plan Are Committed to Your Privacy. The Georgia Department of Community Health (DCH) sponsors and runs the State Health Benefit Plan (the Plan). We understand that your information is personal and private. Some DCH employees and companies hired by DCH collect your information to run the Plan. The information is called “Protected Health Information” or “PHI.” This notice tells how your PHI is used and shared. We follow the information privacy rules of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, (“HIPAA”).

Only Summary Information is Used When Developing and Changing the Plan. The Board of Community Health and the Commissioner of the DCH make decisions about the Plan. When making decisions, they review reports. These reports explain costs, problems, and needs of the Plan. These reports never include information that identifies any person. If your employer is allowed to leave the Plan, your employer may also get summary reports.

Plan Enrollment Information and Claims Information is Used in Order to Run the Plan. PHI includes two kinds of information. “Enrollment Information” includes: 1) your name, address, and social security number; 2) your enrollment choices; 3) how much you have paid in premiums; and 4) other insurance you have. This Enrollment Information is the only kind of PHI your employer is allowed to see. “Claims Information” includes information your health care providers send to the Plan. For example, it may include bills, diagnoses, statements, x-rays or lab test results. It also includes information you send to the Plan. For example, it may include your health questionnaires, enrollment forms, leave forms, letters and telephone calls. Lastly, it includes information about you that is created by the Plan. For example, it includes payment statements and checks to your health care providers.

Your PHI is Protected by Law. Employees of the DCH and employees of outside companies hired by DCH to run the Plan are “Plan Representatives.” They must protect your PHI. They may only use it as allowed by HIPAA.

The DCH Must Make Sure the Plan Complies with HIPAA. As Plan sponsor, the DCH must make sure the Plan complies with HIPAA. We must give you this notice. We must follow its terms. We must update it as needed. The DCH is the employer of some Plan Members. The DCH must name the DCH employees who are Plan Representatives. No DCH employee is ever allowed to use PHI for employment decisions.

Plan Representatives Regularly Use and Share your PHI in Order to Pay Claims and Run the Plan. Plan Representatives use and share your PHI for payment purposes and to run the Plan. For example, they make sure you are allowed to be in the Plan. They decide how much the Plan should pay your health care provider. They also use PHI to help set premiums for the Plan and manage costs but they are never use genetic information for these purposes. Some Plan Representatives work for outside companies. By law, these companies must protect your PHI. They also must sign “Business Associate” agreements with the Plan. Here are some examples what they do.

Claims Administrators: Process all medical and drug claims; communicate with Members and their health care providers; and give extra help to Members with some health conditions.

Data Analysis, Actuarial Companies: Keep health information in computer systems, study it, and create reports from it.

Attorney General's Office, Auditing Companies, Outside Law Firms: Provide legal and auditing help to the Plan.

Information Technology Companies: Help improve and check on the DCH information systems used to run the Plan.

Some Plan Representatives work for the DCH. By law, all employees of the DCH must protect PHI. They also must get special privacy training. They only use the information they need to do their work. Plan Representatives in the SHBP Division work full-time running the Plan. They use and share PHI with each other and with Business Associates in order to help pay claims and run the Plan. In general, they can see your Enrollment Information and the information you give the Plan. A few can see Claims Information. DCH employees outside of the SHBP Division do not see Enrollment Information on a daily basis. They may use Claims Information for payment purposes and to run the Plan.

Plan Representatives May Make Special Uses or Disclosures Permitted by Law. HIPAA has a list of special times when the Plan may use or share your PHI without your authorization. At these times, the Plan must keep track of the use or disclosure.

To Comply with a Law, or to Prevent Serious Threats to Health or Safety: The Plan may use or share your PHI in order to comply with a law, or to prevent a serious threat.

For Public Health Activities: The Plan may give PHI to government agencies that perform public health activities. For example, the Plan may give PHI to DCH employees in the Public Health Division who need it to do their jobs.

For Research Purposes: Your PHI may be given to researchers for a research project approved by a review board. The review board must review the research project and its rules to ensure the privacy of your information.

Plan Representatives Share Some Payment Information with the Employee. Except as described in this notice, Plan Representatives are allowed to share your PHI only with you, and with your legal personal representative. However, the Plan may inform the employee family member about whether the Plan paid or denied a claim for another family member.

You May Authorize Other Uses of Your PHI. You may give a written authorization for the Plan to use or share your PHI for a reason not listed in this notice. If you do, you may take away the authorization later by writing to the

contact below. The old authorization will not be valid after the date you take it away.

You Have Privacy Rights Related to Plan Enrollment Information and Claims Information that Identifies You.

Right to See and Get a Copy your Information, Right to Ask for a Correction: Except for some reasons listed in HIPAA, you have the right to see and get a copy of information used to make decisions about you. If you think it is incorrect or incomplete, you may ask the Plan to correct it.

Right to Ask for a List of Special Uses and Disclosures: You have the right to ask for a list of special uses and disclosures that were made after April, 2003.

Right to Ask for a Restriction of Uses and Disclosures, or for Special Communications: You have the right to ask for added restrictions on uses and disclosures. You also may ask the Plan to communicate with you in a special way.

Right to a Paper Copy of this Notice, Right to File a Complaint Without Getting in Trouble: You have the right to a paper copy of this notice. Please contact the SHBP HIPAA Privacy Unit or print it from www.dch.ga.gov. If you think your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint. You may file the complaint with the Plan and/or the Department of Health and Human Services. You will not get in trouble with the Plan or your employer for filing a complaint.

Addresses for Complaints:

SHBP HIPAA Privacy Unit P.O. Box 1990, Atlanta, Georgia 30301 404-656-6322 (Atlanta) or 800-610-1863 (outside Atlanta)

U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Office for Civil Rights
Region IV Atlanta Federal Center 61 Forsyth Street SW, Suite 3B70 Atlanta, GA 30303-8909

Section 13: Glossary of Defined Terms

This section:

- Defines the terms used throughout this SPD.
- Is not intended to describe Benefits.

Alternate Facility - a health care facility that is not a Hospital and that provides one or more of the following services on an outpatient basis, as permitted by law:

- Surgical services.
- Emergency Health Services.
- Rehabilitative, laboratory, diagnostic or therapeutic services.

An Alternate Facility may also provide Mental Health Services or Substance Use Disorder Services on an outpatient or inpatient basis.

Amendment - any attached written description of additional or alternative provisions to the Plan. Amendments are effective only when signed by the SHBP and UnitedHealthcare. Amendments are subject to all conditions, limitations and exclusions of the Plan, except for those that are specifically amended.

Annual Deductible - the amount you must pay for Covered Health Services in a Plan year before the SHBP will begin paying for Benefits in that Plan year.

The actual amount that is applied to the Annual Deductible is calculated on the basis of Eligible Expenses. The Annual Deductible does not include any amount that exceeds Eligible Expenses. See the definition of Eligible Expenses below.

Autism Spectrum Disorders – a group of neurobiological disorders that includes *Autistic Disorder, Rhett's Syndrome, Asperger's Disorder, Childhood Disintegrated Disorder, and a Pervasive Development Disorders Not Otherwise Specified (PDDNOS)*.

Benefits - your right to payment for Covered Health Services that are available under the Plan. Your right to Benefits is subject to the terms, conditions, limitations and exclusions of the Plan, including this SPD and any attached Riders and Amendments.

Claims Administrator - the company (including its affiliates) that provides certain claim administration services for the Plan. UnitedHealthcare (also known as UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company) is the Plan's Claims Administrator.

Clinical Cancer Trial Services - clinical trials study the effectiveness of new interventions. There are different types of cancer clinical trials such as:

- prevention trials;
- early detection trials;
- treatment trials to test new therapies in individuals who have cancer;
- quality of life studies;
- studies to evaluate ways of modifying cancer-causing behaviors.

Clinical trials follow strict scientific guidelines that deal with many areas such as:

- study design,
- who can be in the study,
- the kind of information individuals in the study must be given when they decide to participate.

Clinical trials follow protocols for determining:

- the number of members;
- what drugs members will take;
- what medical tests they will have; and
- how often and what information will be collected.

There are four phases of clinical trials. Clinical trials pilot program will include all phases of clinical trials, as long as they meet the criteria defined for the program.

Phase I Trials evaluate how a new drug should be administered and enroll only a small number of patients.

Phase II Trials provide preliminary information about how well a new drug works and generates more information about safety and benefits of the new drug or procedure.

Phase III Trials compare a promising new drug, a combination of drugs or a procedure with the current standard. This phase involves large numbers of people in doctors' offices, clinics and cancer centers. (Many of our members will be in this category). This phase utilizes a randomized process of assigning members to the standard intervention or the trial intervention.

Phase IV Trials continue the evaluation of drugs after FDA approval and utilize drugs already on the market and available for general use.

Congenital Anomaly - a physical developmental defect that is present at birth, and is identified within the first twelve months of birth.

Coinsurance - is a percentage of Eligible Expenses determined after the deductible has been satisfied.

Cosmetic Procedures - procedures or services that change or improve appearance without significantly improving physiological function, as determined by UnitedHealthcare on behalf of the SHBP.

Covered Health Service(s) -those health services provided for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing or treating a Sickness, Injury, Mental Illness, Substance Use Disorder, or their symptoms.

A Covered Health Service is a health care service or supply described in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits as a Covered Health Service, which is not excluded under Section 2: What's Not Covered--Exclusions.

Covered Person - either the Member or an Enrolled Dependent, but this term applies only while the person is enrolled under the Plan. References to "you" and "your" throughout this SPD are references to a Covered Person.

Custodial Care - services that:

- Are non-health related services, such as assistance in activities of daily living (including but not limited to feeding, dressing, bathing, transferring and ambulating); or
- Are health-related services which do not seek to cure, or which are provided during periods when the medical condition of the patient who requires the service is not changing; or
- Do not require continued administration by trained medical personnel in order to be delivered safely and effectively.

Dependent - any eligible Spouse, dependent child, full-time student that participates in the Plan, which can include any eligible Spouse, dependent child, full-time student, or totally disabled child, or other child(ren), if the children live with the Enrolled Member permanently and are legally dependent on the Member for financial support.

Designated Facility - a facility that has entered into an agreement on behalf of the facility and its affiliated staff with UnitedHealthcare or with an organization contracting on its behalf to render Covered Health Services for the treatment of specified diseases or conditions. A Designated Facility may or may not be located within your geographic area. The fact that a Hospital is a Network Hospital does not mean that it is a Designated Facility.

Durable Medical Equipment - medical equipment that is all of the following:

- Can withstand repeated use.
- Is not disposable, except urinary catheters and ostomy supplies.
- Is manufactured and used to serve a medical purpose with respect to treatment of a Sickness, Injury or their symptoms.
- Is generally not useful to a person in the absence of a Sickness, Injury or their symptoms.
- Is appropriate for use in the home.

Eligible Expenses - for Covered Health Services incurred while the Plan is in effect, Eligible Expenses are determined as stated below:

For Network Benefits, Eligible Expenses are based on either of the following:

- When Covered Health Services are received from Contracted providers, Eligible Expenses are the contracted fee(s) with that provider.
- When Covered Health Services are received from non-Contracted providers as a result of an Emergency or as otherwise arranged through UnitedHealthcare, Eligible Expenses are paid at reasonable and customary charges unless a lower amount is negotiated.

For Non-Network Benefits, Eligible Expenses are based on either of the following:

- When Covered Health Services are received from non-Contracted providers, Eligible Expenses are determined, at UnitedHealthcare's discretion, based on:
 - Available data resources of competitive fees in that geographic area.
 - Fee(s) that are negotiated with the provider.
 - A fee schedule that UnitedHealthcare develops.

Eligible Expenses are determined solely in accordance with UnitedHealthcare's reimbursement policy guidelines. The reimbursement policy guidelines are developed, at UnitedHealthcare's discretion, following evaluation and validation of all provider billings in accordance with one or more of the following methodologies:

- As indicated in the most recent edition of the Current Procedural Terminology (CPT), a publication of the American Medical Association, and/or the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS).
- As reported by generally recognized professionals or publications.
- As used for Medicare.

- As determined by medical staff and outside medical consultants pursuant to other appropriate source or determination that UnitedHealthcare accepts.

Emergency - a serious medical condition or symptom resulting from Injury, Sickness or Mental Illness which is both of the following:

- Arises suddenly.
- In the judgment of a reasonable person, requires immediate care and treatment, generally received within 24 hours of onset, to avoid jeopardy to life or health.

Emergency Health Services - health care services and supplies necessary for the treatment of an Emergency.

Enrolled Member - the contract holder who may be the Employee, Retiree, Contract Employee or Extended Beneficiary and who is currently enrolled in Coverage and who has paid the necessary Deduction or Premium for such Coverage.

Experimental or Investigational Services - medical, surgical, diagnostic, psychiatric, substance abuse or other health care services, technologies, supplies, treatments, procedures, drug therapies or devices that, at the time determination is made regarding coverage in a particular case, are determined to be any of the following:

- Not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to be lawfully marketed for the proposed use and not identified in the American Hospital Formulary Service or the United States Pharmacopoeia Dispensing Information as appropriate for the proposed use.
- Subject to review and approval by any institutional review board for the proposed use.

- The subject of an ongoing clinical trial that meets the definition of a Phase 1, 2 or 3 clinical trials set forth in the FDA regulations, regardless of whether the trial is actually subject to FDA oversight.

If you have a life-threatening Sickness or condition (one which is likely to cause death within one year of the request for treatment) we may, in our discretion, determine that an Experimental or Investigational Service meets the definition of a Covered Health Service for that Sickness or condition. For this to take place, we must determine that the procedure or treatment is promising, but unproven, and that the service uses a specific research protocol that meets standards equivalent to those defined by the National Institutes of Health.

Full-time Student - a person who is enrolled in and attending, full-time, a recognized course of study or training at one of the following:

- An accredited high school.
- An accredited college or university.
- A licensed vocational school, technical school, occupational, specialized or similar training school.

Full-time Student status is determined in accordance with the standards set forth by the educational institution. You are no longer a Full-time Student at the end of the calendar month you graduate or otherwise cease to be enrolled and in attendance at the institution on a full-time basis.

You continue to be a Full-time Student during periods of regular vacation established by the institution. If you do not continue as a Full-time Student immediately following the period of vacation, the Full-time Student designation will end as described above.

Home Health Agency - a program or organization authorized by law to provide health care services in the home.

Hospital - an institution, operated as required by law that is both of the following:

- Is primarily engaged in providing health services, on an inpatient basis, for the acute care and treatment of injured or sick individuals. Care is provided through medical, diagnostic and surgical facilities, by or under the supervision of a staff of Physicians.
- Has 24 hour nursing services.

A Hospital is not primarily a place for rest, custodial care or care of the aged and is not a nursing home, convalescent home or similar institution.

Initial Enrollment Period - the initial period of time, as determined by SHBP, during which Eligible Persons may enroll themselves and their Dependents under the Plan.

Injury - bodily damage other than Sickness, including all related conditions and recurrent symptoms.

Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility - a Hospital (or a special unit of a Hospital that is designated as an Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility) that provides rehabilitation health services (physical therapy, occupational therapy and/or speech therapy) on an inpatient basis, as authorized by law.

Inpatient Stay - an uninterrupted confinement, following formal admission to a Hospital, Skilled Nursing Facility or Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility.

Intensive Outpatient Treatment - a structured outpatient Mental Health or Substance Use Disorder treatment program that may be

free-standing or Hospital-based and provides services for at least three hours per day, two or more days per week.

Intermediate Care – Mental Health or Substance Use Disorder treatment that encompasses one the following:

- Care at a Residential Treatment Facility.
- Care at a Partial Hospitalization/Day Treatment Program.
- Care through an Intensive Outpatient Treatment Program.

Lifetime Maximum Benefit - the maximum amount that we will pay for Benefits during the entire period of time that you are enrolled under the Plan, or any other plan of SHBP. When the Maximum Plan Benefit applies, it is described in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits.

Medicare - Parts A, B and D of the insurance program established by Title XVIII, United States Social Security Act, as amended by 42 U.S.C. Sections 1394, et seq. and as later amended.

Mental Health Services - Covered Health Services for the diagnosis and treatment of Mental Illnesses. The fact that a condition is listed in the current Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association does not mean that treatment for the condition is a Covered Health Service.

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee - the organization or individual, designated by UnitedHealthcare, that provides or arranges Mental Health Services and Substance Use Disorder Services for which Benefits are available under the Plan.

Mental Illness - those mental health or psychiatric diagnostic categories that are listed in the current Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association, unless those services are specifically excluded under the Plan.

Network - also referred to as “participating” when used to describe a provider of health care services, this means a provider that has a participation agreement in effect (either directly or indirectly) with UnitedHealthcare or with UnitedHealthcare's affiliate to participate in UnitedHealthcare's Network; however, this does not include those providers who have agreed to discount their charges for Covered Health Services by way of their participation in the Shared Savings Program. UnitedHealthcare's affiliates are those entities affiliated with them through common ownership or control with UnitedHealthcare or with its ultimate corporate parent, including direct and indirect subsidiaries.

A provider may enter into an agreement to provide only certain Covered Health Services, but not all Covered Health Services, or to be a Contracted provider for only some of UnitedHealthcare's products. In this case, the provider will be a Contracted provider for the Covered Health Services and products included in the participation agreement, and a non-Contracted provider for other Covered Health Services and products. The participation status of providers will change from time to time.

Network Benefits - Benefits for Covered Health Services that are provided by a Network Physician, Network facility or other Contracted provider.

Non-Network Benefits - Benefits for Covered Health Services that are provided by a non-Network Physician, non-Network facility or other non-Contracted provider.

Open Enrollment Period - a period of time that follows the Initial Enrollment Period during which Eligible Persons may enroll themselves and Dependents under the Plan, as determined by the SHBP.

Out-of-Pocket Maximum - the maximum amount of Annual Deductible and Coinsurance you pay every Plan year. If you use

both Network Benefits and Non-Network Benefits, two separate Out-of-Pocket Maximums apply. Once you reach the Out-of-Pocket Maximum for Network Benefits, Benefits for those Covered Health Services that apply to the Out-of-Pocket Maximum are payable at 100% of Eligible Expenses during the rest of that Plan year. Once you reach Out-of-Pocket Maximum for Non-Network Benefits, Benefits for those Covered Health Services that apply to the Out-of-Pocket Maximum are payable at 100% of Eligible Expenses during the rest of that Plan year.

Coinsurance for some Covered Health Services will never apply to the Out-of-Pocket Maximum, as specified in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits and those Benefits will never be payable at 100% even when the Out-of-Pocket Maximum is reached.

The following costs will never apply to the Out-of-Pocket Maximum:

- Any charges for non-Covered Health Services;
- The amount of any reduced Benefits if you don't notify UnitedHealthcare as described in Section 1: What's Covered--Benefits under the *Notify UnitedHealthcare?* column.
- Charges that exceed Eligible Expenses.

Partial Hospitalization/Day Treatment – a structured ambulatory program that may be a free-standing or Hospital-based program and that provides services for at least 20 hours per week.

Physician - any Doctor of Medicine, "M.D.", or Doctor of Osteopathy, "D.O.", who is properly licensed and qualified by law.

Please Note: Any podiatrist, dentist, psychologist, chiropractor, optometrist, or other provider who acts within the scope of his or her license will be considered on the same basis as a Physician. The fact that we describe a provider as a Physician does not mean that

Benefits for services from that provider are available to you under the Plan.

Plan - High Deductible Plan for the State Health Benefit Plan.

Plan Administrator - Georgia Department of Community Health.

Plan Sponsor - Georgia Department of Community Health.

Preventive/Routine Care - is a set of measures taken in advance of symptoms to prevent illness or injury. This type of care is best exemplified by physical examinations and immunizations. The emphasis is on preventing illnesses before they occur.

Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO) – Any judgment, decree order (including approval of a settlement agreement), or National Medical Support Notice that a court of competent jurisdiction or a state agency issues. The order must provide for medical coverage for your natural child.

Residential Treatment Facility – a facility which provides a program of effective Mental Health Services or Substance Use Disorder Services treatment and which meets all of the following requirements:

- It is established and operated in accordance with applicable state law for residential treatment programs.
- It provides a program of treatment under the active participation and direction of a Physician and approved by the Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Designee.
- It has or maintains a written, specific and detailed treatment program requiring full-time residence and full-time participation by the patient.
- It provides at least the following basic services in a 24-hour per day, structured milieu.

- room and board;
 - evaluation and diagnosis;
 - counseling; and
 - referral and orientation to specialized community resources.
- A Residential Treatment Facility that qualifies as a Hospital is considered a Hospital.

Rider - any attached written description of additional Covered Health Services not described in this SPD. Riders are effective only when signed by SHBP and are subject to all conditions, limitations and exclusions of the Plan except for those that are specifically amended in the Rider.

Semi-private Room - a room with two or more beds. When an Inpatient Stay in a Semi-private Room is a Covered Health Service, the difference in cost between a Semi-private Room and a private room is a Benefit only when a private room is necessary in terms of generally accepted medical practice, or when a Semi-private Room is not available.

Shared Savings Program - the Shared Savings Program provides access to discounts from the provider's charges when covered services are rendered by those non-Contracted providers that participate in that program. UnitedHealthcare will use the Shared Savings Program to pay claims when doing so will lower Eligible Expenses. UnitedHealthcare does not credential the Shared Savings Program providers and the Shared Savings Program providers are not Contracted providers. Accordingly, Benefits for Covered Health Services provided by Shared Savings Program providers will be paid at the Non-Network Benefit level (except in situations when Benefits for Covered Health Services provided by non-Contracted providers are payable at Network Benefit levels, as in the case of Emergency Health Services). When UnitedHealthcare uses the Shared Savings Program to pay a claim, patient responsibility is

limited to Coinsurances calculated on the contracted rate paid to the provider, in addition to any required Annual Deductible.

SHBP –State Health Benefit Plan. References to "we", "us", and "our" throughout the SPD refer to SHBP.

Sickness - physical illness, disease or Pregnancy. The term Sickness as used in this SPD does not include Mental Illness or substance abuse, regardless of the cause or origin of the Mental Illness or substance abuse.

Skilled Nursing Facility - a Hospital or nursing facility that is licensed and operated as required by law.

Spinal Treatment - detection or correction (by manual or mechanical means) of subluxation(s) in the body to remove nerve interference or its effects. The interference must be the result of, or related to, distortion, misalignment or subluxation of, or in, the vertebral column.

Spinal Treatment provider - a licensed Chiropractor.

Substance Use Disorder Services - Covered Health Services for the diagnosis and treatment of alcoholism and substance abuse disorders that are listed in the current Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association, unless those services are specifically excluded. The fact that a disorder is listed in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association does not mean that treatment of the disorder is a Covered Health Service.

Transition of Care - Transition of care is a service that enables new enrollees to receive time-limited care for specified medical conditions from a non-contracted physician at the benefit level associated with contracted physicians.

Transitional Care – Mental Health Services/Substance Use Disorder Services that are provided through transitional living facilities, group homes and supervised apartments that provide 24-hour supervision that are either:

- sober living arrangements such as drug-free housing, alcohol/drug halfway houses. These are transitional, supervised living arrangements that provide stable and safe housing, an alcohol/drug-free environment and support for recovery. A sober living arrangement may be utilized as an adjunct to ambulatory treatment when treatment doesn't offer the intensity and structure needed to assist the Covered Person with recovery.
- supervised living arrangement which are residences such as transitional living facilities, group homes and supervised apartments that provide members with stable and safe housing and the opportunity to learn how to manage their activities of daily living. Supervised living arrangements may be utilized as an adjunct to treatment when treatment doesn't offer the intensity and structure needed to assist the Covered Person with recovery.

Unproven Services - services that are not consistent with conclusions of prevailing medical research which demonstrate that the health service has a beneficial effect on health outcomes and that are not based on trials that meet either of the following designs.

- Well-conducted randomized controlled trials. (Two or more treatments are compared to each other, and the patient is not allowed to choose which treatment is received.)
- Well-conducted cohort studies. (Patients who receive study treatment are compared to a group of patients who receive standard therapy. The comparison group must be nearly identical to the study treatment group.)

Decisions about whether to cover new technologies, procedures and treatments will be consistent with conclusions of prevailing medical research, based on well-conducted randomized trials or cohort studies, as described.

If you have a life-threatening Sickness or condition (one that is likely to cause death within one year of the request for treatment) we and UnitedHealthcare may, in our discretion, determine that an Unproven Service meets the definition of a Covered Health Service for that Sickness or condition. For this to take place, we and UnitedHealthcare must determine that the procedure or treatment is promising, but unproven, and that the service uses a specific research protocol that meets standards equivalent to those defined by the National Institutes of Health.

Urgent Care Center - a facility, other than a Hospital, that provides Covered Health Services that are required to prevent serious deterioration of your health, and that are required as a result of an unforeseen Sickness, Injury, or the onset of acute or severe symptoms.

Riders, Amendments, Notices

Outpatient Prescription Drug Rider

Attachment I

High Deductible Plan

Outpatient Prescription Drug Rider

Outpatient Prescription Drug Rider

This Rider to the Summary Plan Description provides Benefits for outpatient Prescription Drug Products.

Benefits are provided for outpatient Prescription Drug Products at a Network Pharmacy.

Because this Rider is part of a legal document, we want to give you information about the document that will help you understand it. Certain capitalized words have special meanings. We have defined these words in Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms of the Summary Plan Description and in Section 3: Glossary of Defined Terms of this Rider.

When we use the words "we," "us," and "our" in this document, we are referring to Plan Sponsor. When we use the words "you" and "your" we are referring to people who are Covered Persons as the term is defined in the Summary Plan Description, Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms.

NOTE: The Coordination of Benefits provision Section 8: Coordination of Benefits in the Summary Plan Description does apply to Prescription Drug Products covered through this Rider. Prescription Drug Product Benefits will be coordinated with those of any other health coverage plan as described under “Coordination of Benefits (COB)” section page 150.

Introduction

Benefits for Outpatient Prescription Drug Products

UnitedHealthcare administers your pharmacy benefit program. UnitedHealthcare uses Medco Health Solutions, Inc. (Medco) for certain pharmacy administrative services such as claims processing and Customer Care.

This rider will cover a detailed description about your prescription drug plan, including: prescription drug list ; quantity level limits; notification (prior authorizations); maintenance medications; covered medications; non-covered medications; definitions of brand name medications and generic medications; and the Progression Rx program.

Benefits are available for outpatient Prescription Drug Products on the Prescription Drug List (which meet the definition of a Covered Health Service) at a Network Pharmacy and are subject to Coinsurance or other payments that vary depending on which of the three tiers of the Prescription Drug List the outpatient Prescription Drug are listed.

Please note: For the most up-to-date coverage information (including supply limits, specific notification requirements, etc.) for Prescription Drug Products that meet the definition of a Covered Health Service, you may call the Customer Care number on the back of your State Health Benefit Plan ID card.

Coverage Policies and Guidelines

Your UnitedHealthcare pharmacy benefit provides coverage for a comprehensive selection of prescription medications governed by a Prescription Drug List (PDL)

A Prescription Drug List (PDL) is a list of Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved brand name and generic medications.

Prescription medications are categorized within three tiers. Each tier will determine the amount of coinsurance you pay when you fill a prescription, which is determined by your health plan.

Several factors are considered when deciding the placement of a medication on the UHC Prescription Drug List including the medication's classification. Several committees contribute and evaluate the overall value of the medication to ensure an unbiased approach. Committee members are various health care professionals including pharmacists and physicians with a broad range of specialties.

The two main committees are:

Our National Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) Committee evaluates clinical evidence in order to determine a medication's role in therapy and its overall clinical value. In addition, the P&T Committee reviews the relative safety and efficacy of the medication.

The UnitedHealthcare PDL Management Committee evaluates the clinical recommendations of the P&T committee as well as pharmacoeconomic and economic information. Once a medication's clinical, pharmacoeconomic and economic value is established, our PDL Management Committee makes a tier placement decision based on the overall value of the medication.

The PDL Management Committee helps to ensure access to a wide range of affordable medications for you.

Whether a particular Prescription Drug Product is appropriate for an individual Covered Person is a determination that is made by the Covered Person and the prescribing Physician.

NOTE: The tier status of a Prescription Drug Product may change periodically based on the process described above. Because of such changes, you may be required to pay more or less for that Prescription Drug Product. Please access www.myuhc.com through the Internet, or call the Customer Care number on your ID card for the most up-to-date tier status.

Tier status and Coinsurances will not be overridden or changed on an individual basis.

Identification Card (ID Card) - Network Pharmacy

In order to utilize your prescription drug benefit at a Network Pharmacy, you must show your State Health Benefit Plan ID card at the time you obtain your Prescription Drug Product at a Network Pharmacy. If you forget your ID card, you must provide the Network Pharmacy with identifying information that can be verified during regular business hours.

To ensure your prescription charges are applied to your deductible you will need to show your card ID at the time you obtain your Prescription Drug Product(s) at a Network Pharmacy.

Once you have met your deductible if you do not show your ID card or provide verifiable information at a Network Pharmacy you will be required to pay the Usual and Customary Charge for the Prescription Drug Product at the pharmacy.

You may request reimbursement from us as described in Summary Plan Description Section 6: How to File a Claim for a Network Pharmacy only. When you submit a claim on this basis, you may pay more because you failed to verify your eligibility when purchasing the Prescription Drug Product. The amount you are reimbursed will be based on the Prescription Drug Cost, less the required Coinsurance and any deductible that applies

Designated Pharmacies

If you require certain Prescription Drug Products, UnitedHealthcare may direct you to a Designated Pharmacy with whom they have an exclusive arrangement to provide those Prescription Drug Products.

In this case, Benefits will only be paid if your Prescription is obtained from the Designated Pharmacy.

Limitation on Selection of Pharmacies

If we determine that you may be using Prescription Drug Products in a harmful or abusive manner, or with harmful frequency, your selection of Network Pharmacies may be limited. If this happens, we may require you to select a single Network Pharmacy that will provide and coordinate all future pharmacy services. Benefits will be paid only if you use the designated single Network Pharmacy. If you don't make a selection within 31 days of the date we notify you, we will select a single Network Pharmacy for you.

Member Rights and Responsibilities

As a member, you have the right to express concerns about your State Health Benefit Plan coverage and to expect an unbiased resolution of your individual issues. You have the right to submit a written appeal or inquiry regarding any concern that you may have about the Prescription Drug Program or your drug coverage.

Pharmacy Questions: 1-877-246-4189

Written appeals and inquiries related to the Prescription Drug Program should be directed to:

State of Georgia - State Health Benefit Plan Members
620 Old Dublin Lane, FL 2
Columbia, MD 21045
Attn: GDCH-SHBP

UnitedHealthcare Disclaimer

This Summary Plan Description (SPD) summarizes the State Health Benefit Plan Prescription Drug Program. It is not intended to cover all details related to your prescription drug coverage under the State Health Benefit Plan. This Summary Plan Description (SPD) is not a contract and the benefits that are described can be terminated or amended by the State Health Benefit Plan according to applicable laws, rules, and regulations. Should any conflicts arise between this booklet and your official plan documents, the official plan documents will govern.

Section 1: What's Covered-- Prescription Drug Benefits

We provide Benefits under the Plan for outpatient Prescription Drug Products:

- Designated as covered at the time the prescription is dispensed when obtained from a Network Pharmacy.
- Refer to exclusions in your Summary Plan Description Section 2: What's Not Covered--Exclusions and as listed in Section 2 of this Rider.

Benefits for Outpatient Prescription Drug Products

Benefits for outpatient Prescription Drug Products are available when the outpatient Prescription Drug Product meets the definition of a Covered Health Service.

When a Brand-name Drug Becomes Available as a Generic

When a Generic becomes available for a Brand-name Prescription Drug Product, the cost of the Brand-name Prescription Drug Product may change, and therefore your Coinsurance may. You will pay the Coinsurance applicable to the Prescription Drug Product prescribed.

Supply Limits

Benefits for Prescription Drug Products are subject to the supply limits that are stated in the "Description of Pharmacy Type and Supply Limits" column of the Benefit Information table. You may receive a Prescription Drug Product up to the stated supply limit.

Note: Some products are subject to additional supply limits (also known as quantity limits based on criteria that UnitedHealthcare has developed, subject to its periodic review and modification. The limit may restrict the amount dispensed per Prescription and/or the amount dispensed per month's supply.

You may find out if a maximum quantity level for dispensing is in place for a Prescription Drug Product by calling Customer Care at the telephone number on your ID card.

Notification (also known as Prior Authorization or Coverage Review) Requirements

Before certain Prescription Drug Products are dispensed, either you, your Physician, or your pharmacist are required to notify UnitedHealthcare. The reason for notification is to determine whether the Prescription Drug Product, in accordance with our approved guidelines, is each of the following:

- Meets the definition of a Covered Health Service.
- It is not Experimental, Investigational or Unproven.

Network Pharmacy Notification

When Prescription Drug Products are dispensed at a Network Pharmacy, the prescribing provider, the pharmacist, or you are responsible for notifying UnitedHealthcare.

The Prescription Drug Products requiring notification are subject to periodic review and modification.

You may find out whether a particular Prescription Drug Product requires notification by consulting your Prescription Drug List or through the Internet at www.welcometouhc.com/shbp or log on www.myuhc.com or by calling the Customer Care number on your ID card.

If UnitedHealthcare is not notified before the Prescription Drug Product is dispensed, the prescription is not eligible for coverage and you will be required to pay full retail cost (Usual and Customary Charge) for that prescription at the pharmacy.

If UnitedHealthcare is notified within the plan year after you pay full retail cost and the notification is approved you may request reimbursement from us as described in the Summary Plan Description Section 6: How to File a Claim.

If you wish to seek reimbursement, you may obtain a prescription drug claim form from Medco by calling the Customer Care number on your State Health Benefit Plan ID card or through the Internet at www.welcometouhc.com/shbp or log on www.myuhc.com. The Medco claim form is also available in electronic format on the Department of Community Health web site: www.dch.georgia.gov/shbp. You may print a copy of the Medco claim form from this web site. Along with the prescription drug claim form you will need a receipt for your prescription. Please note you must submit a request for reimbursement within 24 months following the month of service (this may also be referred to as the timely filing deadline) and the amount you are reimbursed will be based on the Prescription Drug Cost, less the required Coinsurance, and Ancillary charge that applies.

Please note: Notification approval will be required before the claim will be considered for reimbursement.

When you submit a claim on this basis, you may pay more because you did not notify UnitedHealthcare before the Prescription Drug Product was dispensed. The amount you are reimbursed will be based on the Prescription Drug Cost, less the required Coinsurance and any deductible that applies.

Benefits may not be available for the Prescription Drug Product after the documentation provided is reviewed and it is determined that the Prescription Drug Product is not a Covered Health Service or it is Experimental, Investigational or Unproven.

Progression Rx Program Requirements

Before certain Prescription Drug Products are dispensed, you may be required to try an alternative medication, which has been determined to be safe, effective, and less costly before receiving a brand name Prescription Drug Product.

Generic drugs are usually in the first step. Tested and approved by the U.S. Food & Drug Administration (FDA), the generics provided by your plan are effective for treating many medical conditions. This first step lets you begin or continue treatment with prescription drugs that have a lower coinsurance.

Brand-name drugs are usually in the second step. If your treatment requires different medications, then the program moves you along to this next step. Brand-name drugs have a higher coinsurance.

When you submit a prescription that is not for a first-step drug, you, your Physician or your pharmacist are required to notify UnitedHealthcare. You can call the Customer Care number on your ID card to obtain options of safe, effective first-step drugs to discuss with your physician.

You may determine whether a particular Prescription Drug Product is part of the Progression Rx Program by consulting your Prescription Drug List or through the Internet at www.welcometouhc.com/shbp or log on www.myuhc.com or by calling the Customer Care number on your ID card.

Clinical Appeal Process

If a notification, quantity limitation, and/or Progression Rx request is denied by Medco, you or your physician may initiate the clinical appeals process.

Please be informed that we recommend a physician initiate an appeal for a denied Notification decision by UnitedHealthcare so that all necessary clinical information can be obtained.

The physician's request/appeal must be submitted in writing (via letter) to us for consideration. A physician must submit an appeal within 180 calendar days of the date of the denial letter. This is known as the first-level appeal. The written inquiry should be directed to:

State of Georgia - State Health Benefit Plan Members
6220 Old Dobbin Lane
Columbia, MD 21045
Attn: Appeal/Inquiry Unit

UnitedHealthcare will advise the physician and the member, in writing, of its decision. If UnitedHealthcare upholds the denial, information regarding the second-level appeal process will be provided to the physician and the member.

Second-level appeals (an appeal to the first-level appeal decision described above) must be initiated by a physician and, must be received in writing (via letter). The second level appeal must be submitted within 60 days of the date of the first level appeal denial letter.

The second-level appeal request, along with any new and/or additional supporting documentation shall be forwarded to UnitedHealthcare to the address above. **The second level appeal decision is the final decision.**

If a final determination to deny Benefits is made, you may choose to participate in our voluntary external review program, at your cost. The cost can range from \$500-\$2,000. This program only applies if the decision is based on either of the following:

- Clinical reasons.
- The exclusion for Experimental, Investigational or Unproven Services.

NOTE: The external review program is not available if the coverage determinations are based on explicit Benefit exclusions or defined Benefit limits. Therefore, the second level appeal decision is final.

Contact UnitedHealthcare at the telephone number shown on your ID card for more information on the voluntary external review program.

Coordination of Benefits (COB)

If your spouse or a dependent has primary coverage from another health plan, prescription drug benefits provided by the State Health Benefit Plan (SHBP) will be coordinated with the other insurance carrier(s). This means you must first use your primary insurance plan when you pay for your prescription(s). To request a secondary payment from Medco at the time of purchase you can request the Pharmacist to electronically file SHBP secondary. By mail, you can send a Medco claim form and attach a copy of the Explanation of Benefits (EOB) from the primary plan or the pharmacy receipt. You can obtain a copy of the Medco claim form by calling the Customer Care number on your State Health Benefit Plan ID card or through the Internet at www.welcometouhc.com/shbp or log on www.myuhc.com Secondary payments are subject to network allowed amounts for covered drugs and the applicable coinsurance will be deducted from the secondary payment, if any. Please contact Medco at the Customer Care number on your State Health Benefit Plan ID card for more details.

If you have coverage under two State Health Benefit Plan contracts (cross-coverage), prescription drug benefits provided by the State Health Benefit Plan will not be coordinated. Coinsurance will be required for each filled prescription. If you have coverage under a Medicare Advantage plan benefits provided by the State Health Benefit Plan pharmacy benefits will not be coordinated.

What You Must Pay

Once you have met your deductible, you are responsible for paying the applicable Coinsurance amount described in the Benefit Information table, when Prescription Drug Products are obtained from a Network retail pharmacy.

The total annual deductible amount must be met for Employee & Child(ren), Employee & Spouse or Employee, Spouse & Child(ren) for Active and Plan level Family for Retirees before co-insurance for Prescription Drug Cost will apply.

The amount you pay for any of the following under this Rider will be included in calculating **any Out-of-Pocket Maximum stated in your Summary Plan Description:**

- Coinsurance for Prescription Drug Products
- Deductibles

You are responsible for paying 100% of the cost (the amount the pharmacy charges you) for any non-covered drug product and our contracted rates (our Prescription Drug Cost) will not be available to you and will not apply to Out-of-Pocket Maximum.

Payment Information

Payment Term	Description	Amounts
Coinsurance	<p>Coinsurance for a Prescription Drug Product at a Network Pharmacy can be either a specific dollar amount or a percentage of the Prescription Drug Cost.</p> <p>Your Coinsurance is determined by the Plan.</p> <p>NOTE: Your Coinsurance for a Prescription Drug Product at a Network Pharmacy is applied after you have met your deductible. The total annual deductible amount must be met for Employee & Child(ren), Employee & Spouse or Employee, Spouse & Child(ren) for Active and Plan level Family for Retirees before co-insurance for Prescription Drug Cost will apply.</p> <p>Tier status and Coinsurances will not be overridden or changed on an individual basis.</p>	<p>For Prescription Drug Products at a retail Network Pharmacy, you are responsible for paying the lower of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The applicable Coinsurance or • The Network Pharmacy's Usual and Customary Charge (which includes a dispensing fee and sales tax) for the Prescription Drug Product. <p><i>See the Coinsurance stated in the Benefit Information table for amounts page 11.</i></p> <p>*The family deductible amount must be met, before eligible benefits are paid for any one family member. If applicable, any one family member can have more than the employee/single deductible applied. The deductible may be satisfied cumulatively</p>

Benefit Information

Description of Pharmacy Type and Supply Limits	Your Coinsurance Amount
<p>Prescription Drugs from a Retail Network Pharmacy</p> <p>Benefits are provided for outpatient Prescription Drug Products dispensed by a retail Network Pharmacy. The following supply limits apply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As written by the provider, up to a consecutive 31-day supply of a Prescription Drug Product, unless adjusted based on the drug manufacturer's packaging size, or based on supply limits. <p>The Annual Network Deductible applies to all Covered Health Services provided under the Plan, including Network Covered Health Services provided under the Prescription Drug Plan.</p> <p>(Please Note: For covered prescription drug products dispensed from a Network pharmacy without your ID card same rules apply for reimbursement.)</p> <p>*The family deductible amount must be met, before eligible benefits are paid for any one family member. If applicable, any one family member can have more than the employee/single deductible applied. The deductible may be satisfied cumulatively</p>	<p>Coverage up to 31-day supply:</p> <p>20% after satisfying the \$1,200/\$2,400 deductible \$10 minimum / \$100 maximum per prescription</p> <p>Active:</p> <p><u>Network</u></p> <p>Plan Level Employee Deductible-\$1,200 Plan Level Employee & Spouse or Employee & Child(ren)-\$2,400* Plan Level Employee, Child(ren) & Spouse Deductible-\$2,400*</p> <p>Retiree:</p> <p><u>Network</u></p> <p>Plan Level Single Deductible-\$1,200 Plan Level Family Deductible-\$2,400</p> <p>Medical and RX deductibles and out-of-pockets are combined.</p> <p>* The total annual deductible amount must be met for Employee & Child(ren), Employee & Spouse or Employee, Spouse & Child(ren) for Active and Plan level Family for Retirees before co-insurance for Prescription Drug Cost will apply.</p>

Maintenance Prescription Drugs from a Retail Network Pharmacy

Maintenance Prescription Drug products are medications taken on an ongoing basis for the treatment of chronic conditions such as diabetes, asthma or high blood pressure. You may obtain up to a 90-day supply if your physician writes a prescription for a 90 day supply (for example if you take 2 tablets a day, your physician must write a prescription for a quantity of 180 tablets to be dispensed).

Maintenance medications include:

- Anti-Parkinson medications;
- Asthma medications that are taken orally, excluding inhalers;
- Cardiovascular medications for hypertension and heart disease;
- Diabetic medications;
- Estrogen and Progestin medication;
- Medications for the treatment of epilepsy;
- Medications for the treatment of multiple sclerosis;
- Oral Contraceptives and;
- Thyroid medications.

The Annual Network Deductible applies to all Covered Health Services provided under the Plan, including Network Covered Health Services provided under the Prescription Drug Plan.

Coverage up to 90-day supply:

20% after satisfying the \$1,200/\$2,400 deductible
\$30 minimum / \$300 maximum per prescription

Active:

Network

Plan Level Employee Deductible-\$1,200

Plan Level Employee & Spouse or Employee &
Child(ren)-\$2,400*

Plan Level Employee, Child(ren) & Spouse Deductible-
\$2,400*

Retiree:

Network

Plan Level Single Deductible-\$1,200

Plan Level Family Deductible-\$2,400*

Medical and RX deductibles and out-of-pockets are
combined.

* The total annual deductible amount must be met for
Employee & Child(ren), Employee & Spouse or
Employee, Spouse & Child(ren) for Active and Plan level
Family for Retirees before co-insurance for Prescription
Drug Cost will apply.

Section 2: What's Not Covered-- Exclusions

Exclusions from coverage listed in the Summary Plan Description apply also to this Rider. In addition, the following exclusions apply:

1. Outpatient Prescription Drug Products obtained from a Non-Network Pharmacy.
2. Coverage for Prescription Drug Products for the amount dispensed (days' supply or quantity limit) which exceeds the supply limit.
3. Drugs which are prescribed, dispensed or intended for use while you are an inpatient in a Hospital, Skilled Nursing Facility, or Alternate Facility.
4. Experimental, Investigational or Unproven Services and medications; medications used for experimental indications and/or dosage regimens determined by UnitedHealthcare to be experimental, investigational or unproven.
5. Prescription Drug Products furnished by the local, state or federal government. Any Prescription Drug Product to the extent payment or benefits are provided or available from the local, state or federal government (for example, Medicare) whether or not payment or benefits are received, except as otherwise provided by law.
6. Prescription Drug Products for any condition, Injury, Sickness or mental illness arising out of, or in the course of, employment for which benefits are available under any workers' compensation law or other similar laws, whether or not a claim for such benefits is made or payment or benefits are received.
7. Any product dispensed for the purpose of appetite suppression and other weight loss products.
8. An injectable medication Prescription Drug Product (including, but not limited to, immunizations and allergy serum) which, due to its characteristics as determined by UnitedHealthcare, must typically be administered or supervised by a qualified provider or licensed/certified health professional in an outpatient setting. This exclusion does not apply to Gardasil and Zostavax vaccines and self-administered injectable medications covered through your pharmacy benefit plan.
9. Administration fees and/or charges for the administration of an injectable Prescription Drug Product.
10. The cost of labor and/ additional charges for compounding prescriptions excluding contractual dispensing fees that pharmacies charge.
11. Durable Medical Equipment. Prescribed and non-prescribed outpatient supplies, other than the diabetic supplies and inhaler spacers specifically stated as covered.
12. General vitamins, except the following which require a prescription: prenatal vitamins, vitamins with fluoride, and single entity vitamins.
13. Medications used for cosmetic purposes.
14. Prescription Drug Products, including New Prescription Drug Products or new dosage forms that are determined to not be a Covered Health Service.

15. Prescription Drug Products as a replacement for a previously dispensed Prescription Drug Product that was lost, stolen, broken or destroyed.
16. Prescription Drug Products when prescribed to treat infertility.
17. Prescription Drug Products for smoking cessation.
18. Compounded drugs that do not contain at least one ingredient that requires a prescription.
19. Drugs available over-the-counter that do not require a prescription by federal or state law before being dispensed. Any Prescription Drug Product that is therapeutically equivalent to an over-the-counter drug. Prescription Drug Products that are comprised of components that are available in over-the-counter form or equivalent.
20. New Prescription Drug Products and/or new dosage forms until the date they are reviewed by UnitedHealthcare's Prescription Management Committee.
21. Mail Order Drugs.
22. Yohimbine.
23. Mifeprex.
24. Blood or blood plasma products.

Section 3: Glossary of Defined Terms

This section:

- Defines the terms used throughout this Rider. Other defined terms used throughout this Rider can be found in Section 11: Glossary of Defined Terms of your Summary Plan Description.
- Is not intended to describe Benefits.

Brand-name - a Prescription Drug Product: (1) which is manufactured and marketed under a trademark or name by a specific drug manufacturer; or (2) that UnitedHealthcare identifies as a Brand-name product, based on available data resources including, but not limited to, First DataBank, that classify drugs as either brand or generic based on a number of factors. You should know that all products identified as a "brand name" by the manufacturer, pharmacy, or your Physician may not be classified as Brand-name by UnitedHealthcare.

Designated Pharmacy - a pharmacy that has entered into an agreement on behalf of the pharmacy with UnitedHealthcare or with an organization contracting on its behalf, to provide specific Prescription Drug Products. The fact that a pharmacy is a Network Pharmacy does not mean that it is a Designated Pharmacy.

Generic - a Prescription Drug Product: (1) that is chemically equivalent to a Brand-name drug; or (2) that UnitedHealthcare identifies as a Generic product based on available data resources including, but not limited to, First DataBank, that classify drugs as either brand or generic based on a number of factors. You should know that all products identified as a "generic" by the manufacturer, pharmacy or your Physician may not be classified as a Generic by UnitedHealthcare.

Network Pharmacy - a pharmacy that has:

- Entered into an agreement with UnitedHealthcare or its designee to provide Prescription Drug Products to Covered Persons.
- Agreed to accept specified reimbursement rates for dispensing Prescription Drug Products.
- Been designated by UnitedHealthcare as a Network Pharmacy.

New Prescription Drug Product - a Prescription Drug Product or new dosage form of a previously approved Prescription Drug Product, for the period of time starting on the date the Prescription Drug Product or new dosage form is approved by the FDA, and ending on the earlier of the following date December 31st of the following Plan year.

Prescription Drug Cost - the rate we have agreed to pay our Network Pharmacies, including a dispensing fee and any sales tax, for a Prescription Drug Product dispensed at a Network Pharmacy.

Prescription Drug Product - a medication, product or device that has been approved by the Food and Drug Administration and that can, under federal or state law, be dispensed only pursuant to a Prescription. A Prescription Drug Product includes a medication that, due to its characteristics, is appropriate for self-administration or administration by a non-skilled caregiver. For the purpose of Benefits under the Plan, this definition includes:

- Inhalers (with spacers).
- Insulin.
- The following diabetic supplies:
 - standard insulin syringes with needles;
 - blood-testing strips - glucose;
 - urine-testing strips - glucose;
 - ketone-testing strips and tablets;
 - lancets and lancet devices;
 - glucose monitors.

Usual and Customary Charge - the amount that a pharmacist would charge a cash-paying customer for a prescription.

- End of Outpatient Prescription Drug Rider -

Section 4: Frequently Asked Questions

This section:

- Help you understand your medication choices and make informed decisions..
- Help you understand which questions to ask your doctor or pharmacist.

What is a Prescription Drug List (PDL)?

A PDL is a list of Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved brand name and generic medications.

The UHC Prescription Drug List (PDL) is one way you can find out the tier status and specific rules linked to your medication. The PDL lists the most commonly prescribed medications for certain conditions.

The PDL offers a wide choice of brand name and generic medications that are reviewed by doctors and pharmacists on our National Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee. The list is updated to reflect decisions based on new medical evidence and information. Additionally, the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approves all medications, including generics, which means you can be confident that whatever medication you choose, it meets the strict guidelines set by the FDA.

Your UnitedHealthcare pharmacy benefit provides coverage for a comprehensive selection of prescription medications. You can check which medications are on which tiers at www.myuhc.com. You and your doctor may refer to this list to consider prescription medication choices and select the appropriate medication to meet your needs.

Understanding Tiers

Prescription medications are categorized within three tiers. Each tier is assigned a coinsurance, the amount you pay when you fill a prescription, which is determined by your health plan. Consult your benefit plan documents to find out the specific coinsurance that are part of your plan. You and your doctor decide which medication is appropriate for you.

Tier 1 Your Lowest-Cost Option	Tier 2 Your Midrange-Cost Option	Tier 3 Your Highest-Cost Option
Tier 1 medications are your lowest coinsurance option. For the lowest out-of-pocket expense, always consider Tier 1 medications if you and your doctor decide they are right for your treatment.	Tier 2 medications are your middle coinsurance option.	Tier 3 medications are your highest coinsurance option. If you are currently taking a medication in Tier 3, ask your doctor whether there are lower-cost Tier 1 or Tier 2 medications that may be right for your treatment.

Note: Compounded medications are medications with one or more ingredients that are prepared “on-site” by a pharmacist. These are classified at the Tier 3 level.

Compounded medications, medications with one or more ingredients that are prepared “on-site” by a pharmacist, are classified at the Tier 3 level.

What factors are looked at when making tier placement decisions and who decides which medications get placed in which tier?

Several factors are considered when deciding the placement of a medication on the UHC Prescription Drug List including the medication's classification. Several committees contribute and evaluate the overall value of the medication to ensure an unbiased approach. Committee members are various health care professionals including pharmacists and physicians with a broad range of specialties.

The two main committees are:

Our National Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) Committee evaluates clinical evidence in order to determine a medication's role in therapy and its overall clinical value. In addition, the P&T Committee reviews the relative safety and efficacy of the medication.

The UnitedHealthcare PDL Management Committee evaluates the clinical recommendations of the P&T committee as well as pharmacoeconomic and economic information. Once a medication's clinical, pharmacoeconomic and economic value is established, our PDL Management Committee makes a tier placement decision based on the overall value of the medication.

The PDL Management Committee helps to ensure access to a wide range of affordable medications for you.

How often will prescription medications change tiers?

Medications may move to a higher tier one time per calendar year on January 1. Additionally, when a brand name medication becomes available as a generic, the tier status of the brand name medication and its corresponding generic will be evaluated. When a medication changes tiers, you may be required to pay more or less for that medication. These changes may occur without prior notice to you. For the most current information on your pharmacy coverage, please call our Customer Care number on your ID card or through the Internet at www.welcometouhc.com/shbp or log on www.myuhc.com. What is the difference between brand name and generic medications?

Generic medications contain the same active ingredients as brand name medications, but they often cost less. Generic medications become available after the patent on the brand name medication expires. At that time, other companies are permitted to manufacture an FDA-approved, chemically equivalent medication. Many companies that make brand name medications also produce and market generic medications.

The next time your doctor gives you a prescription for a brand name medication, ask if a generic equivalent is available and if it might be appropriate for you. While there are exceptions, generic medications are usually your lowest cost option. Please note that some generic medications may be in Tier 2 or Tier 3 and will not have the lowest coinsurance available under your pharmacy benefit plan. Go to www.welcometouhc.com/shbp or log on www.myuhc.com to determine the coinsurance for your generic medication.

Why is the medication that I am currently taking no longer covered?

Medications may be excluded from coverage under your pharmacy benefit. For example, a prescription medication may be excluded from coverage when it is therapeutically equivalent to an over-the-counter medication. For possible coverage alternatives, please call the Customer Care number on your ID card.

When should I consider discussing over-the-counter or non-prescription medications with my doctor?

An over-the-counter medication can be an appropriate treatment for many conditions. Consult your doctor about over-the-counter alternatives to treat your condition. These medications are not covered under your pharmacy benefit, but they may cost less than your out-of-pocket expense for prescription medications.

What is a maintenance medication program?

Maintenance Prescription Drug products are medications taken on an ongoing basis for the treatment of chronic conditions such as diabetes, asthma or high blood pressure. Maintenance medications are those prescribed medications that a member may obtain for a period of up to 90 days.

You may obtain up to a 90-day supply if your physician writes a prescription for a 90 day supply (for example if you take 2 tablets a day, your physician must write a prescription for a quantity of 180 tablets to be dispensed).

Please call the Customer Care number if you have specific questions regarding whether or not a medication is covered as a maintenance medication.

Certain medications have been categorized as maintenance medications.

What maintenance medications are included in the maintenance medication program?

Maintenance medications include, but are not limited to:

- Anti-Parkinson medications;
- Asthma medications that are taken orally, excluding inhalers;
- Cardiovascular medications for hypertension and heart disease;
- Diabetic medications;

- Estrogen and Progestin medication;
- Medications for the treatment of epilepsy;
- Medications for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
- Oral Contraceptives and;
- Thyroid medications.

Please call our Customer Care number on your ID card if you have specific questions regarding whether or not a medication is covered as a maintenance medication.

What are the Supply Limit (SL) programs?

The Supply Limits (SL) program defines the maximum quantity of medication that can be dispensed per coinsurance (Quantity Level Limit or QLL) or specified timeframe (Quantity Duration or QD.. Supply Limits are based upon the manufacturer's package size, dosing recommendations or guidelines that are included in the FDA labeling, and medical literature and guidelines.

How do the Supply Limit (SL) programs work?

If your prescription exceeds the supply limit, your pharmacist will be notified of the quantity covered for coinsurance. You will have the following options:

- Accept the established quantity limit
- Pay additional out-of-pocket costs or coinsurance for amounts that exceed the quantity limits (as appropriate)
- Discuss alternatives with your doctor before deciding whether to fill the prescription
- Request coverage authorization for the additional amounts through the coverage review process (when available)

What is the Notification program?

Notification (also known as prior authorization or coverage review) is a set of clinical rules designed to support the pharmacy benefit at the time the prescription is dispensed. Applied to a very limited number of medications, Notification requires your doctor to provide additional information to determine whether the use of the medication is covered by your pharmacy benefit and to ensure appropriate use.

How does the Notification program work?

If your medication is included in a Notification program, your pharmacy is sent a message on the computer system with instructions to have your doctor call a toll-free number to get approval for the prescription. Some pharmacists will contact your doctor while others may request you do so. Your doctor will provide UnitedHealthcare with information to determine if the prescription meets the coverage conditions of your pharmacy benefit. We will review the information and approve or deny coverage. We will send letters to you and your doctor explaining the decision and providing instructions on how to appeal if you so desire.

What should I do if I use a self-administered injectable medication?

You may have coverage for self-administered injectable medications through your pharmacy benefit plan or under your medical benefits.

Please call our Customer Care number on your ID card to determine whether or not a medication is covered as a self-administered injectable under your pharmacy or medical benefits.

How do I obtain a supply of my medications before I go on vacation?

Each plan year (calendar year), you are allowed to obtain up to a 6 months supply for each prescription to take on vacation.

If you would like to obtain a supply of medication prior to leaving for your vacation, you will need to inform your local network pharmacist. Your pharmacist should know how to process your vacation request however if not please have your pharmacist contact the Medco pharmacy helpdesk at 800-922-1557.

You may also locate a network pharmacy at your vacation destination by calling the Customer Care number on your ID card or through the Internet at www.welcometouhc.com/shbp or log on www.myuhc.com.

How do I access updated information about my pharmacy benefit?

Since the PDL may change periodically, we encourage you to log on www.myuhc.com or visit www.welcometouhc.com/shbp or please call our Customer Care on your ID card for more current information.

Log on to www.myuhc.com for the following pharmacy resources and tools:

- Pharmacy benefit and coverage information
- Specific coinsurance amounts for prescription medications
- Possible lower-cost medication alternatives
- A list of medications based on a specific medical condition
- Medication interactions and side effects, etc.
- Locate a participating retail pharmacy by zip code
- Review your prescription history

What if I still have questions?

Please call our Customer Care on your ID card. Representatives are available to assist you 24 hours a day, except Thanksgiving and Christmas.

Attachment I

Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998

As required by the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, we provide Benefits under the Plan for mastectomy, including reconstruction and surgery to achieve symmetry between the breasts, prostheses, and complications resulting from a mastectomy (including lymphedema).

If you are receiving Benefits in connection with a mastectomy, Benefits are also provided for the following Covered Health Services, as you determine appropriate with your attending Physician:

- All stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed;
- Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance; and
- Prostheses and treatment of physical complications of the mastectomy, including lymphedema.

The amount you must pay for such Covered Health Services (including Coinsurance and any Annual Deductible) are the same as are required for any other Covered Health Service. Limitations on Benefits are the same as for any other Covered Health Service.

Statement of Rights under the Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act

Under Federal law, group health Plans and health insurance issuers offering group health insurance coverage generally may not restrict Benefits for any Hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a delivery by cesarean section. However, the Plan or issuer may pay for a shorter stay if the attending provider (e.g., your physician, nurse midwife, or physician assistant), after consultation with the mother, discharges the mother or newborn earlier.

Also, under Federal law, plans and issuers may not set the level of Benefits or out-of-pocket costs so that any later portion of the 48-hour (or 96-hour) stay is treated in a manner less favorable to the mother or newborn than any earlier portion of the stay.

In addition, a plan or issuer may not, under Federal law, require that a physician or other health care provider obtain authorization for prescribing a length of stay of up to 48 hours (or 96 hours). However, to use certain providers or facilities, or to reduce your out-of-pocket costs, you may be required to obtain precertification. For information on precertification, contact your issuer.

